U.S. Customs and Border Protection



Enforcement Systems Branch

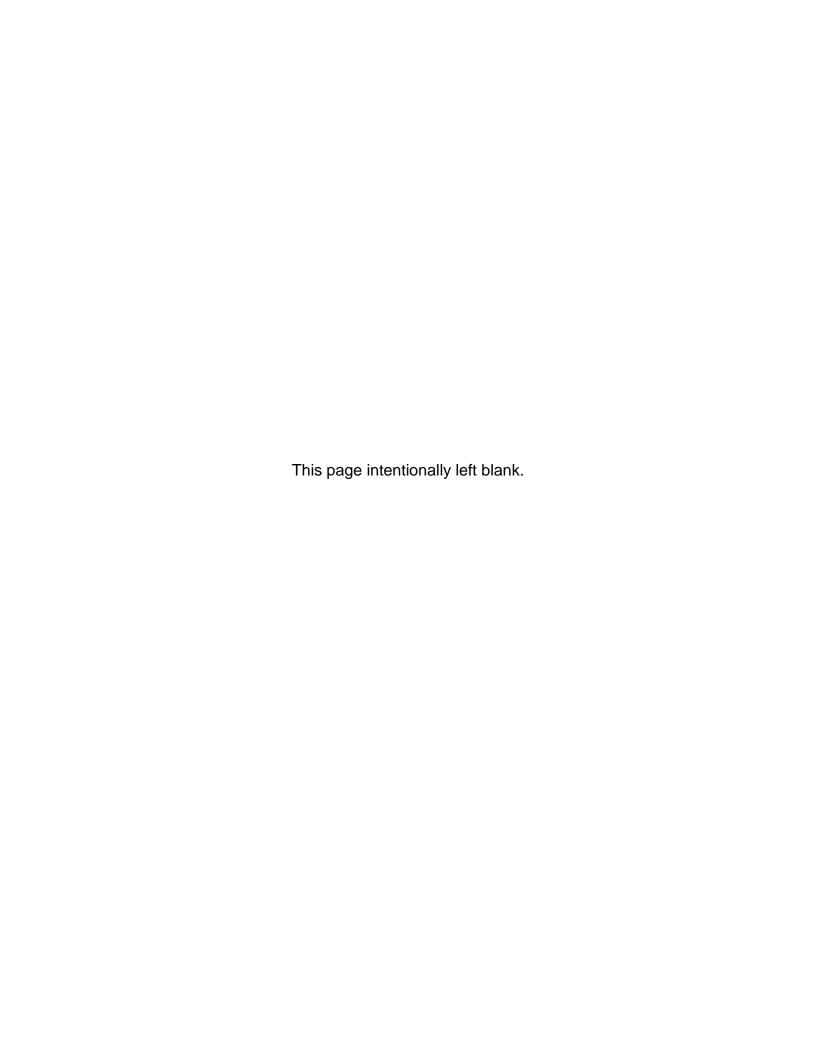
Message Implementation Guideline for Airlines UN/EDIFACT PAXLST/CUSRES Message Sets v4.2

Please Note:

Key changes to this document since version 4.1 are flagged using red text.

September 6, 2016

Document Number: 2099001-UN-IMPLEMENTATION-GUIDE-4.2



Executive Summary

Background

This document is based on the World Customs Organization (WCO) / International Air Transport Association (IATA)/International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) Advanced Passenger Information Guidelines, with Department of Homeland Security (DHS) additions, and contains the technical guidelines for aircraft operators to follow in the preparation and transmission of the passenger/crew manifest data for processing by DHS. The technical guidelines are based on the DHS Consolidated User Guide (CUG) for APIS Pre-Departure and Secure Flight.

A standard data format known as United Nations/Electronic Data Interchange for Administration, Commerce, and Trade (UN/EDIFACT) was adopted by the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE). A version of the UN/EDIFACT Passenger List Message (PAXLST) set has been codified by WCO and IATA for worldwide use by all scheduled aircraft operators and border control authorities. Additional PAXLST segments, data elements, and code values have been defined by DHS as necessary to meet the requirements of U.S. regulations.

Note:

All examples in this document are fictional. There is no implication that any aircraft operators operate flights with the numbers shown or fly these routes. Any resemblance to real people, their documents or itineraries, or any personal details, is strictly coincidental.

Revision History

Date	Document ID Number	Description of Revisions	Location in Document
9/6/2016	2099001-UN- Implementation Guide - 4.2	 Amended AHN Qualifier Element ID Crew messages can be sent via AQQ and the DHS Router Updated Guidance for the EVUS Program to include additional response codes and explanations; changes are tracked in red text Please note: Some text within Appendix B, Section B.23 is marked red and green to provide clear guidance in the examples. 	 Sect. 8.12.1 10.12.1 Page 7 Sect 1.5 Sect 8.11 Sect 8.11.2 Sect 10.11.2 Table 13 Appendex B - Table 14 B.7B.7.1 International -to-Domestic (Inbound Flight-EVUS Status/DV Status Check)
7/16/2015 & 9/29/2014	2099001-UN- Implementation Guide - 4.1	Updated guidance for the Document Validation program to include additional response codes	Sect 1.5Sect 2Sect 2.9

Date	Document ID Number	Description of Revisions	Location in Document
		and explanations; changes are tracked in red and green text	 Sect 3 Sect 6.12.1 Sect 6.12.2 Sect 6.22 Sect 6.22.2 Sect 8.11 Sect 8.11.2 Sect 10.11.2 Tables 3, 12, 13 Appendex A - A.5 Group 5 - Documents Appendex B - Table 14 Appendex B B.6. International -to-Domestic (Inbound Flight-ESTA Status/DV status check)
07/30/2013	2099001-UN- Implementation Guide – 4.0	Updated guidance for reporting Gender	 Tables 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 Sect 6.13.2
		Incorporated guidance related to reporting Known Traveler information	 Tables 3, 5, 6, 7, 8 Sect 6.21 Sect 6.21.2 PAXLST Samples in Appendix B
		 Included four new ESTA (Document Status) codes that are to be generated by CBP. 	 Sect 8.11.2 Sect 10.11.2 Appendix B – Table 14
		Table and Section references updated to assure consistence.	Whole document
05/07/2012	2099001-UN- Implementation Guide – 3.7	Removed sentence "The response to this message from AQQ will be in the form of a DHS general response."	Sect 1.5 – Flight Close- out
		Added clarifying sentences for unsolicited messages	• Sect 1.9
		Removed data element "Boarding Pass Issue Status"	Table 3
		 Clarified the condition that the only travel document type for a Gate 	Table 8

Date	Document ID Number	Description of Revisions	Location in Document
		Pass is a passport • Added data elements "Boarding Pass Printing Result", "ESTA Status", and 'Special Information"	Table 13
02/02/2012	2099001-UN- Implementation Guide – 3.6	Included instructional guidance for reporting Passenger Data for Overflights.	Sect 1.5 Sect 6.9.2 Sect 6.10.2 Sect 8.8.2 Tables 3 and 5 Added Overflight example in Appendix B.10
12/21/2010	2099001-UN- Implementation	Updated dates, format, and version	Entire Document
	Guide – 3.5	Added word "flights"	Sect 6.5.2 for Crew Reporting
		Edited to Overflight reporting requirement for "Crew Only"	• Sect 6.10.2
		Corrected delimitation syntax in EDI examples	Whole Document
		 Included word "flights" for Overflight labels 	• Table 19
		Clarified language about absent crew manifests	• Page 239
		Updated appendix reference	• Page 240
		 Added 'Flights' to Sections D.3.5 and D.3.6 labels 	• Sect D.3.5 and D.3.6
		Clarified example	• Sect D.3.6
		Updated referenced table and example references	• Sect D.3.9 Sect D.3.10
03/26/2009	2099001-UN- Implementation Guide – 3.4	Updated to remove "Official Use Only" designation	Whole Document
		 Identified RFF Segment (Level 0) on the PAXLST as Mandatory for Secure Flight 	• Section 6.6
		 Updated UN/EDIFACT PAXLST Data Items Table 3 removing PNR related data elements 	Section 2

Date	Document ID Number	Description of Revisions	Location in Document
		 Additional guidance included to clarify rules for reporting NAMES on the PAXLST NAD Segment. Included additional guidance for reporting Crew/Non-Crew messages to APIS. 	Section 6.12Whole Document
		 Included guidance for reporting Crew overflights. 	Whole document
		 Reapplied guidance identifying Change Flight / Non-Qualified messages supported by Secure Flight only. 	Whole document
		 Added Non-Immigrant Visa Document 	Whole document
		Updated the travel document type data element edits/rules	• Table 3
		Updated Beginning of message - document name code format/values	Table 4
		Updated the characteristics section.	• Figure 6
		Updated sample images and usage guidelines	• Section 6.5.2
		Updated mandatory and optional elements	• Section 6.6
		Updated reporting for overflights to include both passengers and crew.	• 6.10.2
		Updated notes section	• 6.12
		Updated reference values	• B.7
		 Updated Coding rules for group 3 - flight itinerary 	• D.1.2
11/13/2009	2099001-UN- Implementation Guide – 3.3	Updated Gate Pass Request example to include 'LOC+91+USA'	Section B.11
08/18/2009	2099001-UN- Implementation Guide – 3.2	Updated the following guidance under 'Passenger / Crew Reporting' regarding updates to APIS data or to receive a new ESTA status	Section 1.5

Date	Document ID Number	Description of Revisions	Location in Document
		Updated Reduction In Party reference	Section 1.5
		 Updated guidance for Change Passenger Data regarding submission to receive a new ESTA status. 	Section 1.5
		 Updated RFF+AF+ to now read RFF+AF: 	Whole document
		Updated Known Traveler tag to 'CR'	• Section 2 - Table 3
		Updated guidance for BGM+745' (submission of new passenger or to obtain new ESTA status) and BGM+745+CP' (submission to obtain new ESTA status)	• Section 6.5.2
		 Updated Max Group Occurs from '10' to '11' in Segment Group 3 	• Section 9 – Figure 11
		 Gate Pass Response example updated to include retuning the Flight Number and Airport Location code. 	Section B.11.1
		 Updated example DHS response to a Non-Qualified Change message (i.e. Change Flight). Removed passenger vetting results from the example. 	Section B.13.1
		Updated example DHS response to Reduction in Party message. Removed passenger vetting results.	Section B.14.1
		Updated example DHS response to a Cancel Flight message. Removed passenger vetting results from example	Section B.15.1
		Updated Passenger Name Record Locator definition to read 'Unique' instead of 'default'	Whole document
05/29/2009	2099001-UN- Implementation	Increase version number to align with Parts 1-3.	Whole Document
00/00/0000	Guide – 3.1	Revised Change Itinerary reference	• Section 1.5
02/23/2009	2099001-UN- Implementation-	 Identify BOTH Unique Passenger Reference identifier AND 	Whole Document

Date	Document ID Number	Description of Revisions	Location in Document
	Guide- 3.0	Passenger Name Record Locator as MANDATORY under new rules contained in the Secure Flight Final Rule (Oct 2008).	
		 Increase version number to align with Parts 1-3. 	Whole Document
		 Formatted the NAME example in Section 6.12, so it can be seen on the same page. 	• Section 6.12
10/02/2008	2099001-UN- Implementation- Guide- 2.04	Corrected sample PAXLST image.	Appendix B.3
07/21/2008	2099001-UN- Implementation- Guide- 2.03	Introduced information concerning the Visa Waiver Program and Electronic System for Travel Authorization (ESTA) Interim Final Rule.	Section 10, Appendix B.15, B.16
		 Included clarification concerning the submission and processing of Crew and Master Crew Lists. 	• Section 1.5
		 Include guidance concerning the value contained within the UNB, UNG, UNH control numbers (DE's 0020, 0048, 0062) that are echoed back to carrier on the CUSRES (PAXLST response) message. 	• Sections 8.2.2, 8.3.2, 8.4.2
03/31/2008	2099001-UN- Implementation- Guide- 2.02	Included statement regarding need for Air Carrier to properly code the PAXLST message to alert DHS systems to the appropriate routing of the data to APD or Secure Flight.	Section 1.2
		 Included guidance: "All passengers identified on a PAXLST message share the same reported itinerary." 	• Section 5
02/01/2008	2099001-UN- Implementation- Guide- 2.01	Changed all references to 'DHS' within the context of the PAXLST and CUSRES UNB/UNG header segments to read 'USADHS' (or USADHSTEST for Test messages).	Whole Document
		 Removed all leading zeros from the 'sequence numbers' appearing in the sample EDIFACT images. 	Appendices

Date	Document ID Number	Description of Revisions	Location in Document
		Assigned specific codes for individual reporting of NEXUS and SENTRI travel documents.	Appendix Sect. 10.13.2
		 Included new code 'E' to list of optional acknowledgments from Aircraft Operator in response to unsolicited response message. 	• Section 8.12.2
		Remove use of FTX code value 'AAO' for this implementation.	• Figure 6
		Moved 'Bag Tag' reporting from segment group 4 RFF segment to segment group 4 FTX segment.	• Section 6
		 Updates to include FTX segment in segment group 4. 	• Section 6.20
		Changed Max Use for RFF segment on PAXLST to 9 occurs.	Appendix B Section 6.5.2
		 Identified message types and examples as supported by either AQQ or Secure Flight. 	Appendix B.21
		Clarification note to indicate optional nature of TRN, and TSA Secure Flight (only) support for the message sequence number.	Section 6.6.2 Appendix B.21
		 Included guidance for content of TRN. 	• Section 6.6
		Change 'Unique Passenger Reference number' to 'Unique Passenger Reference identifier'.	 Appendix B.22 Section 6.21 Section 6.21.2
		 Included guidance for content of Unique Passenger Reference (UPR) identifier. 	• Sections 5,6,7,8,9,10
		Removed all references to 'United Airlines' in the message samples.	Appendix B.10
		 Included DE 0068 and 0070 on UNH Segment description for CUSRES DRM response message 	• Sections 8.4.1, 8.4.2
		 Included guidance limiting transmissions to DHS to include 	Section 1.6

Date	Document ID Number	Description of Revisions	Location in Document
		 only one single instance of a PAXLST or CUSRES message. Updated allowable maximum message payload length for SITA or ARINC transmissions from 32k to 64k. 	Section 1.6
		Re-labeled and rewrote entire sections.	• Sections 1.4 – 1.12
		 Updated CUSRES segment mapping discrepancies 	Table 13
		 Included guidance regarding the optional use of the Common Access Reference (CAR) on the UNH segment. 	• Section #.21
		 Removed use of the GEI segment for identifying 'Change Passenger' indicator 	• Section 6.15
		Removed reference to support of the MQ Msg ID attribute.	Section 1.8
		 Corrected reference for Cancel Flight message 'supported by Secure Flight'. Changed to "AQQ only". Also, updated sample images of Cancel Flight message and updated image of DHS response message. 	Appendix B.16
		Applied syntactical and editorial modifications.	Whole Document
08/23/2007	2099001-UN- Implementation- Guide-1.10	Original Document – Rewritten from previous versions to incorporate Pre-Departure Final Rule specifications.	Whole Document

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1. Introduction

The purpose of this manual is to provide guidelines to aircraft operators for the preparation and transfer of manifest data using UN/EDIFACT PAXLST and CUSRES format. These implementation guidelines identify the technical requirements of DHS for collecting passenger and crew data from aircraft operators flying with domestic and international nexus.

1.1 UN/EDIFACT Message Format

In 2002, a standard Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) message set was approved for use by the United Nations/Electronic Data Interchange for Administration, Commerce, and Trade (UN/EDIFACT) under the auspices of the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UN/ECE). The World Customs Organization (WCO) and the International Air Transport Association (IATA) adopted the Passenger List (PAXLST) message set for use by all scheduled aircraft operators for the transmission of passenger and crew data to border control authorities. This UN/EDIFACT PAXLST and CUSRES Message Set documentation identifies the format and syntax rules that scheduled aircraft operators must follow in transmitting data to the appropriate authorities in the United States.

DHS found it necessary to extend the WCO/IATA standard PAXLST to meet certain legislative and regulatory requirements that are currently unique to the U.S. However, every effort was made to conform to the overall UN/EDIFACT PAXLST standard. The extensions use standard UN/EDIFACT segments and data elements, as well as private code sets in certain segments where they are allowed.

In addition to the PAXLST standard message set, the UN/EDIFACT CUSRES (Customs Response) message is used in this implementation. The CUSRES message is used as a DHS response message returned to the aircraft operator in response to a PAXLST. The DHS CUSRES Response message provides the aircraft operator the results of the passenger screening and vetting conducted by DHS systems. No extensions to the UN/EDIFACT standard CUSRES message were necessary for this implementation.

1.2 Messaging between DHS and the Aircraft Operator

The exchange of EDI messages between the aircraft operator and DHS primarily involves two explicit UN/EDIFACT message sets indicative of the typical request / response message process flow. Additionally, DHS may send an unsolicited message in a separate messaging process, to alert the aircraft operator of a change in airworthiness status for a previously vetted passenger.

Passenger Clearance Request and DHS Response Messages

The message from the aircraft operator requesting passenger clearance will be the form of the UN/EDIFACT PAXLST message. DHS will use the information received in this message to clear each passenger identified in the message against the DHS watch list.

Note: Aircraft operators using the UN/EDIFACT format to submit data to DHS as required by APIS Pre-Departure and/or Secure Flight Passenger Data (SFPD) *must* properly code each PAXLST submission to indicate whether the submission is to be routed to APIS Pre-Departure or Secure Flight. (Refer to Sections 5 and 6 for the technical message specifications for the PAXLST).

The DHS response message returned to the aircraft operator will appear as a UN/EDIFACT CUSRES message. This message will identify the airworthiness status of each passenger identified in the PAXLST message sent to DHS. (Refer to Sections 7 and 8 for the technical message specifications for the CUSRES).

DHS Unsolicited Message

Updates to the DHS passenger watch list involving passengers previously vetted through the above processes, will result in DHS sending a notice to the aircraft operator identifying such passenger status change. This message will appear as a uniquely identified version of the UN/EDIFACT CUSRES message. This message will identify the new status as applied to the specific passenger identified in the CUSRES message. (Refer to Sections 7 and 8 for the technical message specifications for the CUSRES).

All DHS Unsolicited messages will require an aircraft operator acknowledgement response, regardless of the vetting result of the indicated passenger. The acknowledgement message returned to DHS in this case will be a unique version of the UN/EDIFACT CUSRES message. (Refer to Sections 9 and 10 for the technical message specifications for this CUSRES).

1.3 General Notes for this Guide

- This document is intended to be a technical guide for explaining the UN/EDIFACT PAXLST and CUSRES syntax as implemented by DHS. Some data elements marked as "conditional" under the PAXLST may be mandatory under certain regulations. This guide does <u>not</u> attempt to explain all of the situations in which various conditional elements must be present, and it should not be seen as a substitute for DHS laws and regulations. The DHS Consolidated User Guide (CUG) contains reporting requirements. Every attempt has been made to ensure this guide conforms to those reporting requirements, but in all cases, the DHS laws and regulations take priority over the contents of this guide.
- Frequently, the word "person" or "traveler" is used when an explanation applies equally to either a passenger or a crew member.

- Unless otherwise noted, "crew" also refers to "non-crew". The terms are roughly defined as follows:
 - A "crew" member is defined as a pilot, copilot, flight engineer, airline management personnel authorized to travel in the cockpit, cabin crew, or relief crew member.
 - A "non-crew" member is defined as an aircraft operator employee or family member, or person traveling onboard a commercial aircraft for the safety of the flight (e.g., an animal handler). Note the non-crew definition only applies to all-cargo flights – these travelers should be reported as "passengers" on passenger or mixed passenger/cargo flights.

1.4 Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) Standard Messaging - UN/EDIFACT

DHS supports two distinct UN/EDIFACT standard messages for electronic information exchange with aircraft operators for program compliance. The PAXLST standard message is used primarily for reporting of passenger and crew information. The CUSRES standard message is primarily used as a response to the PAXLST to report the vetting status of passengers. Tables 1 and 2 below identify uses of the specific messages. Technical details concerning message layouts are further described throughout this document.

Table 1 Aircraft Operator-Initiated Messages

Message Type	UN/EDIFACT Message
Passenger Reservation Data	PAXLST
Flight Crew Manifest	PAXLST
Master Crew List	PAXLST
Flight Close-out	PAXLST
Carrier Acknowledgement of Unsolicited message	CUSRES

Table 2 DHS-initiated Response Messages

Message Type	UN/EDIFACT Message
DHS Response Message	CUSRES
DHS Unsolicited Message	CUSRES

1.5 Functional Uses for the UN/EDIFACT PAXLST Message Set

The PAXLST message is used in this implementation to support a number of critical information reporting functional requirements. These include:

- Passenger Reporting (Clearance Requests, Overflights)
- Crew/Master Crew Reporting (Updates, Additions, Deletes APIS only)
- Cancel Reservation
- Reduction in Party
- Change Passenger Data (Updates, Additions)
- Cancel Flight (CBP AQQ International Flights only)
- Flight Close-Out (CBP AQQ International Flights only)
- Gate Pass (TSA Secure Flight Domestic Flights only)
- Change Itinerary/Flight

Functional Reporting Rules

As indicated above, support for some of the functional uses of the PAXLST vary between the TSA Secure Flight program and the CBP AQQ Pre-Departure program. The unique functional support and processing rules for each program follows:

Passenger / Crew Reporting -

For Secure Flight (Domestic Flights) – Passengers Only – Any passenger information not previously received by Secure Flight will be included in a PAXLST message and submitted to Secure Flight. A passenger will be considered to be unique for a flight when the PNR locator and the Unique Passenger Reference identifiers do not match an existing record. The 'Change Passenger' function must be specifically implied (Refer to BGM segment detail Section 6.5.2) to update previously provided passenger information.

Note: The Secure Flight Final Rule requires covered foreign air carriers to submit Secure Flight Passenger Data (SFPD) for passengers 72 hours prior to scheduled departure on flights that overfly, but do not land in, the continental United States. This requirement does not apply to flights that overfly Alaska or Hawaii; flights between two airports or locations in the same country, where that country is Canada or Mexico (i.e., Canada-to-Canada or Mexico-to-Mexico); and flights that the Assistant Secretary of Homeland Security (TSA) designates in the Federal Register.

For **AQQ** (International Flights) – Passengers – Any passenger information not previously received by AQQ will be added to the flight manifest. An 'add' or 'update/change' function does not need to be specifically implied on the PAXLST.

A passenger will be identified as unique under either of the following circumstances:

- 1.) The Passenger Name Record Locator (PNR) and the Unique Passenger Reference identifiers do not match an existing record, or
- 2.) The Last Name + First Name + Date of Birth do not match an existing record, when a PNR is not provided.

DHS will recognize that a traveler record was previously reported (i.e., by exact Name / Date of Birth match), and replace the <u>entire</u> previous record with the new data.

Aircraft operators may resend the PAXLST message in order to update APIS data that was not previously provided, or to receive an updated ESTA status or other document status from DHS.

CBP's Document Validation (DV) program will compare carrier-submitted pre-departure manifest data to source document information held by CBP. DV is being developed and deployed through phases:

Phase 1 allows for the validation of visas (both immigrant and nonimmigrant).

Phase 2 will implement the use of the "Pending" status code, which will be utilized for visa revocations and other derogatory matches.

Phase 3 will implement the match to U.S. passports.

Phase 4 and beyond will allow for the validation of Lawful Permanent Resident cards, Global Enrollment participants, and other criteria.

Note: CBP's Electronic Visa Update System (EVUS) program is designed to enhance border security in accordance with the bilateral arrangement with China to issue 10-year validity tourist and business visas. Beginning in November 2016, nationals of the People's Republic of China holding 10-year visas B1/B2, B1 and B2 visas will be required to complete an online form to update certain biographic information. An EVUS enrollment is valid for two years or until the traveler obtains a new passport, whichever comes first. Travelers will need to have a valid EVUS enrollment prior to traveling to the United States.

When carriers submit interactive APIS data to CBP, if the in-scope traveler has an EVUS on file, the system will return an "A" code to indicate there is an approved document on file and a boarding pass can be printed. If a traveler with a passport from China ("CHN") does not have an EVUS on file, the system will return the new code "E" to indicate there is no EVUS on file; the carrier should confirm that the data transmitted in APIS is complete and correct to ensure there were no data quality issues. If there were no APIS issues, the traveler will need to go to the EVUS website to submit an application to obtain a valid EVUS.

For carriers that have transitioned to Document Validation, the process will be more efficient, whereby the CBP system will also conduct a check for a valid visa on file for travelers that have a passport from China, but are not required to have an EVUS. Carriers that have not implemented Document Validation and receive an "E" (no EVUS on file) response will need to check the traveler's visa to determine whether or not an EVUS is required, based on the visa type, and whether the traveler has a 10-year visa prior to issuing a boarding pass.

This document has been updated to include programming for the EVUS program.

For Crew / Non-Crew -

AQQ can now be used as the submission method for reporting of crew information. Carriers will receive a CUSRES response message acknowledging receipt for the crew message submitted. The CUSRES will not include vetting results at this time. Reporting of crew information can also continue to be sent to APIS utilizing the non-interactive batch APIS submission method and format. Per normal, the aircraft operator, or submitter of the Crew/Non-Crew message to APIS will receive an e-mail confirmation of the crew submission.

In the event crew data is sent using the interactive function, vetting responses will not validate the crew member's standing on the aircraft operator's Master Crew List. This function is a separate requirement and must be maintained through normal Master Crew List updates.

Cancel Reservation -

AQQ and Secure Flight programs both support the Cancel Reservation function. The reservation to be cancelled must include the PNR locator and the Unique Passenger Reference. The complete originally provided itinerary must also be identified in this message. The DHS Response Message returned to the aircraft operator will contain a general response without vetting results.

Reduction in Party -

AQQ and Secure Flight programs both support the Reduction-in-Party function. This function removes a passenger from a multi-passenger PNR reservation. The PAXLST message would include only those passengers remaining on the booked travel under the PNR identifier. The complete originally provided itinerary must also be identified in this message. A DHS Response message acknowledging receipt of the message will be returned to the aircraft operator but will not contain passenger vetting results.

Change Passenger Data -

AQQ and Secure Flight programs both support the Change Passenger function. The Change Passenger Data function uses the data contained for the passenger(s) identified on the "CP" PAXLST message type and overlays the information previously presented for the passenger(s) whose data has changed. Change Passenger Data transmissions should only contain the information for the specific passenger that is to be changed. New vetting results will be returned on the DHS Response Message for all passengers identified on a Change Passenger message.

A previous passenger submission containing name and date of birth that is changed to include travel document information would be considered Change Passenger submission.

Aircraft operators may use a *Change Passenger* message to report passenger data updates, to provide additional passenger data required for APIS submission and/or to receive an updated ESTA status from DHS.

Cancel Flight -

For AQQ only – The complete originally provided itinerary must also be identified in this PAXLST message. No passenger data should be provided in this message. The DHS Response message returned to the aircraft operator will contain a general response without passenger vetting results.

Flight Close-Out-

For AQQ only - The Flight Close-Out message reports the total number of passengers who are on the flight. Additionally, this PAXLST message is used to report either (1) the identity of the passengers who are on the flight, or (2) the identity of the passengers who were previously reported to AQQ but did not board the flight. Passengers are identified with PNR locator and the Unique Passenger Reference. Passengers identified on a Flight Close-Out message will not be re-vetted. The DHS Response message returned to the aircraft operator will contain a general response without passenger vetting results.

Gate Pass -

For Secure Flight only – The Gate Pass PAXLST message is used to request access to the secure airport environment for a non-traveling party. Along with the full name and date of birth of the party seeking access, the aircraft operator must provide an assigned Unique Passenger Reference identifier and the PNR number of the accompanying traveler that uniquely identifies the party and will be returned in the DHS response message. The Gate Pass request message must also include the airport location code. A vetting result will be returned on the DHS Response Message for the party identified on a Gate Pass message.

Change Itinerary / Flight -

For Secure Flight <u>domestic only</u> – The Change Itinerary/Flight function alerts DHS to a change in flight number(s), origin, and/or destination airport(s), and/or scheduled departure(s) or arrival time(s) of a passenger(s) whose Secure Flight Passenger Data (SFPD) has been previously submitted. Secure Flight will update the passenger(s) records, but no passenger vetting will take place. A DHS Response message acknowledging receipt of the message will be returned to the aircraft operator but will not contain passenger vetting results.

NOTE: Aircraft operators submitting messages with an **international** change in itinerary/flight must submit a new Clear Passenger message.

1.6 Data Communications

1.6.1 Air Industry Networks

DHS currently supports receipt of transmissions through two air industry communications networks: Aeronautical Radio Incorporated (ARINC) and Societe Internationale de Telecommunications Aeronautique (SITA). Aircraft operators desiring to use either of these communication services should contact them directly for additional information and technical details.

These networks may have limits on the size of certain types of messages, which may require larger messages to be split into multiple "blocks." Refer to Section "1.7 Data Transmission Rules" below for instructions regarding the transmission of multiple "blocks" (messages).

NOTE: Type "B" messages are no longer limited to a length of 3840 bytes. SITA and ARINC now support Type "B" message lengths up to 64,000 bytes. DHS strongly encourages use of the maximum block size, as this will simplify aircraft operators' systems and result in faster DHS processing.

1.6.2 Communicating Directly with DHS

DHS offers external commercial trading partners a number of methods to communicate electronic documents directly with DHS. All of the communications options identified below involve the use of IBM Websphere MQ for assured message delivery between DHS systems and aircraft operator systems. For more information regarding communicating directly with DHS:

- Go to WWW.CBP.GOV
- Enter "VPN Solution" into the search box, select go
- Choose link to "Which VPN Client is Right for My Company"

Dedicated MPLS Communications

This communications option leverages a Multi Protocol Label Switching (MPLS) dedicated Virtual Private Network (VPN) circuit hosted by either Verizon or Sprint networks. Licensed IBM Websphere MQ Server software is required.

Hardware VPN Internet Solution

This option leverages the World Wide Web for purposes of message exchange. Licensed IBM Websphere MQ software is required.

Software VPN Internet Solution

This option utilizes a dual freeware solution whereby both MQ Client software and Cisco client software support messaging across the internet.

eAPIS Web service

This solution utilizes a web service developed by CBP, for users maintaining a lower volume of APIS submissions. Utilizing an activated eAPIS account, select the 'Help' option for further information.

1.7 Data Transmission Rules

DHS views a transmitted message as a single continuous bit stream. A single transmission of a message to DHS must consist of a well-formed, syntax compliant, single

instance of a PAXLST or a CUSRES message. For aircraft operators using Websphere MQ for their transmissions, a single MQ message must contain a single instance of a PAXLST or a CUSRES message. If an aircraft operator encounters message size limitations (due to network transmission size or other system limitations), messages may need to be split into separate transmissions, or blocks. If this is necessary, each block must constitute a stand-alone EDIFACT PAXLST or CUSRES transaction that can be processed whether or not any other associated blocks are received.

The following rules must be followed for all messages sent to DHS:

- A single transmission (message) sent to DHS must include *only one* instance of a PAXLSTmessage set, or a CUSRES message sent to DHS in response to an Unsolicited DHS message.
- 2. Only a UN/EDIFACT segment terminator, one byte in length, serves to separate the message into "records" (segments).
- 3. Each block must have a complete set of UNB, UNH, UNT, and UNZ header/trailer segments. If UNA, UNG, and UNE segments are used, they must also be present in each block.
- 4. Each block must have a BGM segment and contain the TDT and flight itinerary segments.
- 5. An individual traveler's data must not be split into multiple blocks. All data for a specific traveler must be contained within the same block.
- 6. The sender may choose to use fields in the UNH segment to specify a block sequence number and indicate the initial and final blocks that are being sent. It is important to note, there is no guarantee that DHS will receive and process the blocks in the order that they were sent. While DHS may use the block sequence numbers and the initial/final indicators as a reference for troubleshooting missing or corrupted blocks, DHS will not employ an automated validation or reporting of "missing" blocks.

1.8 Data Quality

With the increasing volume and importance of the data being sent to DHS, the quality and uniformity of data transmissions is of great concern. DHS filers should be aware of the following policies:

• Message syntax rules described in this document must be followed. This includes mandatory values for specified data elements and coding practices for groups of data segments (such as the flight itinerary). Transmissions that fail to follow these rules and practices may be rejected by the system. Also, certain syntax errors such as those involving a required segment for a segment group may cause the data for subsequent travelers in the transmission to be lost.

- No exceptions to the syntax rules will be made for any filer.
- Certification testing must be passed before actual "live" flight data will be accepted.
 <u>Do not</u> submit UN/EDIFACT transmissions to the DHS production system without expressed prior approval.

1.9 Confirmation/Acknowledgement of Transmissions

DHS will send an application generated confirmation message to the sender after receiving and processing a PAXLST transmission. The confirmation is sent as a UN/EDIFACT CUSRES message.

DHS will generate and send an Unsolicited message to aircraft operators when the vetting status of a traveler has changed. Unsolicited messages from DHS appear as a uniquely identified UN/EDIFACT CUSRES message. Aircraft operators are required to acknowledge the receipt of all DHS Unsolicited messages. The acknowledgement message returned to DHS from the aircraft operator will contain similar content as the CUSRES Unsolicited message received from DHS.

1.10 Synchronous and Asynchronous Data Transmissions to DHS

Data transmissions to DHS can be achieved using either synchronous or asynchronous processes. Synchronous transmissions are those that expect near real time replies, while asynchronous transmissions are one-way conversations.

Synchronous processes are traditionally used during request/response operations, whereby an aircraft operator performs a request and waits for a response from DHS before continuing (blocked mode).

Asynchronous processes are indicative of an aircraft operator transmitting a message to DHS and performing other work prior to checking for the DHS response (unblocked mode).

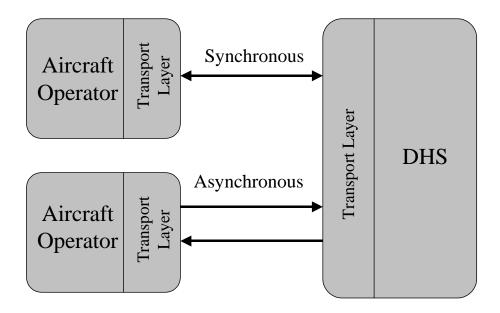


Figure 1: Synchronous/Asynchronous Processing

Synchronous Processing

DHS supports data transmissions requiring request/response processing. Under this form of processing, the aircraft operator's method that starts a task will wait for a response from DHS. Synchronous processing should be considered when submitting real-time queries (e.g., APIS Quick Query [AQQ]). Synchronous data transport layer supported include:

- IATA host-to-host
- Websphere MQ
- eAPIS web service

Asynchronous Processing

Current data transmissions through ARINC and SITA are Type "B" messages, or asynchronous in nature for one-way conversations. DHS will continue to support this type of message. When used by the aircraft operator, DHS shall respond using a Type "B" message. The Teletype address of the sender will be used in determining who should receive the reply.

Under this form of process, the aircraft operator's method that starts a task is returned immediately without waiting for a reply from DHS. The aircraft operator's application can continue to do other work while the task is completed by DHS. Asynchronous processing should be used when submitting batch manifests and Flight Close-Out messages.

Asynchronous data transport layer supported include:

- Websphere MQ
- ARINC Type "B" messages
- SITA Type "B" messages
- eAPIS Web service

1.11 Synchronous Processing using Websphere MQ

Websphere MQ can effectively support synchronous processing. A single application could control both the sending and retrieval of messages. The message *Correlation Identifier* within the MQ message header can be used to manage the synchronous sending and retrieval of messages. The application would perform an MQPUT with *Correlation Identifier* assigned by the aircraft operator application and immediately perform a MQGET using the same *Correlation Identifier* with a WAIT option. This will place the application into a wait state for a defined period of time while the request is processed and a response returned.

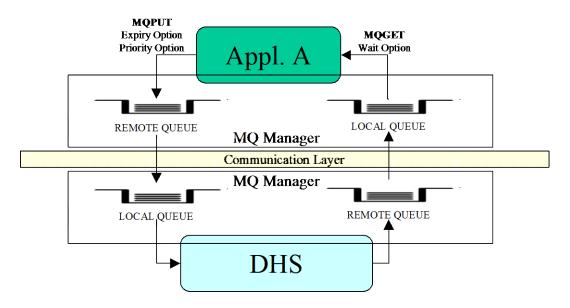


Figure 2: Synchronous Processing with Websphere MQ

The following should be considered when designing a synchronous application using Websphere MQ:

- Use of the Correlation Identifier on the MQ Message Descriptor (MD) header.
- Perform MQPUT with the following options;
 - Priority Option

Websphere MQ provides for setting a priority from 0 (default) to 9, where 9 is the highest priority. Aircraft operators can use the Priority Option to manage which messages will be serviced first by DHS. For example, Internet check-ins, kiosk check-ins and counter check-ins can each be given separate priority options depending on the aircraft operator's operational requirements.

- Perform MQGET with the following option
 - WAIT Option

This option specifies the maximum time (in milliseconds) that the MQGET will wait for a message to arrive on a queue. The WAIT Option is essential in designing synchronous processing using Websphere MQ. The application must account for two conditions when waiting for a response:

- The message arrives on time (e.g., within the wait option)
- o The time expires and no message is received

The following technical considerations should be applied when developing a synchronous MQ application:

- DHS does not support MQ dynamic request/reply architecture with aircraft operators. A set of MQ queues will be preconfigured for synchronous and asynchronous requests/responses. Any ReplyToQ and ReplyToQmgr settings populated by aircraft operators will not be used/propagated at DHS.
- DHS only supports use of MQ datagram message type.
- The Correlation Identifier (CorrelID) will be maintained and transferred within DHS and present on responses returned to the aircraft operator. If the CorrelID is not set by the aircraft operator, DHS will copy MsgID to CorrelID and provide this value with the response. For asynchronous requests the aircraft operator may choose to ignore CorrelID.
- Accommodate a single message up to 40,000 bytes.
- The synchronous method should be used for Interactive High Priority messaging only.
- The aircraft operator application should issue an MQGET API call against the response queue using the Wait interval option.
- Aircraft operator application logic should handle timeouts in the event a response is not received from DHS within the assigned Wait interval.

1.12 Asynchronous Processing using Websphere MQ

Websphere MQ is ideally suited for asynchronous processing. Separate applications could control the sending and retrieval of messages. Each application applies First-in-First-Out (FIFO) concept of processing data.

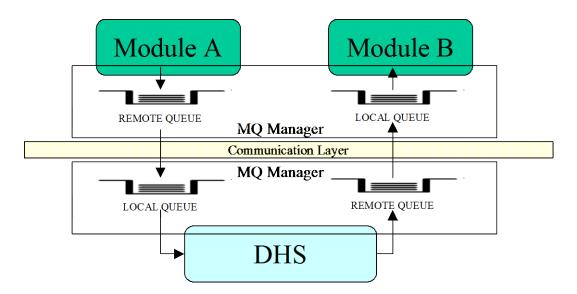


Figure 3: Asynchronous Processing with Websphere MQ

DHS supports Websphere MQ for asynchronous processing with the following technical considerations:

- DHS does not support MQ dynamic request/reply architecture (ReplyToQ) with aircraft operators. A set of MQ queues will be preconfigured for synchronous and asynchronous requests/responses. Any ReplyToQ and ReplyToQmgr settings populated by aircraft operators will not be used/propagated at DHS.
- DHS only supports use of MQ datagram message type.
- The Correlation Identifier (CorrelID) will be maintained and transferred within DHS and present on responses to the aircraft operator. If the CorrelID is not set by the aircraft operator, DHS will copy MsgID to CorrelID and provide this value with the response. For asynchronous requests, the aircraft operator may choose to ignore CorrelID.

1.13 Using Websphere MQ Message Priorities

Websphere MQ provides the ability to programmatically assign a priority value on messages put to a queue. Batch messages sent to DHS and the resulting DHS response can utilize a prioritization scheme. Under this scenario, the sender of the MQ message assigns a message priority to the *Priority* attribute on the MQ header. The priority value will then be used by DHS to process the *batch* message in accordance with the set priority of the message. The priority assigned to the message sent to DHS will also appear on the DHS response message returned to the aircraft operator.

Interactive Priorities

DHS recommends setting the highest MQ Priority (e.g., 9) on interactive requests.

Batch Priorities

DHS will support *batch* MQ Priority settings, but strongly discourages their use. If used, *batch* requests should default to a low MQ Priority to mitigate any contention with *interactive* messages transmitted across the MQ Channel to DHS. Mixing several priority settings randomly will cause unnecessary overhead on MQ and is not recommended.

Three levels of priority *may* be employed at the discretion of the aircraft operator:

Low: Initial 72 hour batch submissions and updated submissions occurring

between 72 and 48 hours pre-departure.

No MQ Priority setting

Medium: New submission or updated submissions occurring between 48 and

24 hours pre-departure

MQ Priority setting of "5"

High: New submissions or updated submissions occurring with-in 24 hours

of departure

MQ Priority setting of "7"

2. PAXLST Data Items

Table 3: UN/EDIFACT PAXLST Data Items

	EDIFA	CT Mapping	Attributes			
Data Element	Segment	Data Element Tag	Data Type	Length	Edits/Rules	
Passenger Last Name	NAD	C080:3036 (1)	AN	35	Alphabetic, no numeric or special characters, except dash (-) and single quote (')	
Passenger First Name	NAD	C080:3036 (2)	AN	35	First Initial only is allowed, however, <u>may</u> result in a higher occurrence of "Inhibited" responses and may result in the issuance of APIS penalties. Alphabetic, no numeric or special characters, except dash (-) and single quote (')	
Passenger Middle Name	NAD	C080:3036 (3)	AN	35	Alphabetic, no numeric or special characters, except dash (-) and single quote (')	
Date of birth	DTM	C507:2380	AN	6	Valid month, valid day within the month, and valid year Date of Birth. Format 'YYMMDD' where: YY - Year MM - Month DD - Day	
Gender	ATT	C956:9019	AN	1	M, F or any gender code included on a Government-issued ID	
Citizenship	NAT	C042:3293	AN	3	Validated against the ISO country code list (ISO-3166-1)	
Country of residence	LOC	C517:3225 (Qualifier DE 3227 = '174')	AN	3	Validated against the ISO country code list (ISO-3166-1)	
Traveler type indicator	NAD	3035	AN	3	Indicator. Values: FL Passenger FM Crew member DDU Intransit Passenger DDT Intransit Crew Member COT Involved Party - Gate Pass request ZZZ - For Cancel Reservation and Flight Close-out messages	

	EDIFA	CT Mapping	Attributes			
Data Element	Segment	Data Element Tag	Data Type	Length	Edits/Rules	
Travel document type	DOC	C002:1001	AN	2	Codified value: P - Passport A - Alien Registration Card C - Permanent Resident Card F - Facilitation Document (deportee or consular letter) G - U.S. Merchant Mariner Document IA - Employment Authorization Card with the notations "serves as I-512 advance parole " or " valid for re-entry to the U.S." (as secondary document use only)I- NEXUS IN - NEXUS M - U.S. Military or NATO ID (with official orders) PR - Re-Entry Travel Document PT - DHS Refugee Travel Document T - Re-Entry or Refugee Permit and Asylee Travel Document V - U.S. non-immigrant Visa (as secondary document use only) VB - Laser Visa- Border Crossing Card (as secondary document use only) VI-Immigrant Visa (as secondary document use only) VN-Non-Immigrant Visa (as secondary document use only)	
Document number	DOC	C503:1004	AN	35	Alphanumeric, no special characters	
Document expiration date - Passport	DTM	C507:2380 (C507:2005 = '36')	AN	6	Date formatted as ' YYMMDD' where: YY - Year MM - Month DD - Day	

	EDIFACT Mapping		Attributes		
Data Element	Segment	Data Element Tag	Data Type	Length	Edits/Rules
Document country of issuance	LOC	C517:3225 (qualifier 3227 = '91')	AN	3	Validated against the ISO country code list (ISO 3166-1)
Address while in the United States	NAD	C059:3042(1)	AN	35	Street Address (1)
	NAD	C059:3042(1)	AN	35	Street Address (2)
	NAD	3164	AN	35	City
	NAD	C819:3229	AN	2 (U.S. State code)	State/Province; Country sub- entity code
	NAD	3251	AN	17	Postal code
Passenger Name Record locator	RFF	C506:1154 (Qualifier C506:1153 = 'AVF')	AN	6	A PNR/Unique Identifier must be provided.
Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier	RFF	C506:1154 (Qualifier C506:1153 = 'ABO')	AN	25	To uniquely identify a passenger within a passenger name record locator. For a single passenger PNR, default value must be assigned by the carrier. The PNR & passenger reference number shall be used by DHS in the response message and any required acknowledgements from the aircraft operator.
Passenger DHS Redress Number	RFF	C506:1154 (Qualifier C506:1153 = 'AEA')	AN	13	Unique number assigned to passenger by DHS to promote resolution with previous watch list alerts.
DHS Known Traveler Number	RFF	C506:1154 (Qualifier C506:1153 = 'CR')	AN	25	Assigned passenger number as known to DHS to facilitate passenger clearance.
Aircraft Operator Frequent Flier Codeword	RFF	C506:1154 (Qualifier C506:1153 = 'ANX')	AN	25	Codeword assigned to an airline applicable to eligible frequent flier passengers.
DHS Passenger Risk Indicator	RFF	C506:1154 (Qualifier C506:1153 = 'AGK')	AN	10	Value calculated by a TSA Preè participating airline (CAPPS score).

	EDIFACT Mapping Attributes		ibutes		
Data Element	Segment	Data Element Tag	Data Type	Length	Edits/Rules
DHS Known Traveler Data	RFF	C506:1154 (Qualifier C506:1153 = 'ANK')	AN	25	Reserved for future use.
DHS Known Traveler Data	RFF	C506:1154 (Qualifier C506:1153 = 'AVP')	AN	25	Reserved for future use.
DHS Known Traveler Data	RFF	C506:1154 (Qualifier C506:1153 = 'GN')	AN	25	Reserved for future use.
Passenger Contact Information (Primary Phone)	COM	C076:3155 Qualifier DE C076:3148 = 'TE'	AN	20	
Passenger Contact Information (Secondary Phone)	COM	C076:3155 Qualifier DE C076:3148 = 'TE'	AN	20	
Passenger Seat Assignment	RFF	C506:1156 (Qualifier C506:1153 = 'SEA')	N3A1	4	
Passenger Information Verification Indicator	GEI	C012:7365 Qualifier DE 9649 = '4'	AN	3	
Bag Tag Information	FTX	C108:4440 (1) (Qualifier 4451 = 'BAG')	N	16	Serial Number appearing on Bag Tag.
Bag Tag – Number of consecutive tag Serial number	FTX	C108:4440 (2) (Qualifier 4451 = 'BAG')	N	3	
Passenger itinerary: Foreign airport where transportation began ("embarkation")	LOC	C517:3225 (Qualifier DE 3227 = '178')	AN	3	Validated against the IATA airport code list
Passenger itinerary: Airport of first arrival into U.S.	LOC (Flight Details – Arrival Location)	C517:3225 (Qualifier DE 3227 = '22')	AN	3	Validated against the IATA airport code list. AFR requirement for U.S. arrivals

	EDIFA	CT Mapping	Attr	ributes	
Data Element	Segment	Data Element Tag	Data Type	Length	Edits/Rules
Passenger itinerary: Final airport of destination ("debarkation")	LOC	C517:3225 (Qualifier DE 3227 = '179')	AN	3	Validated against the IATA airport code list
Aircraft Operator code	TDT	C040:3127	AN	3	Validated against the IATA/ICAO Aircraft Operator code list. Aircraft Operator Code either AN2 or AN3.
Flight number	TDT	8028	AN	8	Flight Information. Up to eight (8) characters of data may be transmitted. Formatted as Aircraft Operator code and Flight Number: - Aircraft Operator Code is in either AN2 or AN3 - Flight number up to 4 digits (numeric).
Flight itinerary: Scheduled place of departure	LOC (Flight itinerary)	C517:3225 (Qualifiers: DE 3227 = '125' for International to U.S flights and Overflights. '92' for U.S. domestic flights only)	AN	3	Validated against the IATA airport code list. Flights departing and/or arriving into United States are identified by the airport codes provided. A departure or arrival is identified based on the "Location Function Code Qualifier"
Flight itinerary: Scheduled date/time of departure	DTM	C507:2380 (Qualifier = C507:2005 = '189')	AN	12	Format: YY - Year MM - Month DD - Day hh - Hour mm- Minutes
Flight itinerary: Scheduled place of arrival	LOC (Flight itinerary)	C517:3225 (Qualifiers: DE 3227 = '87' for International to U.S flights and Overflights. '92' for U.S. domestic flights only)	AN	3	Validated against the IATA airport code list. Flights departing and/or arriving into United States are identified by the airport codes provided. A departure or arrival is identified based on the "Location Function Code Qualifier"

	EDIFA	CT Mapping	Attr	ibutes	
Data Element	Segment	Data Element Tag	Data Type	Length	Edits/Rules
Flight itinerary: Scheduled date/time of arrival	DTM	C507:2380 (Qualifier = C507:2005 = '232')	AN	12	Format: YY - Year MM - Month DD - Day hh – Hour mm- Minutes
Aircraft Operator Contact Last Name	NAD	C080:3036(1) Qualifier DE 3035 = 'MS'	AN	35	
Aircraft Operator Contact First Name	NAD	C080:3036(2) Qualifier DE 3035 = 'MS'	AN	35	
Aircraft Operator Contact Details (Phone)	COM	C076:3155 Qualifier DE C076:3148 = 'TE'	AN	20	
Aircraft Operator Contact Details (FAX)	COM	C076:3155 Qualifier DE C076:3148 = 'FX'	AN	20	
Transaction Reference Number	RFF	C506:1154 (Qualifier is data element C506:1153 with value 'TN')	AN	25	Reference number assigned by Aircraft Operator for PAXLST submissions. Value is returned on DHS CUSRES response messages. For Unsolicited Advisory CUSRES_messages, TRN will be assigned by DHS. This value is used by DHS systems to uniquely identify a specific transmission from an Aircraft Operator system.
Message Sequence Number	RFF	C506:1060	N	3	Value assigned by Aircraft Operator submitting PAXLST. Subsequent messages identifying updates to original submission shall indicate +1 increment.

2.1 Control Data

Requirements for these elements are defined by UN/EDIFACT PAXLST and CUSRES standards. m

Table 4: Coding Rules for Message Control Data

Data Element	Sub-elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Transmission separators and indicators	 sub-element element decimal notation release indicator segment terminator 	Not needed if all UN/EDIFACT default values are used	Refer to Implementation Guide (section 6.1)	UNA
Interchange header	 syntax ID syntax version sender ID sender ID qualifier recipient ID recipient ID qualifier interchange date interchange time control reference number application reference 	All are mandatory except the sender ID qualifier and recipient ID qualifier For an MCL, Sender ID is always "MCCL*TSA".	Refer to Implementation Guide (section 6.2)	UNB / 0001, 0002, 0004, 0007, 0010, 0017, 0019, 0020, 0026

Data Element	Sub-elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Group header	 message group ID sender ID / carrier name sender ID qualifier recipient ID recipient ID qualifier group date group time group reference number controlling agency message version number message release number 	Entire segment is conditional: Carriers who transmit their own flights do not need the UNG. A service bureau, GDS, or other party transmitting for another carrier should include the UNG and report the carrier's name in the UNG segment. If present, certain elements are mandatory.	Refer to Implementation Guide (section 6.3)	UNG / 0038, 0040, 0007, 0044, 0017, 0019, 0048, 0051, 0052, 0054
Message header	 message reference number message type message version number message release number controlling agency association code common access reference sequence message transfer number first / last sequence message transfer indicator 	Segment is mandatory – some elements are optional	Refer to Implementation Guide (section 6.4)	UNH / 0062, 0065, 0052, 0054, 0051, 0057, 0068, 0070, 0073

Data Element	Sub-elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Beginning of message – document name code			 745 = Passenger manifest 250 = Crew manifest 336 = Master Crew List (MCL) 266 = Flight Status 655 = Gate Pass 	BGM / 1001
Beginning of message – Passenger message type code, Gate Pass, or Flight Status message		BGM Segment is Mandatory when document name code = 745 (Passenger), or 655 (Gate Pass), or 266 (Flight Status)	For Document Name Code '745': CP - Change Passenger Data XR - Cancel Reservation RP - Reduction in Party (Delete Passenger on PNR) For Document Name Code '266': CLNB - Flight Close-Out — reporting No Boards CLOB - Flight Close-Out — reporting On Boards CL - Flight Close out (no passengers reported in message) XF - Cancel Flight CF - Change of Flight Itinerary (Secure Flight only — Flight Number, Arrival/Departure times and airport locations) For Document Name Code '655': none	BGM / 1004

Data Element	Sub-elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s)
				(+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Beginning of message – Crew manifest / MCL document type code Note: this replaces the use of suffixes on the flight number in the TDT segment.		BGM Segment is Mandatory when document name code = 250 (Crew) or 336 (MCL).	For Document Name Code '250': C = Passenger flight, regular scheduled crew CC = Passenger flight, crew change B = Cargo flight, regular scheduled crew BC = Cargo flight, crew change A = Overflight of passenger flight D = Overflight of cargo flight E = Domestic continuance of passenger flight, regular scheduled crew EC = Domestic continuance of passenger flight, crew change F = Domestic continuance of cargo flight, regular scheduled crew FC = Domestic continuance of cargo flight, regular scheduled crew FC = Domestic continuance of cargo flight, crew change	BGM / 1004
			For Document Name Code '336': G = "Add" record H = "Delete" record	
Reporting party	■ party name	Segment is optional. If used, the full name is reported in the single data element.	I = "Change" record	Group 1 NAD + MS / 3036

Data Element	Sub-elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Communications contact	communication "address" (either telephone or fax number)code qualifier	Segment is optional. If present, both sub- elements are needed for each contact address.		Group 1 COM / 3148, 3155 (this pair may be repeated up to 2 times in the segment.)
Transaction Reference Number	Reference code qualifierReference identifiersRevision identifiers	Optional		Group 0 RFF + TN / 1154
Total passengers or crew on the flight / MCL message		Report to the best of the carrier's knowledge at the time of transmission.	MCLs: Total count of crew reported on this MCL message, not the total on all MCLs.	<u>Crew:</u> CNT + 41 / 6066
			Passenger Clearance Messages: Total count of passengers included on the PAXLST.	<u>Passengers:</u> CNT + 42 / 6066
			Flight Close-out messages: Total number of passengers on the flight.	
Message trailer	number of segments in the messagemessage reference number	Mandatory	Message Reference Number must match the value on the UNH segment.	UNT / 0074, 0062
Group trailer	group control countgroup reference number	Conditional: Only send if the UNG segment is sent.	Group Reference Number must match the value on the UNG segment.	UNE / 0060, 0048
Interchange trailer	interchange control countinterchange reference number	Mandatory	Interchange Reference Number must match the value on the UNB segment.	UNZ / 0036, 0020

2.2 International Arrival Data and Overflight Data – Passenger Manifests

This data is to be reported on manifests for passengers on International flights into the United States and flights overflying the continental United States. This is in addition to the control segments and data elements described in section 2.1. Rules for arriving crew/non-crew manifests are given in table 10, in section 2.7.

Table 5: Coding Rules for Arrival (Inbound) and Overflight Manifest Data – Passengers

Data Element	Sub- elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Full name	lastfirstmiddle (if available)		First name must be more than one character (i.e. not just an initial) unless traveler has a 1-character name.	Group 4 NAD / 3036 (2 to 3 repeats)
Date of birth			YYMMDD	Group 4 DTM + 329 / 2380
Gender			 F = female M = male (For TSA) Other character = gender code included on valid Government-issued ID 	Group 4 ATT + 2 / 9019
Citizenship			ISO 3166-1 3-char country code	Group 4 NAT + 2 / 3293
Country of residence			ISO 3166-1 3-char country code	Group 4 LOC + 174 / 3225
Traveler type indicator			FL = passengerDDU = IT passenger	Group 4 NAD / 3035

Data Element	Sub- elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Travel document type		For each document that is reported – refer to Table 12 for details.	Normally, report a passport, and alien/permanent resident card if applicable. Report no more than 2 documents. (Refer to Table 12 – APIS Travel Document Reporting Rules for details.)	Group 5 DOC / 1001, 1131, 3055 (Elements 1131 & 3055 indicate CBP code set) Non-ICAO 9303 codes may also use elements 1131 and 3055
Document number		For any reported document – refer to Table 12 for details.		Group 5 DOC / 1004
Document country of issuance		For any reported document – refer to Table 12 for details.	ISO 3166-1 3-chararacter country code	Group 5 LOC + 91 / 3225
Document expiration date		If applicable – refer to Table 12 for details.	YYMMDD	Group 5 DTM + 36 / 2380
Address while in the United States	 number and street city state code zip code 	Not required for: U.S. citizens Lawful permanent residents Travelers in-transit to a location outside the United States Overflights Crew members		Group 4 NAD / 3042, 3164, 3229, 3251

Data Element	Sub- elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Passenger Name Record locator		When sending AQQ or batch interactive data, if not available, a unique value must be reported for this element.		Group 4 RFF + AVF / 1154
Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier		When sending AQQ or batch interactive data, to uniquely identify a passenger traveling under a group PNR. A value assigned by the Aircraft Operator system must be sent for this element.		Group 4 RFF + ABO / 1154
Passenger DHS Redress Number		If available		Group 4 RFF + AEA / 1154
DHS Known Traveler Number		If available		Group 4 RFF + CR / 1154
Aircraft Operator Frequent Flier Codeword		If available		Group 4 RFF + ANX / 1154
DHS Passenger Risk Indicator		Reserved for Future Use		Group 4 RFF + AGK / 1154
DHS Known Traveler Data		Reserved for Future Use		Group 4 RFF + ANK / 1154
DHS Known Traveler Data		Reserved for Future Use		Group 4 RFF + AVP / 1154
DHS Known Traveler Data		Reserved for Future Use		Group 4 RFF + GN / 1154
Verified ID indicator		ID has been verified by ticket counter agent		Group 4 GEI+4+ZZZ (hardcoded indicator)

Data Element	Sub- elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Traveler itinerary: Port/place of first U.S. arrival ("arrival") (CBP processing)		Report a <u>U.S.</u> airport code. This information MUST be provided for International arrivals to the U.S.	IATA airport code	Group 4 LOC + 22 / 3225
Traveler itinerary: Foreign port/place where known transportation to the U.S. began ("embarkation")		Report a foreign airport code. Report the earliest known port in the itinerary, which may be different from the flight's foreign departure port.	International Air Transport Association (IATA) airport code	Group 4 LOC + 178 / 3225
Traveler itinerary: Final port/place of known destination ("debarkation")		Report the final known airport code.	IATA airport code	Group 4 LOC + 179 / 3225
Airline carrier code			IATA/ICAO carrier code (AN2 or AN3).	Group 2 TDT + 20 / C040:3127 Group 2 TDT + 34 / C040:3127 for Passenger Overflights
Flight number			1-4 chars numeric. Combined with carrier code.	Group 2 TDT + 20 / 8028 Group 2 TDT + 34 / C040:3127 for Passenger Overflights
Flight itinerary: Last foreign port/place of call (departure port code)			IATA airport code	Group 3 LOC + 125 / 3225
Date / time of aircraft departure		Date/time is based on local time at airport of departure	YYMMDDhhmm	Group 3 DTM + 189 / 2380, 2379 (Data element 2379 = "201" to indicate data format)

Data Element	Sub- elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Flight itinerary: Port/place of first U.S. arrival (CBP clearance port code) or port/place of arrival at non U.S destination for overflights.			IATA airport code	Group 3 LOC + 87 / 3225
Date / time of aircraft arrival		Date/time is base on local time of airport of arrival	YYMMDDhhmm	Group 3 DTM + 232 / 2380, 2379 (Data element 2379 = "201" to indicate data format)

2.3 International Departure Data – Passenger Manifests

This data is to be reported on manifests for passengers departing from the United States. This is in addition to the control segments and data elements described in section 2.1. Rules for departing crew / non-crew manifests are given in table 12, in section 2.9.

Table 6: Coding Rules for Departure (Outbound) Manifest Data – Passengers

Data Element	Sub- elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Full name	lastfirstmiddle (if available)		First name must be more than one character (i.e. not just an initial) unless traveler has a 1-character name.	Group 4 NAD / 3036 (2 to 3 repeats)
Date of birth			YYMMDD	Group 4 DTM + 329 / 2380
Gender			 F = female M = male (For TSA) Other character = gender code included on valid Government- issued ID 	Group 4 ATT + 2 / 9019
Citizenship			ISO 3166-1 3-char country code	Group 4 NAT + 2 / 3293
Traveler type indicator			FL = passengerDDU = IT passenger	Group 4 NAD / 3035

Data Element	Sub- elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Travel document type		For each document that is reported – refer to Table 12 for details.	Normally, report a passport, and alien/permanent resident card if applicable. Report no more than 2 documents. (Refer to Table 12 – APIS Travel Document Reporting Rules for details.)	Group 5 DOC / 1001, 1131, 3055 (Elements 1131 & 3055 indicate CBP code set) Non-ICAO 9303 codes may also use elements 1131 and 3055
Document number		For any reported document – refer to Table 12 for details.		Group 5 DOC / 1004
Document country of issuance		For any reported document – refer to Table 12 for details.	ISO 3166-1 3-char country code	Group 5 LOC + 91 / 3225
Document expiration date		If applicable – refer to Table 12 for details.	YYMMDD	Group 5 DTM + 36 / 2380
Passenger Name Record locator		When sending AQQ or batch interactive data, if not available, a unique value must be reported for this element.		Group 4 RFF + AVF / 1154

Data Element	Sub- elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier		When sending AQQ or batch interactive data, to uniquely identify a passenger traveling under a group PNR. A value assigned by the Aircraft Operator system must be sent for this element.		Group 4 RFF + ABO / 1154
Passenger DHS Redress Number		If available		Group 4 RFF + AEA / 1154
DHS Known Traveler Number		If available		Group 4 RFF + CR / 1154
Aircraft Operator Frequent Flier Codeword		If available		Group 4 RFF + ANX / 1154
DHS Passenger Risk Indicator		Reserved for Future Use		Group 4 RFF + AGK / 1154
DHS Known Traveler Data		Reserved for Future Use		Group 4 RFF + ANK / 1154
DHS Known Traveler Data		Reserved for Future Use		Group 4 RFF + AVP / 1154
DHS Known Traveler Data		Reserved for Future Use		Group 4 RFF + GN / 1154
Verified ID indicator		ID and Passenger Full Name, Gender and Date of Birth have been verified by airline representative.		Group 4 GEI+4+ZZZ (hardcoded indicator)
Traveler itinerary: Port/place of known departure from the U.S. ("embarkation")		Report the earliest known airport in the itinerary.	International Air Transport Association (IATA) airport code	Group 4 LOC + 178 / 3225
Traveler itinerary: Port/place of known final arrival		Report the last known airport in the itinerary.	IATA airport code	Group 4 LOC + 179 / 3225

Data Element	Sub- elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Airline carrier code			IATA/ICAO carrier code (AN2 or A3).	Group 2 TDT + 20 / C040:3127
Flight number			1-4 chars numeric. Combined with carrier code.	Group 2 TDT + 20 / 8028
Flight itinerary: Last U.S. port/place of call (departure port code)			IATA airport code	Group 3 LOC + 125 / 3225
Date / time of aircraft departure from last U.S. port		Date/time is based on local time at airport of departure	YYMMDDhhmm	Group 3 DTM + 189 / 2380, 2379 (2379 = "201" to indicate data format)
Flight itinerary: Port/place of first foreign arrival			IATA airport code	Group 3 LOC + 87 / 3225
Date / time of aircraft arrival at first foreign port		Date/time is based on local time at airport of arrival	YYMMDDhhmm	Group 3 DTM + 232 / 2380, 2379 (2379 = "201" to indicate data format)

2.4 Domestic Data – Passenger Manifests

This data is to be reported on manifests for passengers on domestic flights with no international nexus. This is in addition to the control segments and data elements described in section 2.1.

Table 7 Coding Rules for Domestic Manifest Data – Passengers

Data Element	Sub- elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Full name	lastfirstmiddle (if available)		First name must be more than one character (i.e. not just an initial) unless traveler has a 1-character name.	Group 4 NAD / 3036 (2 to 3 repeats)
Date of birth			YYMMDD, if provided	Group 4 DTM + 329 / 2380
Gender			 F = female M = male Other character = gender code included on valid Government-issued ID 	Group 4 ATT + 2 / 9019
Travel document type		For each document that is reported – refer to Table 12 for details.	Normally, report a passport, if provided.	Group 5 DOC / 1001, 1131, 3055 (Elements 1131 & 3055 indicate CBP code set) Non-ICAO 9303 codes may also use elements 1131 and 3055
Document number		For any reported document – refer to Table 12 for details.		Group 5 DOC / 1004
Document country of issuance		For any reported document - refer to Table 12 for details.	ISO 3166-1 3-char country code	Group 5 LOC + 91 / 3225
Document expiration date		If applicable – refer to Table 12 for details.	YYMMDD	Group 5 DTM + 36 / 2380
Passenger Name Record locator		When sending interactive data, if not available, a unique value must be reported for this element.		Group 4 RFF + AVF / 1154

Data Element	Sub- elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier		When sending interactive data, to uniquely identify a passenger traveling under a group PNR. A value assigned by the Aircraft Operator system must be sent for this element.		Group 4 RFF + ABO / 1154
Passenger DHS Redress Number		If available		Group 4 RFF + AEA / 1154
DHS Known Traveler Number		If available		Group 4 RFF + CR / 1154
Aircraft Operator Frequent Flier Codeword		If available		Group 4 RFF + ANX / 1154
DHS Passenger Risk Indicator		Reserved for Future Use		Group 4 RFF + AGK / 1154
DHS Known Traveler Data		Reserved for Future Use		Group 4 RFF + ANK / 1154
DHS Known Traveler Data		Reserved for Future Use		Group 4 RFF + AVP / 1154
DHS Known Traveler Data		Reserved for Future Use		Group 4 RFF + GN / 1154
Traveler itinerary: Port/place of departure ("embarkation")			International Air Transport Association (IATA) airport code	Group 4 LOC + 178 / 3225
Traveler itinerary: Port/place of final arrival			IATA airport code	Group 4 LOC + 179 / 3225
Airline carrier code			IATA/ICAO carrier code (AN2 or A3).	Group 2 TDT + 20 / C040:3127
Flight number			1-4 chars numeric. Combined with carrier code.	Group 2 TDT + 20 / 8028

Data Element	Sub- elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Flight itinerary: Departure port code			IATA airport code	Group 3 LOC + 92 / 3225
Date / time of aircraft departure		Date/time is based on local time at airport of departure	YYMMDDhhmm	Group 3 DTM + 189 / 2380, 2379 (2379 = "201" to indicate data format)
Flight itinerary: Port/place of first arrival			IATA airport code	Group 3 LOC + 92 / 3225
Date / time of aircraft arrival		Date/time is based on local time at airport of arrival	YYMMDDhhmm	Group 3 DTM + 232 / 2380, 2379 (2379 = "201" to indicate data format)

2.5 Gate Pass Request

This data is to be reported on individuals requesting a gate pass to access the secure area of the U.S. airport. This is in addition to the control segments and data elements described in section 2.1.

Table 8 Coding Rules for Gate Pass Request

Data Element	Sub- elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Full name	lastfirstmiddle (if available)		First name must be more than one character (i.e. not just an initial) unless traveler has a 1-character name.	Group 4 NAD / 3036 (2 to 3 repeats)
Date of birth			YYMMDD, if provided	Group 4 DTM + 329 / 2380

Data Element	Sub- elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Gender			 F = female M = male Other character = gender code included on valid Government-issued ID 	Group 4 ATT + 2 / 9019
Travel document type		Passport only for Gate Pass	Report a passport if provided	Group 5 DOC / 1001, 1131, 3055 (Elements 1131 & 3055 indicate CBP code set) Non-ICAO 9303 codes may also use elements 1131 and 3055
Document number		For any reported document – refer to Table 12 for details.		Group 5 DOC / 1004
Document country of issuance		For any reported document – refer to Table 12 for details.	ISO 3166-1 3-character country code	Group 5 LOC + 91 / 3225
Document expiration date		If applicable – refer to Table 12 for details.	YYMMDD	Group 5 DTM + 36 / 2380
Passenger Name Record locator		When sending interactive data, if not available, a unique value must be reported for this element.		Group 4 RFF + AVF / 1154
Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier		When sending interactive data, to uniquely identify a passenger traveling under a group PNR. A value assigned by the Aircraft Operator system must be sent for this element.		Group 4 RFF + ABO / 1154

Data Element	Sub- elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Passenger DHS Redress Number		If available		Group 4 RFF + AEA / 1154
DHS Known Traveler Number		If available		Group 4 RFF + CR / 1154
Aircraft Operator Frequent Flier Codeword		If available		Group 4 RFF + ANX / 1154
DHS Passenger Risk Indicator		Reserved for Future Use		Group 4 RFF + AGK / 1154
DHS Known Traveler Data		Reserved for Future Use		Group 4 RFF + ANK / 1154
DHS Known Traveler Data		Reserved for Future Use		Group 4 RFF + AVP / 1154
DHS Known Traveler Data		Reserved for Future Use		Group 4 RFF + GN / 1154
Verified ID indicator		ID and Passenger Full Name, Date of Birth and Gender have been verified by airline representative.		Group 4 GEI+4+ZZZ (hardcoded indicator)
Airline carrier code			IATA/ICAO carrier code (AN2 or A3).	Group 2 TDT + 20 / C040:3127
Airport Code		Mandatory	International Air Transport Association (IATA) airport code	Group 3 LOC +91 / C517:3225

2.6 Master Crew List (MCL) Data for International Only

This data is to be reported for crew or non-crew members arriving at or departing from any U.S. airport, continuing within the United States, or overflying U.S. territory. This is in addition to the control segments and data elements described in section 2.1.

- A "crew member" is defined as a pilot, co-pilot, flight engineer, airline management personnel authorized to travel in the cockpit, cabin crew, or relief crew member.
- A "non-crew" member is defined as an aircraft operator employee or family member, or person traveling onboard a
 commercial aircraft for the safety of the flight (e.g., an animal handler). Note the non-crew definition only applies to
 all-cargo flights these travelers will be considered as "passengers" on passenger or mixed passenger / cargo
 flights.

Table 9: Coding Rules for TSA Master Crew List (MCL) Data

Data Element	Sub- elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Full name	lastfirstmiddle (if available)		First name must be more than one character (i.e. not just an initial) unless crew member's legal name only has 1 character.	Group 4 NAD / 3036 (2 to 3 repeats)
Date of birth			YYMMDD	Group 4 DTM + 329 / 2380
Gender			 F = female M = male Other character = gender code included on valid Government-issued ID 	Group 4 ATT + 2 / 9019
Citizenship			ISO 3166-1 3-char country code	Group 4 NAT + 2 / 3293
Country of residence			ISO 3166-1 3-char country code	Group 4 LOC + 174 / 3225
Traveler type indicator – master			• FM = Crew member	Group 4 NAD / 3035

Data Element	Sub- elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Traveler type indicator – detailed			 CR1 = cockpit crew and individuals inside cockpit CR2 = cabin crew (e.g. flight attendants) CR3 = airline operations management with cockpit access (e.g. instructors, safety personnel) CR4 = cargo non-cockpit crew and/or non-crew individuals 	Group 4 EMP / 9005
Travel document type		For each document that is reported – refer to Table 12 for details.	Normally, report a passport, and a Pilot License if applicable. Report no more than 2 documents. (Refer to Table 12 – APIS Travel Document Reporting Rules for details.)	Group 5 DOC / 1001, 1131, 3055 (Elements 1131 & 3055 indicate CBP code set) Non-ICAO 9303 codes may also use elements 1131 and 3055
Document number		For any reported document – refer to Table 12 for details.		Group 5 DOC / 1004
Document country of issuance		For any reported document – refer to Table 12 for details.	ISO 3166-1 3-char country code	Group 5 LOC + 91 / 3225
Document expiration date		If applicable – refer to Table 12 for details.	YYMMDD	Group 5 DTM + 36 / 2380
Home address (permanent residence)	number and streetcitystatezip codecountry	Not required for "Delete" function	Refer to Group 4 NAD description (section 16)	Group 4 NAD / 3042, 3164, 3229, 3251, 3207

Data Element	Sub- elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Place of birth – country code		Not required for "Delete" function	ISO 3166-1 3-char country code	Group 4 LOC + 180 / 3225
Place of birth – city name		Not required for "Delete" function		Group 4 LOC + 180 / 3222
Place of birth – state / province name		If applicable		Group 4 LOC + 180 / 3232
MCL transaction identifier	carrier codesequence number"MCL" literal		This identifier is formatted as IATA/ICAO carrier code (AN2 or AN3): cccxxMCL "ccc" = IATA/ICAO carrier code "xx" = sequence number (starts each day at "01", up to "99") 'MCL' = literal value	Group 2 TDT + 20 / 8028
Location of MCL filing		Two LOC segments are required by APIS system processing (even though there is no actual flight leg.)	 XXX = filing location (1st LOC) TST = reporting location (2nd LOC) 	Group 3 LOC + 188 / 3225 (1 st LOC) Group 3 LOC + 172 / 3225 (2 nd LOC)
Date of MCL filing			YYMMDD (or CCYYMMDD)	Group 3 DTM + 554 / 2380, 2379 (Same values for DTMs under both Group 3 LOC segments.)

2.7 International Arrival Data – Crew and "Non-crew" Flight Manifests

This data is to be reported for crew members and "non-crew" travelers on:

- arriving flights,
- domestic continuance segments of passenger and cargo flights arriving in the U.S., and
- overflights over U.S. territory.

This is in addition to the control segments and data elements described in section 2.1.

- A "crew member" is defined as a pilot, copilot, flight engineer, airline management personnel authorized to travel in the cockpit, or cabin crew, or relief crew member.
- A "non-crew" member is defined as an aircraft operator employee or family member, or person traveling onboard a commercial aircraft for the safety of the flight (e.g., an animal handler). Note that the non-crew definition only applies to all-cargo flights these travelers will be considered as "passengers" on passenger or mixed passenger / cargo flights.

Table 10: Coding Rules for Arrival (Inbound) Manifest Data – Crew and "Non-crew"

Data Element	Sub- elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Full name	lastfirstmiddle (if available)		First name must be more than one character (i.e. not just an initial) unless traveler has a 1-character name.	Group 4 NAD / 3036 (2 to 3 repeats)
Date of birth			YYMMDD	Group 4 DTM + 329 / 2380
Gender			 F = female M = male (For TSA) Other character = gender code included on valid Government-issued ID 	Group 4 ATT + 2 / 9019
Citizenship			ISO 3166-1 3-char country code	Group 4 NAT + 2 / 3293
Country of residence			ISO 3166-1 3-char country code	Group 4 LOC + 174 / 3225
Traveler type indicator – master			FM = crew memberDDT = IT crew	Group 4 NAD / 3035

Data Element	Sub- elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Traveler type indicator – detailed			 CR1 = cockpit crew and individuals inside cockpit CR2 = cabin crew (e.g. flight attendants) CR3 = airline operations management with cockpit access (e.g. instructors, safety personnel) CR4 = cargo non-cockpit crew and/or non-crew individuals CR5 = pilots on board but not on duty (e.g. deadhead) 	Group 4 EMP / 9005
Travel document type		For each document that is reported – refer to Table 12 for details.	Normally, report a passport, and a Pilot License if applicable. Report no more than 2 documents. (Refer to Table 12 – APIS Travel Document Reporting Rules for details.)	Group 5 DOC / 1001, 1131, 3055 (Elements 1131 & 3055 indicate CBP code set) Non-ICAO 9303 codes may also use elements 1131 and 3055
Document number		For any reported document – refer to Table 12 for details.		Group 5 DOC / 1004
Document country of issuance		For any reported document – refer to Table 12 for details.	ISO 3166-1 3-char country code	Group 5 LOC + 91 / 3225
Document expiration date		If applicable – refer to Table 12 for details.	YYMMDD	Group 5 DTM + 36 / 2380

Data Element	Sub- elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Home address (permanent residence)	 number and street city state zip code country 		Refer to Group 4 NAD description (section 16)	Group 4 NAD / 3042, 3164, 3229, 3251, 3207
Place of birth – country code	,		ISO 3166-1 3-char country code	Group 4 LOC + 180 / 3225
Place of birth – city name				Group 4 LOC + 180 / 3223
Place of birth – state / province name		If applicable		Group 4 LOC + 180 / 3233
Traveler itinerary: Initial port/place where transportation began ("embarkation")		 For arriving flights or overflights, report foreign airport code For "domestic continuance" flight manifests (for crew joining the flight in the U.S.), report U.S. airport code 	International Air Transport Association (IATA) airport code	Group 4 LOC + 178 / 3225
Traveler itinerary: Port/place of first U.S. arrival		 Not applicable to overflights Might not apply to "Domestic Continuance" manifests for crew joining the flight within the U.S. 	IATA airport code	Group 4 LOC + 22 / 3225

Data Element	Sub- elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)		
Traveler itinerary: Final port/place of destination ("debarkation")		Report U.S. or foreign airport code of destination for: arriving passenger or cargo flights domestic continuance" flights	IATA airport code	Group 4 LOC + 179 / 3225		
Airline carrier code			IATA/ICAO carrier code (AN2 or A3).	Group 2 TDT + 20 / C040:3127		
Flight number			1-4 chars numeric. Combined with carrier code.	Group 2 TDT + 20 / 8028		
Flight itinerary: Last foreign port/place of call (departure port code)		 For overflights, report the last foreign port before entering U.S. airspace 	IATA airport code	Group 3 LOC + 125 / 3225		
Flight itinerary: Port/place of first arrival		For all arriving flights (including domestic continuance), report the first U.S. airport For overflights, report the first foreign port after leaving U.S. airspace	IATA airport code	Group 3 LOC + 87 / 3225		
Flight itinerary: Domestic U.S. airports after arriving in U.S.		Only for inbound TSA "Domestic Continuance" flight legs	IATA airport code	Group 3 LOC + 92 / 3225		
Date / time of aircraft arrival (at any applicable airport)		Date/time is based on local time at airport of arrival	YYMMDDhhmm	Group 3 DTM + 232 / 2380, 2379 (Data element 2379 = "201"		
anport)				to indicate data format)		

Data Element	Sub- elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Date / time of aircraft departure (from any applicable airport)		Date/time is based on local time at airport of departure	YYMMDDhhmm	Group 3 DTM + 189 / 2380, 2379
				(Data element 2379 = "201" to indicate data format)

2.8 International Departure Data – Crew and "Non-crew" Flight Manifests

This data is to be reported for crew members and "non-crew" travelers on departing passenger and cargo flights (including departing domestic continuance flights). This is in addition to the control segments and data elements described in section 2.1.

- A "crew member" is defined as a pilot, co-pilot, flight engineer, airline management personnel authorized to travel in the cockpit, or cabin crew, or relief crew member.
- A "non-crew" member is defined as an aircraft operator employee or family member, or person traveling onboard a
 commercial aircraft for the safety of the flight (e.g., an animal handler). Note that the non-crew definition only
 applies to all-cargo flights these travelers will be considered as "passengers" on passenger or mixed passenger /
 cargo flights.

Table 11: Coding Rules for Departure (Outbound) Manifest Data – Crew and "Non-crew"

Data Element	Sub- elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Full name	lastfirstmiddle (if available)		First name must be more than one character (i.e. not just an initial) unless traveler has a 1-character name.	Group 4 NAD / 3036 (2 to 3 repeats)
Date of birth			YYMMDD	Group 4 DTM + 329 / 2380

Data Element	Sub- elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Gender			 F = female M = male Other character = gender code included on valid Governmentissued ID 	Group 4 ATT + 2 / 9019
Citizenship			ISO 3166-1 3-char country code	Group 4 NAT + 2 / 3293
Traveler type indicator – master			FM = crew memberDDT = IT crew	Group 4 NAD / 3035
Traveler type indicator – detailed			 CR1 = cockpit crew and individuals inside cockpit CR2 = cabin crew (e.g. flight attendants) CR3 = airline operations management with cockpit access (e.g. instructors, safety personnel) CR4 = cargo non-cockpit crew and/or non-crew individuals CR5 = pilots on board but not on duty (e.g. deadhead) 	Group 4 EMP / 9005
Travel document type		For each document that is reported – refer to Table 12 for details.	Normally, report a passport, and a Pilot License if applicable. Report no more than 2 documents. (Refer to Table 12 – APIS Travel Document Reporting Rules for details.)	Group 5 DOC / 1001, 1131, 3055 (Elements 1131 & 3055 indicate CBP code set) Non-ICAO 9303 codes may also use elements 1131 and 3055
Document number		For any reported document – refer to Table 12 for details.	,	Group 5 DOC / 1004
Document country of issuance		For any reported document – refer to Table 12 for details.	ISO 3166-1 3-char country code	Group 5 LOC + 91 / 3225

Data Element	Sub- elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Document expiration date		If applicable – refer to Table 12 for details.	YYMMDD	Group 5 DTM + 36 / 2380
Home address (permanent residence)	 number and street city state zip code country 		Refer to Group 4 NAD description (section 16)	Group 4 NAD / 3042, 3164, 3229, 3251, 3207
Place of birth – country code			ISO 3166-1 3-char country code	Group 4 LOC + 180 / 3225
Place of birth – city				Group 4 LOC + 180 / 3223
Place of birth – state / province name		if applicable		Group 4 LOC + 180 / 3233
Passenger Name Record locator		If applicable		Group 4 RFF + AVF / 1154
Traveler itinerary: Port/place of departure from the U.S. ("embarkation")		Report <u>U.S.</u> airport code where traveler departed from the U.S.	International Air Transport Association (IATA) airport code	Group 4 LOC + 178 / 3225
Traveler itinerary: Port/place of final arrival		Report <u>foreign</u> airport code of final arrival, to the best of the carrier's knowledge	IATA airport code	Group 4 LOC + 179 / 3225
Airline carrier code			IATA/ICAO carrier code (AN2 or A3).	Group 2 TDT + 20 / C040:3127
Flight number			1-4 chars numeric. Combined with carrier code.	Group 2 TDT + 20 / 8028
Flight itinerary: Last U.S. port/place of call (departure port code)			IATA airport code	Group 3 LOC + 125 / 3225

Data Element	Sub- elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Date / time of aircraft departure from last U.S. port		Date/time is based on local time at airport of departure	YYMMDDhhmm	Group 3 DTM + 189 / 2380, 2379 (2379 = "201" to indicate data format)
Flight itinerary: Port/place of first foreign arrival			IATA airport code	Group 3 LOC + 87 / 3225
Date / time of aircraft arrival at first foreign port		Date/time is based on local time at airport of arrival	YYMMDDhhmm	Group 3 DTM + 232 / 2380, 2379 (2379 = "201" to indicate data format)

2.9 International Travel Document Reporting

This table lists the types of traveler identification documents that may be presented for U.S. immigration purposes, their characteristics, and the rules for reporting them. In most cases document information is obtained by scanning the Machine Readable Zone (MRZ) of the document if available.

Table 12: APIS Travel Document Reporting Rules

Document	Has MRZ	Type Code	Has Doc Nbr	Has Issuing Country	Has Expire Date	Report On	Comments
Passport (U.S. or foreign)	Yes	"P"	Yes	Yes	Yes	FPM, FCM, MCL	
U.S. Visa	Yes	"V", "VI" or "VN	Yes	Always USA	Yes	FPM	Secondary document reporting only (MRZ data or red visa foil number).

Document	Has MRZ	Type Code	Has Doc Nbr	Has Issuing Country	Has Expire Date	Report On	Comments
Permanent Resident Card (I-551) (a.k.a. Resident Alien Card)	Yes	"A", "C" or C1	Yes	Always USA	No	FPM, FCM	Normally, report the Type Code read from the MRZ.
Border Crossing Card (Laser Visa) (DSP-150 / I-586)	Yes	"VB"	Yes	Always USA	Yes	FPM	Secondary document reporting only
Re-Entry Permit (I-327)	Yes	"T" or "PR"	Yes	Always USA	Yes	FPM	
Refugee Travel Document (I-571) and Asylee Travel Document (I-571)	Yes	"T"or "PT"	Yes	Always USA	Yes	FPM	
Boarding Foil (I-512), formerly Parole Letter	Yes	"V" or "VN"	Yes	Always USA	Yes	FPM	Secondary document reporting (MRZ data or red visa foil number).
Notice of Action (I-797)	No	"A"	Yes	Always USA	No	FPM	Report the traveler's Alien / Permanent Resident number.
Transportation Letter	No	"A"	Yes	Always USA	No	FPM	Report the traveler's Alien / Permanent Resident number.
ADIT Stamp	No	"A"	Yes	Always USA	No	FPM	Report the traveler's Alien / Permanent Resident number.
Military ID	No	"M"	Yes	Yes	No	FPM	Must be traveling on official orders.
Pilot License	No	"L"	Yes	Yes	No	FCM, MCL	Auxiliary document for TSA.
Employment Authorization Card	Yes	"IA"	Yes	Always USA	Yes	FPM	Report traveler's Alien/Permanent Resident number
NEXUS Card	Yes	"IN"	Yes	Always USA	No	FPM	Used for Western Hemisphere travel
Facilitation Document	No	"F"	Use "Deportee" or "Consular"	Yes	No	FCP	Travel should be in possession of Consular Letter or escorted by Deportation office when using this document reference

Notes:

1. "MRZ" column indicates whether the document has a machine-readable zone.

Older versions of some documents that have not yet expired might <u>not</u> have an MRZ.

- 2. "Type Code" column indicates the code that should be transmitted to APIS to identify the type of document. This is sent in the Group 5 "DOC" segment, data element 1001.
- 3. "Doc Nbr" column indicates whether a Document Number must be transmitted to APIS. This is sent in the Group 5 "DOC" segment, data element 1004.
- 4. "Issuing Country" column indicates whether a Document Issuing Country is transmitted. In some cases, a specific value is required. This is sent in the Group 5 "LOC" segment with Qualifier Code "91", in data element 3225, following the related "DOC" segment. APIS regulations indicate passport is the only document that requires country of issuance submission. However, for document validation, the 2nd document country of issuance should always be USA.
- 5. "Expire Date" column indicates whether a Document Expiration Date must be transmitted to APIS. This is sent in the Group 5 "DTM" segment with Qualifier Code "36", in data element 2380, following the related "DOC" segment.
- 6. "Report On" column indicates which type(s) of manifests or MCL the document may be transmitted on.
 - FPM Flight Passenger Manifest
 - FCM Flight Crew Manifest
 - MCL Master Crew / Non-crew List.
- 7. "Comments" include any other factors affecting reporting of the document.

3. CUSRES Data Items

Table 13: UN/EDIFACT CUSRES Data items

Data Element	EDIFACT Mapping		Attributes		
	Segment	Data Element Tag	Data Type	Length	Edits/Rules
Transaction Reference Number	RFF Segment Group 3 (1 st occurrence)	C506:1154 (Qualifier C506:1153 = 'TN'	AN	25	Reference number assigned by Aircraft Operator for PAXLST submissions. Value returned on DHS CUSRES response messages. For Unsolicited CUSRES messages, TRN will be assigned by DHS
Message Sequence Number	RFF Segment Group 3 (1 st occurrence)	C506:1060	N	3	Value assigned by Aircraft Operator submitting PAXLST.
Aircraft Operator code and Flight Number	RFF Segment Group 3 (subsequent occurrences)	C506:1154 (Qualifier C506:1153 = 'AF')	AN	8	Flight identification as reported to DHS.
Flight itinerary: Scheduled date/time of departure	DTM (1 st occurrence under above SG 3 RFF)	C507:2380 (Qualifier = C507:2005 = '189')	AN	12	Format: YY - Year MM - Month DD - Day hh - Hour mm- Minutes
Flight itinerary: Scheduled date/time of arrival	DTM (2nd occurrence)	C507:2380 (Qualifier = C507:2005 = '232')	AN	12	Format: YY - Year MM - Month DD - Day hh - Hour mm- Minutes
Flight itinerary: Scheduled place of departure	LOC (1 st occurrence)	C517:3225 (Qualifiers: DE 3227 = '87' for International to U.S flights. '5' for U.S. domestic flights only)	AN	3	Departure location as reported to DHS.

	EDIFACT Mapping		Attributes		
Data Element	Segment	Data Element Tag	Data Type	Length	Edits/Rules
Flight itinerary: Scheduled place of arrival	LOC (2nd occurrence)	C517:3225 (Qualifiers: DE 3227 = '125' for International to U.S flights. '60' for U.S. domestic flights only)	AN	3	Arrival location as reported to DHS.
Passenger Name Record locator	RFF (Segment Group 4)	C506:1154 (Qualifier C506:1153 = 'AVF')	AN	6	Passenger PNR locator identification as provided to DHS.
Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier	RFF (Segment Group 4)	C506:1154 (Qualifier C506:1153 = 'ABO)	AN	25	Unique Passenger Reference identifier as provided to DHS. The PNR & unique passenger reference number shall be used by DHS in the response message and any required acknowledgements from the Aircraft Operator.
Boarding Pass Printing Result	ERC (Segment Group 4)	9321 (1st byte)	AN	1	Vetting result generated by Secure Flight.
ESTA / EVUS / Document Validaton status	ERC (Segment Group 4)	9321 (2nd byte)	AN	1	ESTA / EVUS/ Document Validation status returned from CBP
Special Information	FTX	C107:4440 (Qualifier 4451 = 'AAH')	AN	1	Additional information generated by DHS.
Boarding Pass Issue Status	FTX	C107:4440 (Qualifier 4451 = 'AHN')	AN	1	This value is assigned by Aircraft Operator when acknowledging receipt of an Unsolicited message received from DHS.

4. Message Structure Keys

The PAXLST & CUSRES transmissions observe a standard set of syntax rules. This section describes the rules as generally used in this document, but it is not a substitute for a complete understanding of the UN/EDIFACT standard. DHS shall observe and enforce the following syntax rules:

- A transmitted message to DHS may include only one instance of a PAXLST message. Batching of multiple PAXLST messages into a single envelope (UNB-UNZ) or batching of multiple envelopes containing PAXLST messages into a single message transmission will result in a rejection of the message(s).
- All message data is in UPPERCASE text
- The message is divided into segments. UNH, BGM, NAD, etc. are Segment Tags.
- The UNA segment defines special characters used to separate data elements and to terminate the segment. All examples in this document use the default UNA characters. If the UNA segment is not provided in the transmission, it will be assumed the default delimitation characters are used.

The defaults are applied as follows:

- Elements may have sub-elements. To separate sub-elements, use a colon (:).
- (If trailing conditional sub-elements are not present at the end of a data element, their separators are not transmitted.) Segments are divided into Data Elements. To separate Data Elements, use a plus sign (+).
 - (If trailing conditional elements are not present at the end of a segment, their separators are not transmitted.)
- A period (.) is to be used to identify decimal point notation.
- A question mark (?) is to be used to release a character identified as a delimiter in the UNA segment, so that it may be recognized in its normal usage. (i.e., O?'NEILL would equal O'NEILL).
- A space () is currently held for future use.
- To end a segment, use a single quote (') as the segment terminator.

A different set of control characters may be specified by using the UNA segment.

Messages must be transmitted as a continuous bit stream. "Lines" have no meaning; there is no such thing as a "maximum" or "minimum" segment length, other than that specified in the segment definitions. (For clarity, sample messages in this guide are shown with a line break between segments. This is completely arbitrary and these "lines" could be shown just as well with a partial segment or more than one segment. Refer to the example in Appendix B.1 for a different view of a PAXLST message.)

- Some telecommunications transmission protocols require various communication type headers and trailers to facilitate addressing, routing, security, and other purposes. The UN/EDIFACT standard does not support this data, and none of the examples in this guide illustrate such. The header and trailer segments that are shown (e.g., UNB, UNH, and UNT) are part of the true EDIFACT transaction. If a value-added network such as SITA or ARINC is used for transmissions, their requirements for additional headers and trailers must be followed.
- The box identified in Figure 4 below describes a specific Data Element. This style of element representation is used throughout this document.

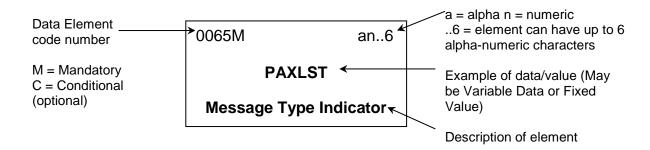


Figure 4: Data Element Format Diagram – Key

The following Sections (5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10) identify the syntax rules and the message architecture that must be adhered to when transmitting a PAXLST message. The syntax rules for the CUSRES message set are also provided. These rules reflect the requirements of DHS. In comparison to the WCO/IATA/ICAO PAXLST, some PAXLST data elements are not used. DHS has identified some data elements to be shorter than identified in PAXLST. Some data elements are identified in PAXLST as conditional, however due to DHS regulations, these fields may be considered mandatory. To fulfill regulations, DHS has extended the approved PAXLST segments and data elements, due to specific agency regulations.

5. PAXLST Message Structure

Figure 5 below identifies the basic diagram presentation key used in this document.

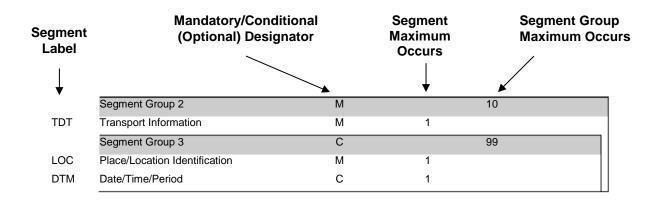


Figure 5: PAXLST Message Architecture Diagram Key

Figure 6 on the following page illustrates the message architecture and relationships between the PAXLST Segment Groups and Segments.

The UN/EDIFACT PAXLST message format hierarchy consists of four (4) segment levels and five (5) segment groups of information as depicted in the diagram below.

Segme ID	ent	Segment Requirement	Maximum Segment Occurs	Maximum Group Occurs
UNA	Service String Advice	С	1	
UNB	Interchange Header	M	1	
UNG	Functional Group Header	С	1	
UNH	Message Header	M	1	
BGM	Beginning of Message	M	1	
RFF	Reference	С	1	
	Segment Group 1	С		5
NAD	Name and Address	M	1	
COM	Communication Contact	С	1	
	Segment Group 2	М		10
TDT	Transport Information	M	1	
	Segment Group 3	С		99
LOC	Place/Location Identification	M	1	
DTM	Date/Time/Period	С	1	
	Segment Group 4	С		999
NAD	Name and Address	M	1	
ATT	Attribute	С	1	
DTM	Date/Time/Period	С	1	
GEI	Processing Information	С	2	
FTX	Free Text	С	99	
LOC	Place/Location Identification	С	5	
COM	Communication Contact	С	1	
EMP	Employment Details	С	1	
NAT	Nationality	С	1	
RFF	Reference	С	9	
	Segment Group 5	С		5
DOC	Document/Message Details	M	1	
DTM	Date/Time/Period	С	1	
LOC	Place/Location Identification	С	1	
CNT	Control Total	С	1	<u> </u>
UNT	Message Trailer	M	1	
UNE	Functional Group Trailer	С	1	
UNZ	Interchange Trailer	M	1	

Figure 6 : PAXLST Message Architecture Diagram

Please note the following characteristics:

- The Mandatory and Conditional (optional) requirement designations within the branch diagram conform to the UN/EDIFACT syntax specification for PAXLST. In the technical specifications sections that follow, many of the segments identified as conditional in the branch diagram may be identified as mandatory for the DHS PAXLST implementation. Such requirement designations will be identified for each of the specific segments in the technical specifications that follow in this document.
- Similarly, DHS business rules may require that certain data elements defined as conditional within the UN/EDIFACT PAXLST are required for this implementation. The requirements for the data elements are also identified in the technical specifications that follow in this document
- The technical specifications also identify the required maximum allowable occurrences for many repeatable segment groups and segments in order to satisfy the DHS implementation requirements. In most cases, DHS requires collection of less data than the maximum allowable by the UN/EDIFACT syntax.
- A single PAXLST may contain vetting requests for up to 999 passengers. PAXLST message containing more than 10 passengers directed to the DHS AQQ interface will not be replied to within 4 seconds. PAXLST messages directed to the DHS AQQ interface containing more than 99 names will result in an error message returned to the sending aircraft operator.
- There are five (5) Segment Groups, shown as GR.1 through GR.5. Note: A Group can be subordinate to another Group in the PAXLST. For example, Group 3 exists only if Group 2 is present. Both are mandatory for this implementation.
- One PAXLST message will be used to report passengers on a specific flight or for an itinerary that contains multiple flights. All passengers identified on a PAXLST message share the same reported itinerary. A separate PAXLST must be used to report crew member information. Separate PAXLST messages may also be sent to report replacement records for travelers previously added to the manifest. The various types of PAXLST messages must be transmitted separately as individual transmissions.
- Sender and Receiver ID qualifiers on the UNB segment are optional for this implementation.
- Sender and Receiver ID qualifiers on the UNG segment are <u>not supported</u> for this implementation.
- The Receiver ID on PAXLST messages reporting Crew/Non-Crew information to APIS must contain 'USCSAPIS' in the UNB and UNG segments for proper processing in APIS.

Sample PAXLST Message

Below is a sample PAXLST message in UN/EDIFACT format for a passenger manifest, with one line per segment. (Some segments and data elements used for crew manifests or MCLs only are not shown.)

```
UNA:+.? '
UNB+UNOA: 4+APIS*ABE+USADHS+070429:0900+00000001++USADHS'
UNG+PAXLST+XYZ AIRLINES+USADHS+070429:0900+100+UN+D:05B'
UNH+PAX001+PAXLST:D:05B:UN:IATA+API01+01'
BGM+745'
RFF+TN:BA123456789:::1'
NAD+MS+++JACKSON'
COM+703-555-1234:TE+703-555-9876:FX'
TDT+20+UA123+++UA'
LOC+125+YVR'
DTM+189:0704291230:201'
LOC+87+JFK'
DTM+232:0704291600:201'
TDT+20+UA124+++UA'
LOC+92+JFK'
DTM+189:0704291730:201'
LOC+92+ATL'
DTM+232:0704291945:201'
NAD+FL+++DOE:JOHN:WAYNE+20 MAIN ST+ANYCITY+VA+10053+USA'
ATT+2++M'
DTM+329:570121'
FTX+BAG+++UA123456:3'
LOC+22+JFK'
LOC+178+YVR'
LOC+179+ATL'
LOC+174+CAN'
COM+502-555-1234:TE'
NAT+2+CAN'
RFF+AVF: ABC123'
RFF+ABO:BA1321654987'
RFF+AEA:1234567890ABC'
RFF+CR: 20060907NY123'
RFF+SEA: 23C'
RFF+AGK:600'
RFF+AGU: AOFFCODEWORD'
DOC+P:110:111+MB1402411'
DTM+36:081021'
LOC+91+CAN'
CNT+42:1'
UNT+35+PAX001'
UNE+1+100'
UNZ+1+000000001'
```

6. PAXLST Segment Examples

This section identifies each segment utilized within the UN/EDIFACT PAXLST message set. The syntax and business rules governing the requirements for the <u>segments</u> follow each of the segment labels. The syntax and business rules governing the requirements for the <u>elements</u> are identified in the gray note box immediately following each element.

The 'Sample Images' provide an example of the specific segment usage. The information highlighted in blue in the examples is used to identify placement of the variable aircraft operator business data within the context of the segments/elements.

6.1 Service String Advice (UNA)

Segment: UNA Service String Advice

Group: Level: 0

Usage: Conditional (Optional)

Max Use: 1

Purpose: The service string advice segment shall begin with the upper case characters

UNA immediately followed by six characters in the order shown below. The space character shall not be used in any data element. The same character shall

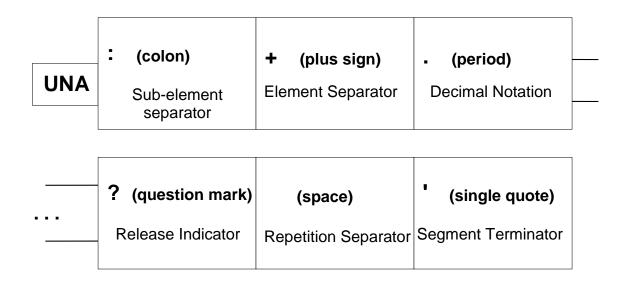
not be used in more than one position of the UNA.

Notes: The use of the UNA Segment is Optional for this implementation.

The UNA segment is used to set delimitation and character set for the body of the transmission. If the UNA is not sent, the values shown in this example will be

the assumed defaults for the entire message set.

6.1.1 UNA Example



6.1.2 UNA Element Definitions

Sample Image UNA:+.? '

Req.	Data	Componen	t		
<u>Designate</u>	Element UNA1	<u>Element</u>	Name COMPONENT DATA ELEMENT SEPARATOR	Attribu M	<u>tes</u> an1
	UNAI			IVI	alli
			Default value ':' (colon) Usage: To separate component (sub-) elements within a Composite data element.		
	UNA2		DATA ELEMENT SEPARATOR	M	an1
			Default value '+' (plus sign) Usage: To separate data elements.		
	UNA3		DECIMAL MARK	M	an1
	UNA4		Default value '.' (decimal point) Usage: To define character used as decimal point. RELEASE CHARACTER	М	an1
	UNA4			IVI	alli
			Default value '?' (question mark) Usage: Release character is used to immediately preceded any predefined delimiter character such that the character may be identified as part of the actual data.		
	UNA5		REPETITION SEPARATOR	M	an1
			Default value a space.		
	UNA6		SEGMENT TERMINATOR	M	an1
			Default value ' (single quote) Usage: To identify and delimit the end of a segment.		

6.2 Interchange Header (UNB)

Segment: UNB Interchange Header

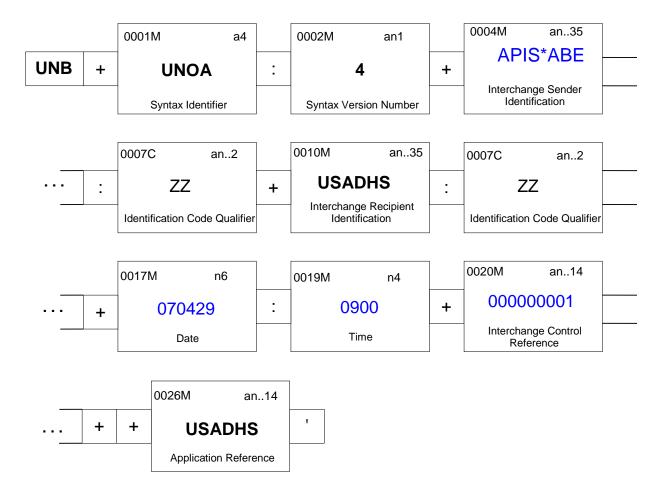
Group: Level: 0

Usage: Mandatory

Max Use:

Purpose: To start, identify and specify an interchange

6.2.1 UNB Example



6.2.2 UNB Element Definitions

Sample Image

UNB+UNOA:4+APIS*ABE+USADHS+070429:0900+000000001++USADHS'

Data	Element	Summary
------	---------	---------

Data (Componen	bata Element Summary		
Element S001	Element		<u>Attribu</u>	<u>ıtes</u>
		Identification of the agency controlling the syntax and inc	dication of	
		syntax level.		
	0001	Syntax Identifier	М	a4
		Always 'UNOA'.	-1 411	
		Code identifying the agency that controls the syntax, and range used in an interchange.	tne cnara	acter
	0002	Syntax Version Number	М	n1
		Always '4'.		
S002		INTERCHANGE SENDER		
		Identification of the sender of the interchange.		
	0004	Sender Identification	М	an35
		Identity of Aircraft Operator as made known to Customs	and	
		Transportation Security Agency. Up to 8 bytes are allow		
		This is the "Sender ID" of the message transmitter. The	Aircraft	
		Operator's DHS Coordinator will assign this ID.		
		If the sender is a service bureau, GDS, or other party tra behalf of some other Aircraft Operator, this is the ID of the		
		not the Aircraft Operator.	ic transini	itter,
		TSA Crew Vetting		
		When a Master Crew List (MCL), is being sent this will a "MCCL*TSA" for all Senders, regardless of the Sender II other types of messages.		r all
	0007	Partner identification code qualifier	С	an4
		Qualifier referring to the source of codes for the identifier interchanging partners.	rs of	
		Optional for this implementation. If provided, use value '2	ZZ'.	
S003		INTERCHANGE RECIPIENT		
		Identification of the recipient of the interchange.		
	0010	Recipient identification	M	an35
		Name or coded representation of the recipient of a data	interchanç	ge.
		For PRODUCTION data transmissions, this value should For TEST data transmissions, this value should be 'USA		
		The Receiver ID on PAXLST messages reporting <i>Crew/</i> information to APIS must contain ' USCSAPIS ' for proper APIS.		
	0007	Partner identification code qualifier	С	an4
		Qualifier referring to the source of codes for the identifier interchanging partners.	_	<i></i>

Optional for this implementation. If provided, use value 'ZZ'.

S004 DATE AND TIME OF PREPARATION

Date and time of preparation of the interchange.

0017 Date of preparation

M n6

Local date when an interchange or a functional group was prepared.

Date of message generation.

Interchange Date should be depicted as "YYMMDD"

where:

'YY' is the two digit Year 'MM' is the Month of the year 'DD' is the Day of the month

0019 Time of preparation

n4

М

М

Local time of day when an interchange or a functional group was

prepared.

Local time of message generation.

Reflected as 'HHMM'

0020 INTERCHANGE CONTROL REFERENCE

an..14

Unique reference assigned by the sender to an interchange.

Unique control number reference assigned by sending Aircraft

Operator's system.

Value contained in this element must match value contained in UNZ

interchange trailer segment, data element 0020.

0026 APPLICATION REFERENCE

1

an..14

Identification of the application area assigned by the sender, to which the messages in the interchange relate e.g. the message identifier if all

the messages in the interchange are of the same type.

Always 'USADHS'.

6.3 Group Header (UNG)

Segment: UNG Functional Group Header

Group: Level: 0

Usage: Conditional

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To begin a group of like transaction. Only one grouping of transactions will be

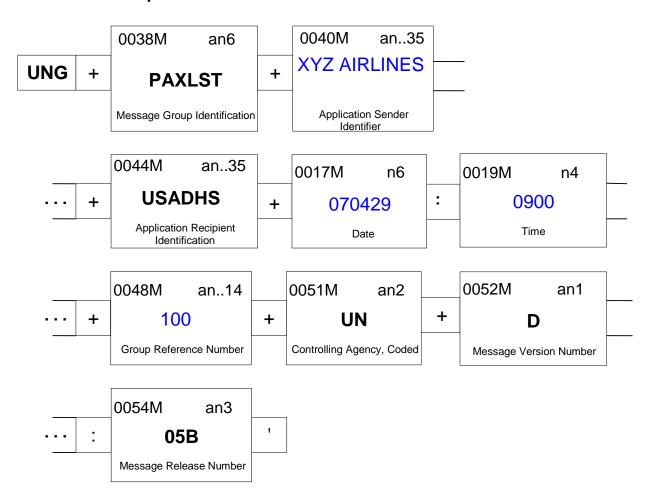
allowed for this implementation.

Notes: This segment is optional for this implementation. If a service bureau, GDS, or

other transmitting third party is transmitting the message on behalf an Aircraft Operator, this segment should specify the identity of the Aircraft Operator of

record (not the transmitter of the message).

6.3.1 UNG Example



6.3.2 UNG Element Definitions

Sample Image

UNG+PAXLST+XYZ AIRLINES+USADHS+070429:0900+100+UN+D:05B'

		Data Element Summary		
Data (Componen			
Element 0038	<u>Element</u>	Name FUNCTIONAL GROUP IDENTIFICATION	<u>Attribu</u> M	<u>utes</u> an6
		Identification of the one type of messages in a functiona	l group.	
		Always 'PAXLST'.		
S006		APPLICATION SENDER IDENTIFICATION		
		Identification of the sender's division, department etc. from	m which	а
		group of messages is sent.		
	0040	Application sender identification	M	an35
S 007		Name or code identifying the originating division, depart the sender's organization. If GDS or other than transporting carrier is transmitter, the contain the name of the carrier responsible for the trans- APPLICATION RECIPIENTS IDENTIFICATION	nis field sh	nould
		Identification of the recipient's division, department etc. I group of messages is intended.		
	0044	Application recipient's identification	M	an35
S004		Name or code identifying the division, department etc. we recipient's organization for which the group of messages For PRODUCTION data transmissions, this value should For TEST data transmissions, this value should be 'USA DATE AND TIME OF PREPARATION	s is intend d be 'USA	ADHS'.
		Date and time of preparation of the interchange.		
	0017	Date of preparation	М	n6
		Local date when an interchange or a functional group wa	as prepar	ed.
		May be similar to value sent in UNB S004:0017		
	0019	Time of preparation	M	n4
		Local time of day when an interchange or a functional graph prepared.	oup was	
		Reflected as 'HHMM'		
0048		FUNCTIONAL GROUP REFERENCE NUMBER		an14
		Reference number for the functional group assigned by within the sender's division, department etc. Unique control number reference assigned by sending A		ie
		Operator's system. Value contained in this element must match value contagroup trailer segment, data element 0048.		NE
0051		CONTROLLING AGENCY	M	an2
		Code identifying the agency controlling the specification and publication of the message type. Always 'UN'.		ance
S008		MESSAGE VERSION		
		Specification of the type of messages in the functional g	roup.	
	0052	Message type version number	M	an1
		Version number of a message type.		
		Always 'D'.		

0054 Message type release number

М

an..3

Release number within the current message type version number (0052).

Always '05B'.

6.4 Message Header (UNH)

Segment: UNH Message Header

Group:

Level: 0

Usage: Mandatory

Max Use:

Purpose: A service segment starting and uniquely identifying a message. The message

type code for the Passenger list message is PAXLST.

Note: Passenger list messages conforming to this document must contain the

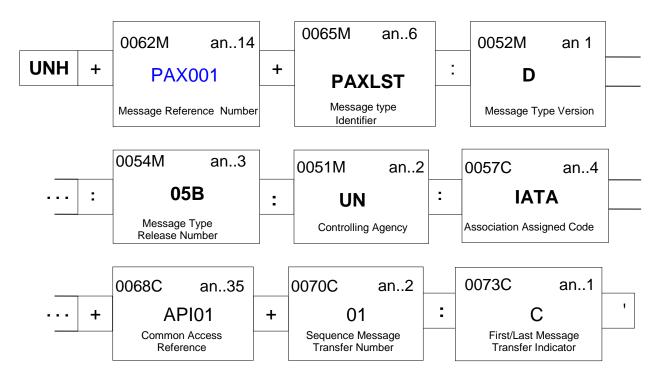
following data in segment UNH, composite S009:

Data element 0065 PAXLST 0052 D 0054 05B 0051

UN

Notes: This is a mandatory segment for this implementation.

6.4.1 UNH Example



6.4.2 UNH Element Definitions

Sample Image

UNH+PAX001+PAXLST:D:05B:UN:IATA+API01+01'

Data	Componen	Data Element Summary		
Element	Element		Attribu	ıtos
0062	Licinoni	MESSAGE REFERENCE NUMBER	M	an14
		Unique message reference assigned by the sender.		
		Unique control number assigned by Aircraft Operator sys	stem.	
S009		MESSAGE IDENTIFIER		
		Identification of the type, version etc. of the message be interchanged. Always 'PAXLST'.	ing	
	0065	Message type identifier	М	an6
		Code identifying a type of message and assigned by its agency.	controlling	9
	0050	Always 'PAXLST'.		4
	0052	Message type version number	M	an1
		Version number of a message type.		
		Always 'D'.		
	0054	Message type release number	M .	an3
		Release number within the current message type version (0052). Always '05B'.	n number	
	0051	Controlling agency	М	an2
	0031	Code identifying the agency controlling the specification.		
		and publication of the message type. Always 'UN'.	maintena	arice
	0057	Association assigned code	С	an4
		Code, assigned by the association responsible for the demaintenance of the message type concerned, which furt the message. Always 'IATA'.		fies
0068		COMMON ACCESS REFERENCE	С	an35
0000		Reference serving as a key to relate all subsequent tran	•	
		the same business case or file.	51010 01 at	10
S010		The use of this data element is Optional. Value will be reDHS CUSRES response message. STATUS OF THE TRANSFER	turned on	the
3010		Statement that the message is one in a sequence of trans	nefore role	ting
	0070	to the same topic. Sequence message transfer number	C	n2
		Number assigned by the sender indicating that the mess addition or change of a previously sent message relating topic.	sage is an	
		The use of this data element is Optional. May be used to incremented two digit sequence number assigned by an Operator to identify associated PAXLST transactions in sequence.	Aircraft	

0073 First/last sequence message transfer indication C a1

Indication used for the first and last message in a sequence of the same type of message relating to the same topic.

The use of this data element is Optional.

A value of 'C' indicates this transmission is a continuance of previously transmitted data for a particular flight.

A value of 'F' must be used to indicate a FINAL transmission of passenger/crew data reporting.

Messages reporting FINAL information must contain information regarding least one crew member or passenger.

6.5 Beginning of Message (BGM)

Segment: **BGM** Beginning of Message

Group: Level:

Usage: Mandatory

Max Use:

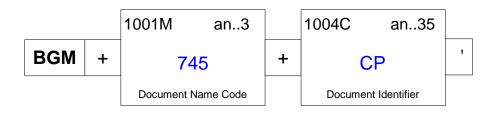
Purpose: A segment to indicate the type and function of the message.

Notes: This segment is mandatory.

The BGM Segment is used to determine the nature of the transaction as it applies to Passenger information reporting, Flight Reporting, or Crew reporting.

If a duplicate transmission is received for a passenger or crew who was previously reported and cleared for the flight, DHS will use the data supplied in the duplicate message to replace the previous version. If a full replacement is sent, all required data elements must be sent with the new transmission.

6.5.1 BGM Example



6.5.2 BGM Element Definitions

Sample Images and <u>Usage Guidelines</u>

BGM+745'	 Clear Passenger Request (Message type used to identify new passengers to DHS or to obtain updated ESTA status)
BGM+745+CP'	- Change Passenger Data (Message type may also be used to obtain updated ESTA status)
BGM+745+XR'	- Cancel Reservation/PNR
BGM+745+RP'	- Reduction in Party
BGM+266+CLNB'	 Flight Close-Out – Identifies Passengers Not Boarded (AQQ – International Flight reporting only)
BGM+266+CLOB'	 Flight Close-Out - Identifies Passengers On Board (AQQ – International Flight reporting only)
BGM+266+CL'	- Flight Close-Out only (AQQ – International Flight reporting only)
BGM+266+XF'	- Cancel Flight (AQQ – International Flight reporting only)
BGM+266+CF'	- Change Flight / Itinerary Information (Secure Flight Informational update only)
BGM+655'	- Gate Pass Request (Secure Flight only)
BGM+250'	- Flight Crew List (See data element summary for additional value examples)
BGM+250+CC'	- Flight Crew Change
BGM+336'	- Master Crew List

Data Element Gammary		
nt		
	<u>Attr</u>	<u>ibutes</u>
DOCUMENT/MESSAGE NAME		
Identification of a type of document/message by codpreferred.	le or name.	Code
Document name code	M	an3
Code specifying the document name.		
745 Passenger List		
655 Gate Pass Request		
	Name DOCUMENT/MESSAGE NAME Identification of a type of document/message by coopreferred. Document name code Code specifying the document name. 745 Passenger List	Name DOCUMENT/MESSAGE NAME Identification of a type of document/message by code or name. preferred. Document name code Code specifying the document name.

250 Crew List Declaration

336 Master Crew List

C106 DOCUMENT/MESSAGE IDENTIFICATION

Identification of a document/message by its number and eventually its version or revision.

1004 Document identifier

C an..35

To identify a document.

This data element is NOT used for standard clear passenger requests, nor used for Gate Pass issuance clearance requests.

For reporting changes to Passenger information previously reported to DHS, (**Document Name Code = 745**), the below values may be used in this data element:

CP - Change Passenger Data

XR - Cancel Reservation

RP - Reduction in Party (Delete Passenger on PNR)

For reporting Flight Close-Out or changes to Flight information previously reported to DHS, (**Document Name Code = 266**), the below values may be used in this data element:

CLNB - Flight Close-Out - reporting No Boards

CLOB - Flight Close-Out – reporting On Boards

CL - Flight Close out (no passengers reported in message)

XF - Cancel Flight

CF - Change of Flight Itinerary (Flight Number, Arrival/Departure times and airport locations)

For reporting Crew Flight Manifests (**Document Name Code = 250**), the following values may be used:

C - Passenger Flight, Regular Scheduled Crew

CC - Passenger Flight, Crew Change

B - Cargo Flight, Regular Scheduled Crew

BC - Cargo Flight, Crew Change

A - Overflight, Passenger Flights

D - Overflight, Cargo Flights

E - Domestic Continuance, Passenger Flight, Regular Scheduled Crew

EC - Domestic Continuance, Passenger Flight, Crew Change

F - Domestic Continuance, Cargo Flight, Regular Scheduled Crew

FC - Domestic Continuance, Cargo Flight, Crew Change

6.6 Reference (RFF) – Transaction Reference Number

Segment: RFF Reference

Group: Level: 0

Usage: Conditional (Optional)

Max Use:

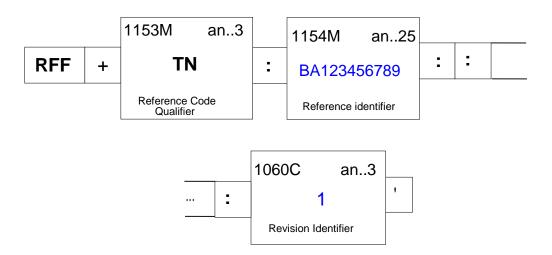
Purpose: A segment to specify message reference.

Notes: The use of this segment is Mandatory for Secure Flight. The RFF Segment

should contain values uniquely assigned by the Aircraft operator system. The RFF segment from the PAXLST will be returned to the Aircraft Operator to facilitate message reconciliation between the request (PAXLST) and response

(CUSRES).

6.6.1 RFF Example



6.6.2 RFF Element Definitions

Sample Image

RFF+TN:BA123456789:::1'

	Data	Componer	Data Element Summary		
M	Element C506	Element		<u>Attri</u>	<u>butes</u>
			Identification of a reference.		
		1153	Reference code qualifier	M	an3
			Code qualifying a reference.		
			Value 'TN' - Transaction Reference Number.		
		1154	Reference identifier	M	an25
			Identifies a reference.		
			Optional The value in this data element represents a TREFERENCE Number (TRN) that may be used by the Airca system to track/reconcile responses from DHS air passes systems. This value also allows DHS systems to unique	raft Oper enger re	rator porting

specific transmission from the Aircraft Operator system. The value in this element will be returned in the DHS response message (CUSRES) within the RFF segment in that message.

DHS will accept up to 25 bytes of data in this data element. The value assigned by the Aircraft Operator may contain alpha and numeric characters, and may include pound sign (#), dash (-), and period (.).

1060 Revision identifier

an..3

C

To identify a revision.

Optional. The numeric value in this data element identifies the sequence of the message as relates to updates applied to the same passenger manifest. The sequence number must be a non-zero value and should be incremented by +1 to reflect the implied revision sequence to the manifest.

DHS will accept up to 3 numeric bytes of data in this data element.

6.7 Name and Address (NAD) – Reporting Party

Segment: NAD Name and Address

Group: Segment Group 1 (Name and Address) Conditional (Optional)

Level: 1

Usage: Mandatory

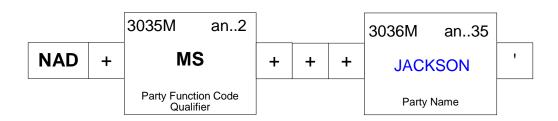
Max Use:

Purpose: A segment to identify the name, address and related function.

Notes: This segment used to identify Point of Contact information regarding the aircraft

operating party reporting passenger/crew information to DHS.

6.7.1 NAD Example



6.7.2 NAD Element Definitions

Sample Image

NAD+MS+++JACKSON'

Data Element Summary

Data	Compo	nent

Element Solution Solu

Code giving specific meaning to a party.

Always 'MS'.

C080 PARTY NAME

Identification of a transaction party by name, one to five lines. Party name

may be formatted.

3036 Party name M an..35

Name of a party.

Last Name of party reporting transmitted passenger or crew information.

6.8 Communication Contact (COM) – Reporting Party Contact Information

Segment: COM Communication Contact

Group: Segment Group 1 (Name and Address) Conditional (Optional)

Level: 2

Usage: Conditional (Optional)

Max Use:

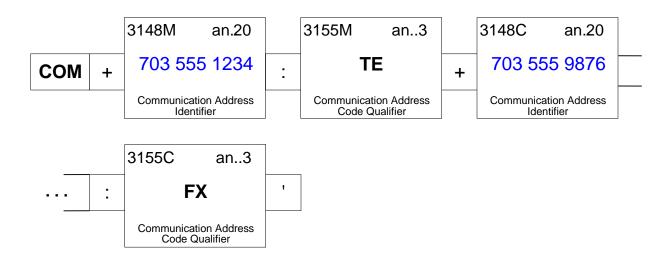
Purpose: A segment to identify communication numbers of departments or persons to

whom communication should be directed (e.g., telephone, fax number).

Notes: This segment used to identify contact information for the party reporting

passenger/crew information to DHS.

6.8.1 COM Example



6.8.2 COM Element Definitions

Sample Image

COM+703 555 1234:TE+703 555 9876:FX'

Data	Componen	nt entre				
Element	<u>Element</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Attribu</u>	<u>tes</u>		
C076		COMMUNICATION CONTACT				
		Communication number of a department or employee in a specified channel.				
	3148	Communication address identifier	M	an20		
		To identify a communication address.				
		DHS will accept up to 20 characters of data for a Telenumber.	ephone o	r Fax		
	3155	Communication address code qualifier	M	an3		
		Code qualifying the communication address.				
		FX Telefax				
		TE Telephone				
C076		COMMUNICATION CONTACT				
	Communication number of a department or employee in a specified channel.					
		Value "TE" or "FX".				
	3148	Communication address identifier	С	an20		
		To identify a communication address.				
		DHS will accept up to 20 characters of data for a Tele	ephone o	r Fax		
		number.	_			
	3155	Communication address code qualifier	С	an3		
		Code qualifying the communication address.				
		FX Telefax				
		TE Telephone				

6.9 Details of Transport (TDT) - Flight Identification

TDT Transport Information Segment:

Group: Segment Group 2 (Transport Information) Mandatory

Level:

Usage: Mandatory

Max Use: 10

Purpose: A segment to specify details of transport related to each leg, including means of

transport, mode of transport name and/or number of vessel and/or vehicle and/or

Notes: The TDT segment is mandatory for this implementation. The segment may be

repeated to report up to 10 specific flights (legs) on an flight itinerary for

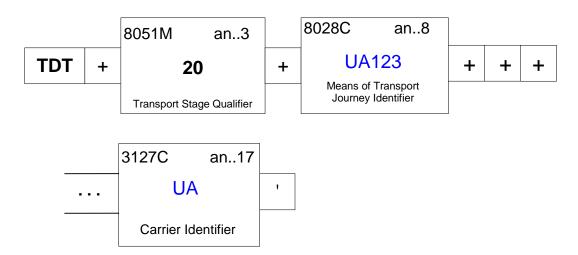
passengers and crew members.

Use the TDT to identify the Aircraft Operator and flight number relevant to the specific flight. Additionally, the TDT segment is a higher level 'parent' segment to the repeatable Segment Group 3 loop construct (LOC and DTM segments). The

LOC and DTM segments identify airport locations and timelines within the

itinerary.

6.9.1 TDT Example



6.9.2 TDT Element Definitions

Sample Image

TDT+20+UA123+++UA' TDT+34+AF123+++AF'

Data Element Summary

Component Data **Element Name**

TRANSPORT STAGE CODE QUALIFIER 8051

Attributes

Code qualifying a specific stage of transport.

an..3

'20' Inbound or Outbound International flights, Domestic U.S. flights '34' Overflights. Foreign air carrier flights overflying the continental United States.

8028

MEANS OF TRANSPORT JOURNEY IDENTIFIER C an..8

To identify a journey of a means of transport.

Flight Information. Up to eight (8) characters of data may be transmitted.

Formatted as Aircraft Operator code and Flight Number:

- Aircraft Operator Code is in IATA format, either AN2 or AN3
- Flight number up to 4 digits (numeric).

For **Gate Pass** issuance requests, this data element must contain the IATA/ICAO Aircraft Operator code.

Aircraft Operator code/flight number.

There are two general types of flight identifier formats:

1. IATA - used by regularly scheduled Aircraft operators.
Up to seven (7) characters of data are accepted, formatted as Aircraft Operator code and flight number:

- Aircraft Operator code is in IATA / ICAO format, either AN2 or AN3
- Flight number is up to 4 digits numeric

Note: An Aircraft Operator's operational suffix should not be sent, as is the current practice in US/EDIFACT formatted messages.

2. Tail Number - sometimes used by charter Aircraft operators. DHS strongly encourages these Aircraft operators to use a unique flight number system, rather than tail numbers.

- Registered aircraft tail number, up to 7AN.

---- TSA ----

TSA Regulations require a special flight number format for Master Crew Lists (MCLs):

Format is "cccxxMCL", where:

- ccc" the IATA Aircraft Operator Code
- "xx" a sequence number for the date of the list filing, starting at "01" and going up to "99" (i.e. 1st filing on a given day has "01", 2nd has "02", etc. The sequence restarts the next day.)
- "MCL" literal value

C040 CARRIER

C 1

Identification of a carrier by code and/or by name. Code preferred.

3127 Carrier identification

an..17

Identification of party undertaking or arranging transport of goods between named points.

IATA/ICAO carrier code (AN2 or A3).

6.10 Place/Location Identification (LOC) – Flight Itinerary

Segment: LOC Place/Location Identification

Group: Segment Group 3 (Place/Location Identification) Conditional (Optional)

Level: 2

Usage: Mandatory

Max Use:

Purpose: A segment to specify locations such as place of departure, place of destination,

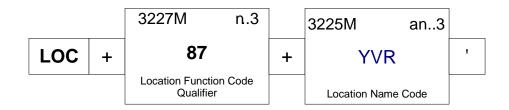
country of ultimate destination, country and/or place of transit, country of transit

termination, etc. of a passenger/crew.

Notes: Group 3 header Segment LOC may be used to report up to 10 airport locations

that comprise the entire journey of a specific flight.

6.10.1 LOC Example



6.10.2 LOC Element Definitions

Sample Image

LOC+87+YVR'

Data Element Summary

Data	Componer	t		
Element	<u>Element</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Attributes</u>	<u>s</u>
3227		LOCATION FUNCTION CODE QUALIFIER	M ar	า3

Code identifying the function of a location.

Inbound International flights (arriving in the United States), use the following values:

- 125 Airport of departure; last non-U.S. airport before the flight arrives in the U.S.
- 87 Airport of initial arrival in the United States

Outbound International flights (departing from the United States), use the following values:

- 125 Airport of departure; last U.S. airport before the flight leaves the U.S.
- 87 Airport of initial arrival outside U.S. territory

For Domestic U.S. Flight reporting - OR - for reporting of flights beginning and ending within the domain of a foreign country, prior to a continuing flight into the United States:

- 92 Used to identify BOTH the departure and arrival airport locations. The departure location LOC segment should appear first. The arrival location LOC segment should appear second.

For Overflights (Flights overflying the continental United States.) use the following values:

- 125 Non-U.S airport of Departure
- 87 Non-U.S airport of Arrival

For Gate Pass Issuance – Use '91' – Gate Pass issue location.

For reporting Overflights (Crew ONLY) - these are reported with the last foreign airport before entering U.S. airspace and the first foreign airport after leaving U.S. airspace:

- 125 Airport of departure; last foreign airport before the flight enters U.S. airspace
- 87 Airport of arrival; first foreign airport after the flight leaves U.S. airspace

Domestic Continuance flights -

SFR Regulations require reporting of the entire flight itinerary on a domestic continuance flight for any crew members that boarded the flight in the U.S. but were not on the flight when it crossed the U.S. border.

For reporting Master Crew List (MCL) - the following fixed values must be used:

- 1st occurrence LOC, use value '188' Filing Location
- 2nd occurrence LOC, use value '172' Reporting Location

C517 LOCATION IDENTIFICATION

Identification of a location by code or name.

3225 Location name code

Code specifying the name of the location.

Three (3) character IATA Airport Code.

6.11 Date/Time/Period (DTM) - Flight Leg Arrival / Departure

Segment: DTM Date/Time/Period

Group: Segment Group 3 (Place/Location Identification) Conditional (Optional)

Level: 3

Usage: Conditional (Optional)

Max Use:

Purpose: A segment to specify associated dates and/or times as required related to

locations.

M

an..3

Notes: Each DTM segment must follow the unique parent LOC segment.

Per AFR regulations, only the flight leg that crosses the U.S. border is reported. Only the start and end airports for that leg are needed. Therefore, only the departure date/time for the starting airport and the arrival date/time for the ending airport are needed

6.11.1 DTM Example



6.11.2 DTM Element Definitions

Sample Images

DTM+189:0704291230:201'

Data Element Summary

Data (Componen	t				
<u>Element</u>	<u>Element</u>		<u>Attribu</u>	tes		
C507		DATE/TIME/PERIOD				
		Date and/or time, or period relevant to the specified date/time/period				
		type.				
	2005	Date or time or period function code qualifier	M	an3		
		Code qualifying the function of a date, time or period.				
		 Departure date/time, scheduled (for Flight Close-o This value will represent the <u>scheduled</u> departure Arrival date/time, scheduled 	date/time)			
	0000	554 Arrival/Departure date/time used for MCL submiss		10		
	2380	Date or time or period text	M	an10		
		The value of a date, a date and time, a time or of a perio representation. All Dates and Times reported should reflect the local date Airport to which they refer.				
Date/Time value formatted as 'Y'		Date/Time value formatted as 'YYMMDDhhmm' where:				
		YY - Year				
		MM - Month				
		DD - Day				
		hh - Hour mm- Minutes				
	2379	Date or time or period format code	С	an3		
Code specifying the representation of a date, time or period.			iod.			
		Optional for this implementation. If sent, use Value '201'	(format c	ode		

YYMMDDhhmm).

6.12 Name and Address (NAD) - Traveler Identification

Segment: NAD Name and Address

Group: Segment Group 4 (Name and Address) Conditional (Optional)

Level:

Usage: Mandatory

Max Use: 1 (Per NAD Segment Group 4 occurrence)

Purpose: A segment specifying name of the passenger or crew member.

Notes: This segment used to begin segment loop containing Passenger or Crew

information.

Name Reporting Requirements. Full name required for the following scenarios:

- Domestic U.S. Flights
- International Flights (Inbound and Outbound)
- International to International Flights (U.S. Aircraft operators only)
- Gate Pass Issuance (U.S. Airports)
- Flight Close-out (identifying booked passengers that did not board the flight)
- Crew (for International flights or Overflights of U.S. territories)

Name Reporting Rules:

Last and First Names must be complete. A single character initial should not be used to represent either First or Last name unless it is part of the traveler's legal name.

Imbedded spaces are allowed in all name fields.

Numeric characters are not allowed in name fields.

Special characters are <u>not</u> commonly found in the machine readable zone (MRZ) of a travel document and should therefore not be included within the name field. In the event data is collected without the use of a document reader, the use of a hyphen (-) and/or apostrophe (') are the only special characters allowed within the name field.

Accents or any other diacritical marks should not appear on any character.

Name components should be reported in the same manner as they exist on the ICAO-standard MRZ of the primary travel document.

The following points should be taken into consideration:

- 1.) An MRZ delimiter of "<<" appearing in the MRZ name part translates into a sub-element separator (":") in composite element C080 of the NAD segment.
- 2.) A "<" translates into a space on the APIS message do not remove the single "<" and concatenate a two-name component. (i.e., "SMITH<JONES" becomes "SMITH JONES")
- 3.) For greater accuracy, it is advisable to extract the travel name from the MRZ of the travel document instead of using names found within a reservation/booking. This will eliminate titles (such as "Mr.", "Mrs.", "Dr.", honorific suffixes such as "MD", and embedded hyphens or other punctuation such as "Smith-Corona").

- 4.) If there is a name suffix, such as "Jr." in "Robert Johnson Jr.", the ICAO standard for MRZ would exclude the name suffix. Therefore, this should be reported as "JOHNSON:ROBERT".
- 5.) If a name component on the MRZ exceeds the length provided for in this segment definition, DHS will truncate the extra characters for that component.
- 6.) If a name component has more than one fragment or has embedded punctuation, follow the format of the MRZ.

Some examples:

An MRZ name part of "DOE<<JOHN<WAYNE" should be reported as "DOE:JOHN WAYNE".

If Juan-Jesus Ramirez has a passport with an MRZ of "RAMIREZ<JUAN<JESUS", report it as "RAMIREZ:JUAN JESUS".

James O'Reilly will appear on the MRZ as "O<REILLY<<JAMES" and should be reported as "O REILLY:JAMES".

If the MRZ identifies James O'Reilly on the MRZ as "OREILLY<<JAMES", the name should be reported as "OREILLY:JAMES".

Marie Hansen-Maher will appear on the MRZ as "HANSEN<MAHER<<MARIE" and should be reported as "HANSEN MAHER :MARIE".

Address Reporting Rules

Address elements (Number/Street, City, State, and Postal Code) are conditional on a number of factors. According to AFR regulations:

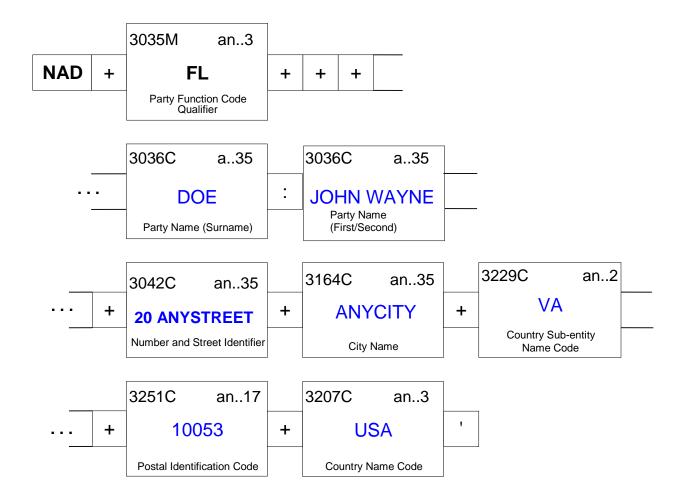
U.S. Destination Address is required for all passengers on Inbound flights except:

- U.S. citizens
- Legal permanent residents
- In-transit passengers
- Crew members

If a passenger is joining a ship or is en route to a foreign destination, provisions have been defined to accept a description of the destination as follows: "Transit to Caribbean Princess, Miami, FL, USA, 99999". This is deemed acceptable as long as all fields contain accurate information.

AFR Regulations require Home Address, including Country, for all crew members.

6.12.1 NAD Example



6.12.2 NAD Element Definitions

Sample Image

Inbound International Flights

NAD+FL+++DOE:JOHN WAYNE+20 MAIN STREET+ANYCITY+VA+10053+USA'

Outbound International Flights and Domestic U.S. Only Flights NAD+FL+++DOE:JOHN WAYNE'

Crew Member (report address of home location)

NAD+FM+++PICARD: JAVERT A+20 ANYSTREET+PARIS+++FRA'

(NOTE-In accordance with ICAO 9303 Document standards, the above examples align with the MRZ guidelines for transmitting the NAD field)

nent_Summ	-			
	Componen			
Element 3035	Element	Name PARTY FUNCTION CODE QUALIFIER	<u>Attribu</u> M	<u>ıtes</u> an3
		Code giving specific meaning to a party.		
		FL Passenger FM Crew member DDU Intransit Passenger DDT Intransit Crew Member COT Involved Party - Gate Pass request ZZZ - For Cancel Reservation and Flight Close-out mes	sages	
C080		PARTY NAME	lines Dem	4
		Identification of a transaction party by name, one to five name may be formatted.	illies. Par	ιy
	3036	Party name	С	an35
		Name of a party.		
		Last name of passenger or crew member. Refer to segr	ment note	S.
	3036	Party name	С	an35
		Name of a party.		
		First given name of passenger or crew member. Refer to	to segmer	nt
		notes.		
	3036	Party name	С	an35
		Name of a party.		
C059		Second given name (or initial) of passenger or crew mer segment notes. STREET	mber. Re	fer to
		Street address and/or PO Box number in a structured action lines.	ddress: or	
	3042	Street and number or post office box identifier	С	an35
		To identify a street and number and/or Post Office box r		
		For Inbound international flights, Street address of final US.	destinatio	n in
		Not required for Outbound International flight reporting.		
3164		CITY NAME	С	an35
		Name of a city.		
		For Inbound international flights, City of final destination	in US.	
C819		Not required for Outbound international flight reporting. COUNTRY SUB-ENTITY DETAILS		
		To specify a part of a country (e.g. county or part of a cit	ty).	
	3229	Country sub-entity name code	С	an2
		Code specifying the name of a country sub-entity.		
		For Inbound international flights, identity of state of final US. Two character State code.	destination	n in
3251		Not required for Outbound international flight reporting. POSTAL IDENTIFICATION CODE	C 1	an17
3231		Code specifying the postal zone or address.	•	a
		For Inbound international flights, postal or route code of	final desti	nation
		in US.	iii ai uesti	nation
		Not required for Outbound international flight reporting.		
3207		COUNTRY NAME CODE	-	an3
		Identification of the name of the country or other geogra defined in ISO 3166-1.	phical ent	ity as
		ISO 3166-1 3-character country code.		

6.13 Attribute (ATT) – Traveler Gender

Segment: ATT Attribute

Group: Segment Group 4 (Name and Address) Conditional (Optional)

Level: 2

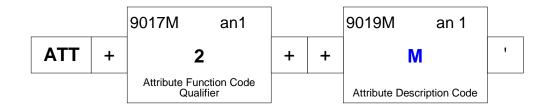
Usage: Conditional (Optional)

Max Use:

Purpose: A segment specifying passenger's and/or crew attributes such as complexion

and build.

6.13.1 ATT Example



6.13.2 ATT Element Definitions

Sample Image

ATT+2++M'

Data	Componer	IT.		
Element	<u>Element</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Attributes</u>	
9017		ATTRIBUTE FUNCTION CODE QUALIFIER	M	an1
		Code qualifying an attribute function.		
		Always '2'.		
C956		ATTRIBUTE DETAIL		
		Identification of the attribute related to an entity.		
	9019	Attribute description code	M	an1
		Code specifying an attribute.		
		M - Male		
		F – Female		
		Other character = gender code included on valid Governmen		
		issued ID (For TSA)		

6.14 Date/Time/Period (DTM) - Traveler Date of Birth

Segment: DTM Date/Time/Period

Group: Segment Group 4 (Name and Address) Conditional (Optional)

Level: 2

Usage: Conditional (Optional)

Max Use: 1

Purpose: A segment to specify date of birth.

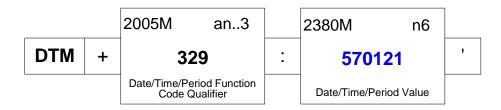
Notes: One occurrence of the DTM segment to identify Date of Birth of passenger or

crew member.

The birth date should match the value as scanned from the travel document's machine-readable zone (MRZ), not including any check digit. For example, a passport with DOB of 16 Sep 1956 might have an MRZ field of "5609165", which

should be reported as "DTM+329:560916".

6.14.1 DTM Example



YY - Year MM - Month DD - Day

6.14.2 DTM Element Definitions

Sample Image

DTM+329:570121'

Data	Componen	it		
Element	Element	<u>Name</u>	<u>Attribu</u>	<u>ıtes</u>
C507		DATE/TIME/PERIOD		
		ate and/or time, or period relevant to the specified date/time/period pe.		
	2005	Date or time or period function code qualifier	M	an3
		Code qualifying the function of a date, time or period.		
		Always '329'.		
	2380	Date or time or period text	M	n6
		The value of a date, a date and time, a time or of a period in a specific representation.		
		Date of Birth. Value formatted as 'YYMMDD' where:		

6.15 Process Information (GEI) – Verification Indicator

Segment: **GEI** Processing Information

Group: Segment Group 4 (Name and Address) Conditional (Optional)

Level: 2

Usage: Conditional (Optional)

Max Use: 2

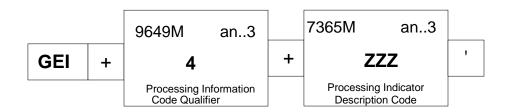
Purpose: A segment to specify indicators such as risk assessment.

Notes: The usage of this segment within a specific NAD Passenger/Crew detail loop

reported to DHS is to identify that the information reported for this passenger has

been verified.

6.15.1 GEI Example



6.15.2 GEI Element Definitions

Sample Image

GEI+4+ZZZ'

Data	Componen	t		
Element	<u>Element</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Attrik</u>	outes
9649		PROCESSING INFORMATION CODE QUALIFIER	M	an3
		Code qualifying the processing information.		
		Value always '4' Party Type Information.		
C012		PROCESSING INDICATOR		
		Identification of the processing indicator.		
	7365	Processing indicator description code	M	an3
		Code specifying a processing indicator.		
		Value: 'ZZZ' - Verified Information		

6.16 Free Text (FTX) - Bag Tag Identification Reporting

Segment: FTX Free Text

Group: Segment Group 4 (Error Point Details) Conditional (Optional)

Level: 2

Usage: Conditional (Optional)

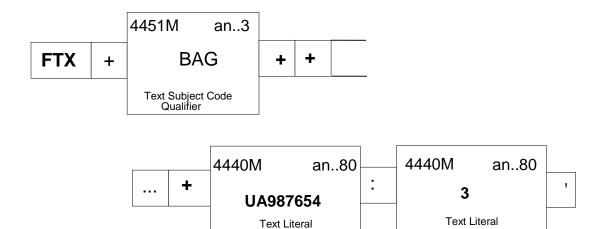
Max Use: 99

Purpose: A segment to provide explanation and/or supplementary information related to

the specified application error.

Notes: This segment is optional and may be used to report Bag Tag information.

6.16.1 FTX Example



6.16.2 FTX Element Definitions

Sample Image

FTX+BAG+++UA123456' FTX+BAG+++UA987654:3'

Data	Componen	t		
Element	<u>Element</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Attribu</u>	<u>ıtes</u>
4451		TEXT SUBJECT CODE QUALIFIER	M	an3
		Code qualifying the subject of the text.		
		Values 'BAG' – Bag Tag Information		
C108		TEXT LITERAL		
		Free text; one to five lines.		
	4440	Free text	M	an80
		Free form text.		
		Optional. This element reports the Bag Tag identification	n referenc	e.
	4440	Free text	M	an80
		Free form text.		
		Optional. This element reports a numeric value indicatin values in a +1 increment beginning with the value in the element.		nce of

6.17 Place/Location Identification (LOC) - Residence / Itinerary / Birth

Segment: LOC Place/Location Identification

Group: Segment Group 4 (Name and Address) Conditional (Optional)

Level: 2

Usage: Conditional (Optional)

Max Use: 5

Purpose: A segment indicating country of birth and port/place of origin (embarkation).

transit and destination (debarkation) of a passenger and/or crew.

Notes: This LOC segment reports the Traveler's Itinerary.

The LOC segment is used for reporting the following information:

- Airport of first U.S. arrival (Required for Inbound international flights)

- Country of residence (Inbound international flights)

- Port of embarkation

- Port of debarkation

- Place of birth (Crew member reporting only)

Date Element 3227 identifies the specific location information being reported.

Reporting Rules:

Airport of first U.S. arrival into U.S. This information is mandatory for inbound International passenger reporting. Use value '22' in qualifying element 3227. (Note: This information must be reported as a U.S. airport code, regardless of any pre-screening procedures conducted at a non-U.S. airport.)

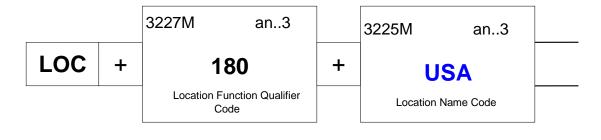
Country of Residence. This information is mandatory for inbound International passenger reporting. Use value '174' in qualifying element 3227.

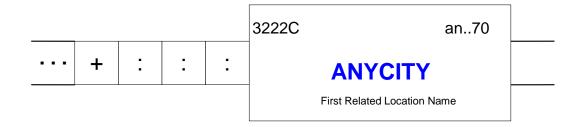
Airport of embarkation, known airport where the traveler began journey. Use value '178' in qualifying element 3227.

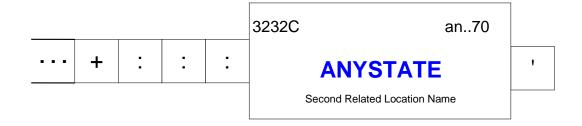
Airport of debarkation, known airport where the traveler ends journey. Use value '179' in qualifying element 3227.

Place of Birth. This information is mandatory for Crew member reporting. Use value '180' in qualifying element 3227.

6.17.1 LOC Example







6.17.2 LOC Element Definitions

Sample Images

LOC+174+CAN'

LOC+180+USA+:::ANYCITY+:::ANYSTATE'

		Data Element Summary		
	Componen		A 44 v i la .	1400
3227	<u>Element</u>	LOCATION FUNCTION CODE QUALIFIER	Attribu M	an3
V		Code identifying the function of a location.		u
		Values:		
		22 Airport of first U.S. arrival (Inbound international fl		
		174 Country of residence (Inbound international flights178 Port of embarkation	<i>i)</i>	
		179 Port of debarkation		
0545		180 Place of birth (Crew member reporting only)		
C517		LOCATION IDENTIFICATION		
	3225	Identification of a location by code or name. Location name code	М	an3
	3223	Code specifying the name of the location.	IVI	alls
		Values in this data element will be identified as follows:		
		When qualifier element 3227 = '22' - this element will co	ntain an I	ATA
		Airport Code identifying the airport where the passenger		
		will be processed through U.S. Customs and Border Proprocedures.	tection (C	CBP)
		procedures.		
		When qualifier element 3227 = '174' - this element will i		
		character ISO 3166-1 Country of Residence code for p crew member.	assenger	or
		When qualifier element 3227 = '178' - this element will c	ontain an	IATA
		Airport Code identifying the known airport where the pas	ssenger/ci	rew
		member began the journey, including any connecting fliq one being reported.	ghts befor	e the
		one being reported.		
		When qualifier element 3227 = '179' - this element will of		
		Airport Code identifying the known airport where the pas member ends the journey, regardless of any connecting		
		the one being reported.	nignts be	1016
		When qualifier element 3227 = '180' - this element will in the protect ISO 3166.1. Country of Pirth for Crow members		
C519		character ISO 3166-1 Country of Birth for Crew member RELATED LOCATION ONE IDENTIFICATION	er reportin	ıy.
		Identification the first related location by code or name.		
		The composite data element used for reporting additional information only.	al Crew	
	3222	First related location name	С	an70
		Name of first related location.		
		City of birth (Crew member reporting only)		

C553 RELATED LOCATION TWO IDENTIFICATION

Identification of second related location by code or name.

The composite data element used for reporting additional Crew

information only.

3232 Second related location name C an..70

Name of the second related location.

State/Province of birth (Crew member reporting only)

6.18 Communication Contact (COM) - Traveler Contact Information

Segment: COM Communication Contact

Group: Segment Group 4 (Name and Address) Conditional (Optional)

Level: 2

Usage: Conditional (Optional)

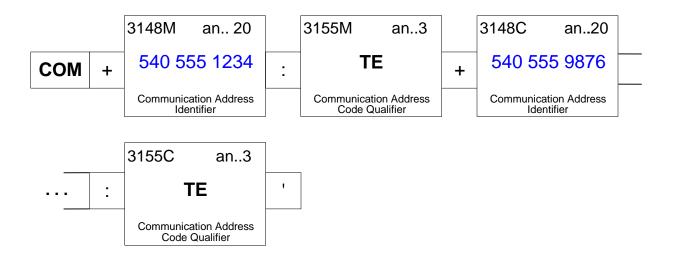
Max Use: 1

Purpose: A segment to identify communication numbers of departments or persons to

whom communication should be directed (e.g., telephone, fax number).

Notes: This segment used to identify contact information for the traveler.

6.18.1 COM Example



6.18.2 COM Element Definitions

Sample Image

COM+540 555 1234:TE+540 555 9876:TE'

Data Element Summary

Data	Componen	ıt ever ever ever ever ever ever ever eve		
<u>Element</u>	<u>Element</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Attribu</u>	<u>ıtes</u>
C076		COMMUNICATION CONTACT		
		Communication number of a department or employee in channel.	n a specifie	ed
	3148	Communication address identifier	M	an20
		To identify a communication address.		
		Primary traveler contact phone number. DHS will accharacters of data for a Telephone number.	ccept up t	o 20
	3155	Communication address code qualifier	M	an3
		Code qualifying the communication address.		
		TE Telephone		
C076		COMMUNICATION CONTACT		
		Communication number of a department or employee in channel.	n a specifie	ed
	3148	Communication address identifier	С	an20
		To identify a communication address.		
		Secondary traveler contact phone number. DHS will 20 characters of data for a Telephone.	II accept ι	ıp to
	3155	Communication address code qualifier	С	an3
		Code qualifying the communication address.		
		TE Telephone		

6.19 Employment Details (EMP) - Crew Member Status / Function

Segment: **EMP** Employment Details

Group: Segment Group 4 (Name and Address) Conditional (Optional)

Level: 2

Usage: Conditional (Optional)

Max Use: 1

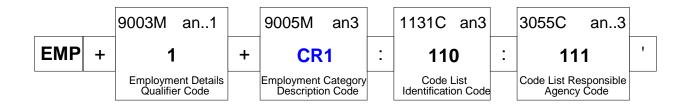
Purpose: A segment to indicate the occupation of a passenger or the rank of crew.

Notes: This segment used for Crew member reporting only.

The EMP segment is used to report the status of Crew members on board the

flight.

6.19.1 EMP Example



6.19.2 EMP Element Definitions

Sample Image

EMP+1+CR1:110:111'

Data	Componen	it		
Element	<u>Element</u>		Attrib	
9003		EMPLOYMENT DETAILS CODE QUALIFIER	М	an1
		Code qualifying the employment details.		
		Value '1'.		
C948		EMPLOYMENT CATEGORY		
		Code and/or description of an employment category.		
	9005	Employment category description code	М	an3
		Code specifying the employment category.		
		TSA Regulations require reporting crew member Traveloas follows:	er type in	dicator
		CR1 - Cockpit crew and individuals in the cockpit CR2 - Cabin crew (e.g. flight attendants) CR3 - Airline operation management with cockpit access inspectors, instructors) CR4 - Cargo non-cockpit crew and/or non-crew individuals.	, ,	ıfety
		CR5 - Pilots on aircraft but not on duty (deadhead).		
	1131	Code list identification code	С	an3
		Code identifying a user or association maintained code	ist.	
		Always '110' - U.S. DHS Special Codes		
	3055	Code list responsible agency code	С	an3
		Code specifying the agency responsible for a code list.		
		Value always '111' - U.S., Department of Homeland Sec	curity	

6.20 Nationality (NAT) - Traveler Citizenship

Segment: NAT Nationality

Group: Segment Group 4 (Name and Address) Conditional (Optional)

Level: 2

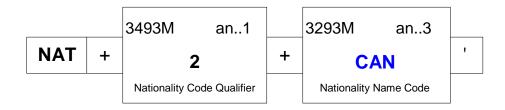
Usage: Conditional (Optional)

Max Use:

Purpose: A segment to indicate the nationality of a passenger and/or crew.

Notes: This segment used to report Citizenship (Nationality) of a specific traveler.

6.20.1 NAT Example



6.20.2 NAT Element Definitions

Sample Image

NAT+2+CAN'

Data	Componen	it		
Element	Element	<u>Name</u>	<u>Attribu</u>	<u>utes</u>
3493		NATIONALITY CODE QUALIFIER	M	an1
		Code qualifying a nationality.		
		Always '2'		
C042		NATIONALITY DETAILS		
		To specify a nationality.		
	3293	Nationality name code	M	an3
		Code specifying the name of a nationality.		
		3 character ISO 3166-1 Country Code to reflect country (citizenship).	y of natior	nality

6.21 Reference (RFF) - Traveler Identification

Segment: RFF Reference

Group: Segment Group 4 (Name and Address) Conditional (Optional)

Level: 2

Usage: Conditional (Optional)

Max Use: 9

Purpose: A segment specifying the number assigned by an Aircraft Operator that identifies

a passenger's reservation.

Notes: This RFF segment reports the following information:

- Passenger Name Record Locator

- Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

- DHS Passenger Redress Number

- DHS Known Traveler Number - Assigned Seat Number/Identifier-

- Aircraft Operator Frequent Flier Codeword

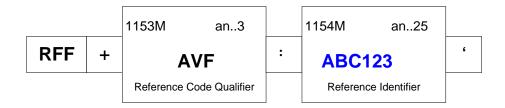
- DHS Passenger Risk Indicator (Future Use)

- DHS Known Traveler Data (Future Use)

Note:

As required under the Secure Flight Final Rule (Oct 2008), both the Passenger Name Record Locator and the Unique Passenger Reference number must be supplied when sending interactive data. In the event a PNR locator is not available, the carrier may assign a unique value not to exceed 6 bytes of data.

6.21.1 RFF Example



6.21.2 RFF Element Definitions

Sample Image

RFF+AVF:ABC123'

RFF+ABO:BA1321654987'

RFF+SEA:22A'

RFF+AEA:1234567890ABC'

RFF+CR:20060907NY123'

RFF+AGK:600'

RFF+AGU:AOFFCODEWORD'

Data Element Summary

M	Data Element C506	Componer Element	Name REFERENCE	<u>Attrib</u>	<u>utes</u>
		1153	Identification of a reference. Reference code qualifier Code qualifying a reference. Valid values:	M	an3
			 AVF - Passenger Name Record Locator ABO - Aircraft operators Unique Passenger Reference i (Originator's reference) AEA - DHS Passenger Redress Number (Government a reference number) CR - DHS Known Traveler Number SEA - Seat Number/Identifier ANX - Aircraft Operator Frequent Flier Codeword AGK - DHS Passenger Risk Indicator (Future Use) ANK - DHS Known Traveler Data (Future Use) AVP - DHS Known Traveler Data (Future Use) GN - DHS Known Traveler Data (Future Use) 		
		1154	Reference identifier	М	an25

Identifies a reference.

The value provided in this data element will correspond to the meaning as applied by the value contained in DE 1153. The expected characteristics for each data item are as follows:

Passenger Name Record Locator	an6
Seat Number/Identifier	n3a1
DHS Passenger Redress Number	an 13
DHS Known Traveler Number	an 25
Aircraft Operator Frequent Flier Codeword	an 25
DHS Passenger Risk Indicator (Future Use)	an 10
DHS Known Traveler Data (Future Use)	an 25
Aircraft operators Unique Passenger Reference (UPR) i	identifier
	an 25

The value assigned by the Aircraft Operator for the UPR may contain alpha and numeric characters, and contain pound sign (#), dash (-), and period (.).

6.22 Document/Message Details (DOC) – *Traveler Document(s)*

Segment: DOC Document/Message Details

Group: Segment Group 5 (Document/Message Details) Conditional (Optional)

Level: 2

Usage: Mandatory

Max Use: 1 (Per DOC Segment Group 5 occurrence)

Purpose: A segment identifying passenger and/or crew travel documents, such as

passports, visas etc.

Notes: The DOC segment is the hierarchical parent segment for a group of segments

used to report information regarding passenger travel documentation. Travel documentation is not required for U.S. citizens traveling on domestic flights.

A DOC segment may be followed by a DTM and/or LOC segment to provide

additional information as relates to the document being reported.

Up to two (2) DOC segments may be sent to DHS on the PAXLST to report passenger or crew travel documents.

Valid Travel Documents Include:

Passport

Alien Registration card

Permanent resident card

U.S. military ID or NATO ID

Re-entry permit and Asylee Travel Document or refugee permit

NEXUS card

Facilitation document

U.S. Visa (Secondary Document Only)

Pilots License (crew members only)

US Merchant Mariner document

Employment Authorization Card (Secondary Document Only)

Laser Visa-Border Crossing Card (Secondary Document Only)

Travel Document reporting rules:

Passenger reporting:

A valid travel document (and secondary document, if applicable) is required for all passengers on international flights to or from the U.S.

Master Crew List reporting:

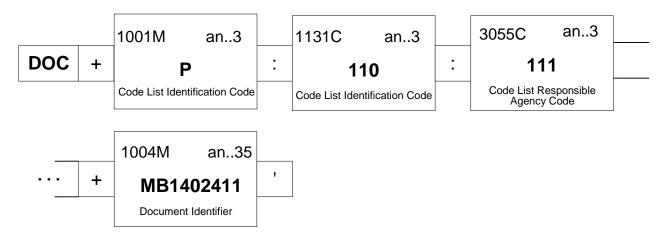
Report the Pilot's license (if applicable) and report Country of Issue in LOC segment.

Report Passport number and expiration information in the DTM segment.

Arriving/Departing Crew member reporting:

Report Passport number and pilot's license (where applicable), or if a crew member is other than a pilot, report the permanent resident card if the crew member is a legal permanent resident.

6.22.1 DOC Example



6.22.2 DOC Element Definitions

Sample Image

DOC+P:110:111+MB1402411'

5.4		Data Element Summary		
Data Element C002	Componen <u>Element</u>		<u>Attribu</u>	<u>ıtes</u>
		Identification of a type of document/message by code or preferred.	r name. Co	ode
	1001	Document name code	M	an3
		Code specifying the document name.		
		Valid Travel Document codes are:		
		P - Passport		
		C, C1 - Permanent resident card		
		A – Alien registration card		
		M - U.S. military ID		
		G – U.S. Merchant Mariner Document		it
		T, PR, PT - Re-entry permit and Asylee Travel Documer IA – Employment Authorization Card with the notations		
		advance parole" or "valid for re-entry to the U.S"	00.100 a	3.3.2
		I, IN – NEXUS card		
		F – Facilitation document		
		V, VB, VI, VN - U.S. Visa (Secondary Document Only) L – Pilot's license (crew members only)		
		L Thors heerise (erew members only)		
	1131	Code list identification code	С	an3
		Code identifying a user or association maintained code	list.	
		Always '110' - U.S. DHS Special Codes		
	3055	Code list responsible agency code	С	an3
		Code specifying the agency responsible for a code list.		

Always '111' - U.S., Department of Homeland Security

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C503 DOCUMENT/MESSAGE DETAILS

Identification of document/message by number, status, source and/or

language.

1004 Document identifier

an..35

M

To identify a document.

Unique number assigned to document identified in element C002:1001.

For PASSPORT reporting: Send 9 byte Passport identification only.

Do not send check digit value that may appear on MRZ.

6.23 Date/Time/Period (DTM) – Traveler Document Expiration

Segment: DTM Date/Time/Period

Group: Segment Group 5 (Document/Message Details) Conditional (Optional)

Level: 3

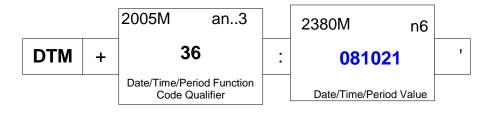
Usage: Conditional (Optional)

Max Use:

Purpose: A segment to specify associated dates/times related to documents.

Notes: The DTM segment is used to report the expiration date on the Passport.

6.23.1 DTM Example



6.23.2 DTM Element Definitions

Sample Image DTM+36:081021'

Data	Componer	ı t		
Element C507	Element	Name DATE/TIME/PERIOD	<u>Attri</u>	butes
0001	2005	Date and/or time, or period relevant to the specified date type. Date or time or period function code qualifier	e/time/p M	eriod an3
	2003	Code qualifying the function of a date, time or period.		a115
		36 Date of expiry for Passport		
	2380	Date or time or period text	M	n6
		The value of a date, a date and time, a time or of a perior representation.	od in a s	specified
		Date formatted as ' YYMMDD' where:		
		YY - Year		
		MM - Month		
		DD - Day		

6.24 Place/Location Identification (LOC) – Document Issuing Country

Segment: LOC Place/Location Identification

Group: Segment Group 5 (Document/Message Details) Conditional (Optional)

Level: 3

Usage: Conditional (Optional)

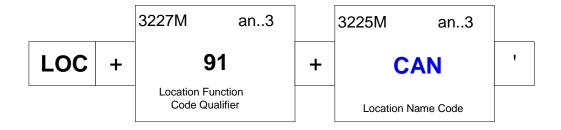
Max Use: 1

Purpose: A segment indicating the country that issued the document.

Notes: The LOC segment is used to report the country code for the country where the

Passport or Pilot's license (for Crew) was issued.

6.24.1 LOC Example



6.24.2 LOC Element Definitions

Sample Images

LOC+91+CAN'

Data	Componen	τ		
Element	<u>Element</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Attribu</u>	<u>ites</u>
3227		LOCATION FUNCTION CODE QUALIFIER	М	an3
		Code identifying the function of a location.		
		Always '91' - Place of document issue.		
C517		LOCATION IDENTIFICATION		
		Identification of a location by code or name.		
	3225	Location name code	M	an3
		Code specifying the name of the location.		
		Mandatory data element. Should reflect the 3 character Country Code.	ISO 3166	i-1

6.25 Control Total (CNT)

Segment: CNT Control Total

Group: Level: 0

Usage: Conditional (Optional)

Max Use:

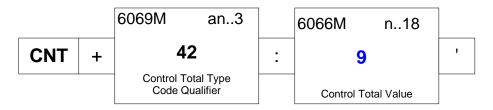
Purpose: A segment specifying control totals such as the total number of passengers/ crew

members in the message.

Notes: This is a mandatory segment for this implementation. Only one CNT segment

may be sent on the PAXLST.

6.25.1 CNT Example



6.25.2 CNT Element Definitions

Sample Image

CNT+42:9' CNT+41:12'

Data	Componer	nt		
Element	Element		<u>Attribu</u>	<u>ıtes</u>
C270		CONTROL		
		Control total for checking integrity of a message or part	of a mess	age.
	6069	Control total type code qualifier	M	an3
		Code qualifying the type of control of hash total.		
		41 Total number of crew members		
		42 Total number of passengers		
	6066	Control total quantity	M	n18
		To specify the value of a control quantity.		
		Value in this element should reflect the following:		
		For DHS Boarding Pass issuance, the value in this data		must
		be the total number of travelers included in this transmis		
		For Flight Close-out transmissions, the value in this data		
		reflect the total number passengers or crew members o	n the flight	t.

6.26 Message Trailer (UNT)

Segment: UNT Message Trailer

Group: Level: 0

Usage: Mandatory

Max Use: 1

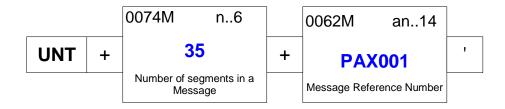
Purpose: A service segment ending a message, giving the total number of segments in the

message (including the UNH & UNT) and the control reference number of the

message.

Notes: The UNT segment is mandatory for this implementation.

6.26.1 UNT Example



6.26.2 UNT Element Definitions

Sample Image

UNT+35+PAX001'

Data	Componer	it		
Element	Element	<u>Name</u>	<u>Attrib</u>	<u>utes</u>
0074		NUMBER OF SEGMENTS IN A MESSAGE	M	n6
		Control count of number of segments in a message.		
		The value in this data element represents the total numl from the UNH segment to the UNT segment inclusive.	per of seg	ments
0062		MESSAGE REFERENCE NUMBER	M	an14
		Unique message reference assigned by the sender.		
		The value in this data element must match the value ap		

6.27 Group Trailer (UNE)

Segment: UNE Functional Group Trailer

Group: Level: 0

Usage: Conditional

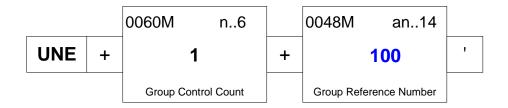
Max Use: 1

Purpose: To end and check the completeness of a Functional Group

Notes: The UNE segment is included only in cases where the PAXLST message

contains a Functional Group Header (UNG) segment .

6.27.1 UNE Example



6.27.2 UNE Element Definitions

Sample Image

UNE+1+100'

Data (Componen	t		
Element	Element	<u>Name</u>	<u>Attribu</u>	<u>tes</u>
0060		NUMBER OF MESSAGES	M	n6
		A count of the number of messages in a functional group).	
		The value in this data element represents the number of included in the group.	message	S
0048		FUNCTIONAL GROUP REFERENCE NUMBER	M	an14
		Reference number for the functional group assigned by a within the sender's division, department etc.	and uniqu	е
		The value in this data element must match the value appelement 0048 on the UNG segment in this same PAXLS		

6.28 Interchange Trailer (UNZ)

Segment: UNZ Interchange Trailer

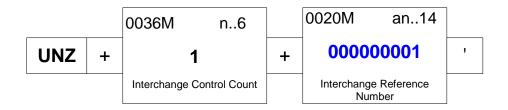
Group: Level: 0

Usage: Mandatory

Max Use:

Purpose: To end and check the completeness of an interchange The UNZ segment is mandatory for this implementation.

6.28.1 UNZ Example



6.28.2 UNZ Element Definitions

Sample Image

UNZ+1+000000001'

Data	Componer	it .		
<u>Element</u>	Element	<u>Name</u>	<u> Attribu</u>	<u>tes</u>
0036		INTERCHANGE CONTROL COUNT	M	n6
		Count either of the number of messages or, if used, of the functional groups in an interchange.	ie number	of
		The value in this data element represents the number of included in this interchange (transmission).	groups	
0020		INTERCHANGE CONTROL REFERENCE	M	an14
		Unique reference assigned by the sender to an interchar	nge.	
		The value in this data element must match the value appelement 0020 on the UNB segment in this same PAXLS	•	

7. DHS CUSRES Response Message

The CUSRES message is used in this implementation to communicate the following information to the Aircraft Operator:

- 1. DHS response to PAXLST messages received from Aircraft Operator that reported passenger, reservation, or flight details;
- 2. DHS *unsolicited* message generated by DHS as result of changes to the status of a previously vetted passenger.

Figure 7 below identifies the basic diagram presentation key used in this document.

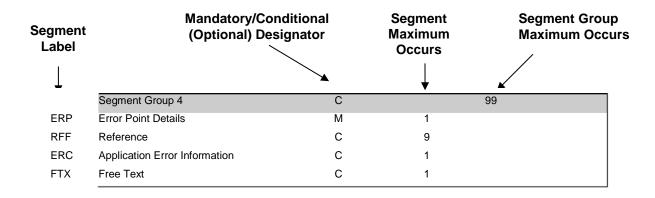


Figure 7: CUSRES Message Architecture Diagram Key

Figure 8 illustrates the message architecture and relationships between the CUSRES Segment Groups. The UN/EDIFACT CUSRES message format hierarchy consists of THREE (3) segment levels and TWO (2) segment groups of information as depicted in Figure 7.

Segme ID	ent	Segment Requirement	Maximum Segment Occurs	Maximum Group Occurs
UNA	Service Segment Advice	С	1	
UNB	Interchange Header	M	1	
UNG	Functional Group Header	С	1	
UNH	Message Header	M	1	
BGM	Beginning of Message	M	1	
	Segment Group 3	С		11
RFF	Reference	M	1	
DTM	Date/Time/Period	С	2	
LOC	Place/Location Identification	С	2	
	Segment Group 4	С		999
ERP	Error Point Details	M	1	
RFF	Reference	С	9	
ERC	Application Error Information	С	1	
FTX	Free Text	С	1	
UNT	Message Trailer	М	1	
UNE	Functional Group Trailer	С	1	
UNZ	Interchange Trailer	M	1	

Figure 8: CUSRES Message Architecture Diagram

Please note the following characteristics:

The Mandatory and Conditional (optional) requirement designations within the branch diagram conform to the UN/EDIFACT syntax specification for the CUSRES. In the technical specifications sections that follow, many of the segments identified as conditional in the branch diagram may be identified as mandatory for the DHS CUSRES implementation. Such requirement designations will be identified for each of the specific segments in the technical specifications that follow in this document.

Similarly, DHS business rules may require that certain *data elements* defined as conditional within the UN/EDIFACT CUSRES are required for this implementation. The requirements for the data elements are also identified in the technical specifications that follow in this document.

The technical specifications also identify the required maximum allowable occurrences for many repeatable segment groups and segments in order to satisfy the DHS implementation requirements. In most cases, DHS requires collection of less data than the maximum allowable by the UN/EDIFACT syntax.

 One CUSRES message will be sent to the Aircraft Operator, in response to each PAXLST message received from the Aircraft Operator.

Sample CUSRES Message

This is a sample CUSRES message in UN/EDIFACT format for a passenger manifest, with one line per segment.

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+USADHS+APIS*ABE+070429:0900+000006640++USADHS'

UNG+CUSRES+USADHS+APIS*ABE+070429:1900+6640+UN+D:05B'

UNH+USADHS001+CUSRES:D:05B:UN:IATA+API01+01'

BGM+962'

RFF+TN:123456789:::1'

RFF+AF:TR3345'

DTM+189:0705011840:201'

DTM+232:0705012055:201'

LOC+125+PAR'

LOC+87+JFK'

ERP+2'

RFF+AVF:ABC123'

RFF+ABO:BA1321654987'

ERC+0Z'

UNT+13+USADHS001'

UNE+1+6640'

UNZ+1+000006640'

Figure 9: Basic Sample UN/EDIFACT CUSRES Message

8. DHS CUSRES Segment Examples

This section identifies each segment utilized within the UN/EDIFACT CUSRES message set.

In this specification, the syntax and business rules governing the requirements for the <u>segments</u> follow each of the segment labels. The syntax and business rules governing the requirements for the <u>elements</u> are identified in the gray note box immediately following each element.

The 'Sample Images' provide an example of the specific segment usage. The information highlighted in blue in the segment examples is for illustration purposes only and is intended to identify the placement of the sample data received from the Aircraft Operator and appear on the resultant CUSRES response message from DHS.

8.1 Service String Advice (UNA)

Segment: UNA Service String Advice

Group: Level: 0

Usage: Conditional (Optional)

Max Use: 1

Purpose: The service string advice segment shall begin with the upper case characters

UNA immediately followed by six characters in the order shown below. The same character shall not be used in more than one position of the UNA.

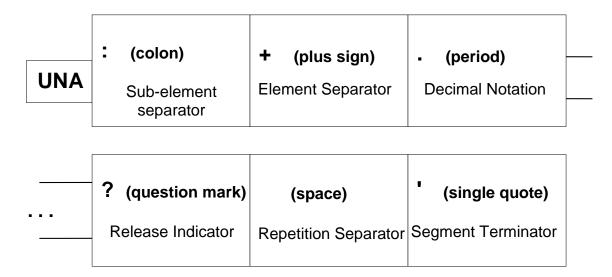
Notes: The UNA segment is used to set delimitation and character set for the body of

the transmission.

Although the use of the UNA Segment is Optional for this implementation, the UNA segment will be returned on the CUSRES message if it appeared on the

originating PAXLST message from the Aircraft Operator.

8.1.1 UNA Example



8.1.2 UNA Element Definitions

Sample Image UNA:+.? '

Req. Data Componer <u>Designate Element</u> UNA1		<u>Attribu</u> M	<u>utes</u> an1
	Default value ':' (colon) Usage: To separate component (sub-) elements within a Composite data element.		
UNA2	DATA ELEMENT SEPARATOR Default value '+' (plus sign) Usage: To separate data elements.	M	an1
UNA3	DECIMAL MARK Default value '.' (decimal point) Usage: To define character used as decimal point.	M	an1
UNA4	RELEASE CHARACTER Default value '?' (question mark) Usage: Release character is used to immediately preceded any predefined delimiter character such that the character may be identified as part of the actual data.	M 	an1
UNA5	REPETITION SEPARATOR Default value a space.	M	an1
UNA6	SEGMENT TERMINATOR Default value ' (single quote) Usage: To identify and delimit the end of a segment.	M	an1

8.2 Interchange Header (UNB)

Segment: UNB Interchange Header

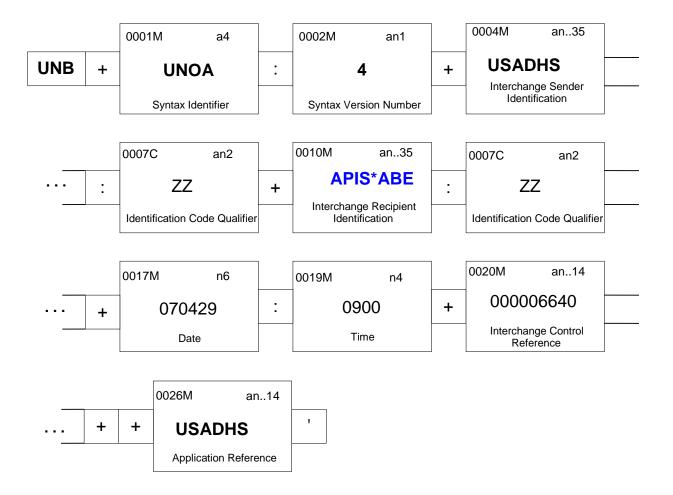
Group: Level: 0

Usage: Mandatory

Max Use:

Purpose: To start, identify and specify an interchange

8.2.1 UNB Example



8.2.2 UNB Element Definitions

Sample Image

UNB+UNOA:4+USADHS+APIS*ABE+070429:0900+000006640++USADHS'

	_	Data Element Summary		
Data (Element S001	Componen <u>Element</u>		<u>Attribu</u>	tes
		Identification of the agency controlling the syntax and inc	dication of	
	0001	syntax level. Syntax Identifier	M	a4
		Always 'UNOA'.		
		Code identifying the agency that controls the syntax, and range used in an interchange.	d the chara	acter
	0002	Syntax Version Number	M	n1
		Always '4'.		
S002		INTERCHANGE SENDER		
		Identification of the sender of the interchange.		
	0004	Sender Identification	M	an35
		For PRODUCTION response messages, DHS will set th	is value to)
		'USADHS'.		
		For TEST response messages, DHS will set this value to)	
	0007	'USADHSTEST'. Partner identification code qualifier	С	an2
	0001	Qualifier referring to the source of codes for the identifier	•	u2
		interchanging partners.	001	
		Optional for this implementation. If used, always "ZZ"		
S003		INTERCHANGE RECIPIENT		
		Identification of the recipient of the interchange.		
	0010	Recipient identification	M	an35
		Name or coded representation of the recipient of a data	interchanç	ge.
		The value in this data element will reflect the value sent	in on the	
	0007	interchange sender ID on the PAXLST.	_	0
	0007	Partner identification code qualifier	C	an2
		Qualifier referring to the source of codes for the identifier interchanging partners.	IS OT	
		Optional for this implementation. If used, always "ZZ"		
S004		DATE AND TIME OF PREPARATION		
		Date and time of preparation of the interchange.		
	0017	Date of preparation	M	n6
		Local date when an interchange or a functional group wa	as prepare	ed.
		DHS will use 'YYMMDD' for the interchange message da	ate.	
	0019	Time of preparation	M	n4
		Local time of day when an interchange or a functional grapered.	oup was	
		DHS message generation time (US Eastern Time Zone)		
0020		INTERCHANGE CONTROL REFERENCE	M	an14
		Unique reference assigned by the sender to an interchar	nge.	

The value contained in this data element will be the same value that appeared on the PAXLST message sent by the Aircraft Operator.

0026 APPLICATION REFERENCE

Identification of the application area assigned by the sender, to which the messages in the interchange relate e.g. the message identifier if all the messages in the interchange are of the same type.

Always 'USADHS'.

8.3 Group Header (UNG)

Segment: UNG Functional Group Header

Group: Level: 0

Usage: Conditional

Max Use: 1

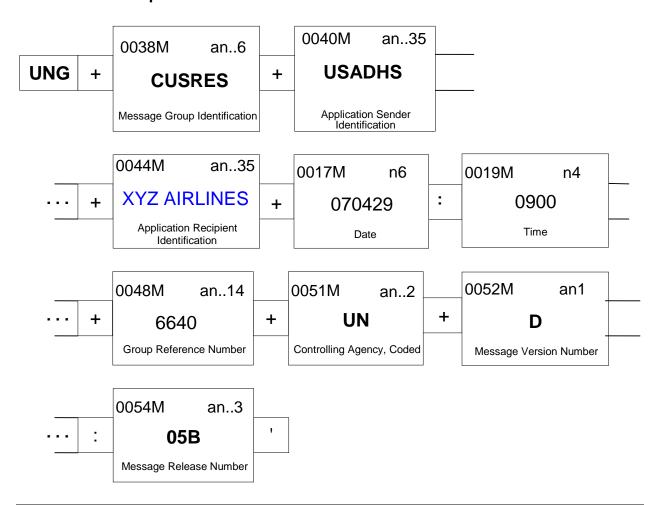
Purpose: To begin a group of like transaction. Only one grouping of transactions will be

allowed for this implementation.

Notes: The UNG segment will appear on the CUSRES response message if sent on the

associated PAXLST message.

8.3.1 UNG Example:



an..14

8.3.2 UNG Element Definitions

Sample Image

UNG+CUSRES+USADHS+XYZ AIRLINES+070429:0900+6640+UN+D:05B

Data	Componen			
Element 0038	<u>Element</u>	Name FUNCTIONAL GROUP IDENTIFICATION	Attribu M	<u>tes</u> an6
0030		Identification of the one type of messages in a functional		a110
		Always 'CUSRES'.	group.	
S006		APPLICATION SENDER IDENTIFICATION		
		Identification of the sender's division, department etc. fro	m which a	a
		group of messages is sent.		•
	0040	Application sender identification	M	an35
		Name or code identifying the originating division, departr	ment etc. v	within
		the sender's organization. For PRODUCTION response messages, DHS will set the	is value to	
		'USADHS'.	s value to	
		For TEST response messages, DHS will set this value to)	
		'USADHSTEST'.		
S007		APPLICATION RECIPIENTS IDENTIFICATION		
		Identification of the recipient's division, department etc. f group of messages is intended.	or which a	l
	0044	Application recipient's identification	М	an35
		Name or code identifying the division, department etc. w	ithin the	
		recipient's organization for which the group of messages	is intende	ed.
		Identity of Carrier as provided on the PAXLST.		
S004		DATE AND TIME OF PREPARATION		
	2017	Date and time of preparation of the interchange.		
	0017	Date of preparation	M	n6
		Local date when an interchange or a functional group wa		ea.
	0040	DHS will use 'YYMMDD' for the interchange message da	M.	n 1
	0019	Time of preparation Local time of day when an interchange or a functional gr		n4
		prepared.	oup was	
		DHS message generation time (US Eastern Time Zone)		
0048		FUNCTIONAL GROUP REFERENCE NUMBER	M	an14
		Reference number for the functional group assigned by a	and unique	Э
		within the sender's division, department etc. The value contained in this data element will be the sam	o voluo th	ot.
		appeared on the PAXLST message sent by the Aircraft (al
0051		CONTROLLING AGENCY	M	an2
		Code identifying the agency controlling the specification,	maintena	nce
		and publication of the message type.		
6000		Value 'UN'. MESSAGE VERSION		
S008			COLID	
	0052	Specification of the type of messages in the functional grades age type version number	оир. М	an1
	0032	Version number of a message type.	IAI	a111
		version number of a message type.		

Always 'D'.

0054 Message type release number

М

an..3

Release number within the current message type version number

Always '05B'.

8.4 Message Header (UNH)

Segment: UNH Message Header

Group:

Level: 0

Usage: Mandatory

Max Use:

Purpose: A service segment starting and uniquely identifying a message. The message

type code for the Customs response message is CUSRES.

Note: Customs response messages conforming to this document must contain

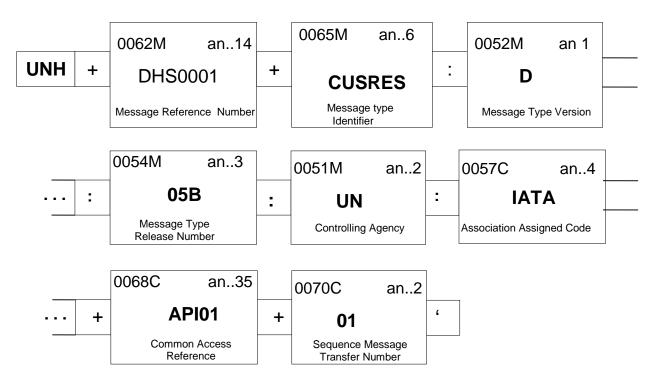
the following data in segment UNH, composite S009:

Data element 0065 CUSRES 0052 D 0054 05B 0051

UN

Notes: This is a mandatory segment for this implementation.

8.4.1 UNH Example:



8.4.2 UNH Element Definitions

Sample Image

UNH+DHS0001+CUSRES:D:05B:UN:IATA+API01+01'

		Data Element Summary		
Data	Componen	t		
<u>Element</u>	<u>Element</u>		<u> Attribu</u>	
0062		MESSAGE REFERENCE NUMBER	M	an14
		Unique message reference assigned by the sender.		
		The value contained in this data element will be the sam		at
0000		appeared on the PAXLST message sent by the Aircraft (_'_	
S009		MESSAGE IDENTIFIER	. M	
		Identification of the type, version etc. of the message be	ng	
	0065	interchanged. Message type identifier	М	an6
	0003			
		Code identifying a type of message and assigned by its agency.	Johnolling	
		Always 'CUSRES'.		
	0052	Message type version number	М	an1
		Version number of a message type.		
		Always 'D'.		
	0054	Message type release number	М	an3
		Release number within the current message type version		
		(0052).		
		Always '05B'.		
	0051	Controlling agency	M	an2
		Code identifying the agency controlling the specification,	maintena	nce
		and publication of the message type.		
		Always 'UN'.		
	0057	Association assigned code	С	an4
		Code, assigned by the association responsible for the de		
		maintenance of the message type concerned, which furt	her identif	ies
		the message.		
		Always 'IATA'.		
	0068	COMMON ACCESS REFERENCE	С	an35
	0000	Reference serving as a key to relate all subsequent trans	•	
		the same business case or file.	sicis of ac	iia io
		The value contained in this data element will be the sam	e value th	at
		appeared on the PAXLST message sent by the Aircraft 0	Operator.	
S010		STATUS OF THE TRANSFER		
		Statement that the message is one in a sequence of tran	isfers rela	ting
	0070	to the same topic.	С	" 2
	0070	Sequence message transfer number		n2
		Number assigned by the sender indicating that the mess addition or change of a previously sent message relating		ma
		topic.	io ine sai	1110
		The value contained in this data element will be the sam	e value th	at
		appeared on the PAXLST message sent by the Aircraft 0	Operator.	

8.5 Beginning of Message (BGM)

Segment: **BGM** Beginning of Message

Group: Level: 0

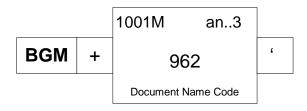
Usage: Mandatory

Max Use:

Purpose: A segment identifying the type and the reference number of the message to

which the CUSRES is a response.

8.5.1 BGM Example



8.5.2 BGM Element Definitions

Sample Images

BGM+962' - DHS Response Message (Response)

BGM+132' - DHS Unsolicited Message

Data Element Summary Data Component Element Element Name **Attributes DOCUMENT/MESSAGE NAME** C002 Identification of a type of document/message by code or name. Code preferred. 1001 Document name code М an..3 Code specifying the document name. Values: 962 - DHS Response to PAXLST received from Aircraft Operator 132 - DHS Unsolicited Message (generated by DHS as result in

changes to passenger status)

8.6 Reference (RFF) – Transaction Reference Number / Flight Identification

Segment: RFF Reference

Group: Segment Group 3 (Reference)

Level: 1

Usage: Conditional (Optional)

Max Use: 11

Purpose: A segment to specify message reference.

Notes: The RFF segment loop may repeat up to 11 times and serves two purposes:

(1) Identify the Transaction Reference Number (TRN) that appeared on the input PAXLST message along with the message sequence number, and;

(2) Identify the flight departure and arrival information reported on the input passenger manifest PAXLST message sent to DHS by the Aircraft Operator.

The first occurrence of the RFF segment will identify the TRN if reported on the PAXLST from the Aircraft Operator. The returned TRN provides the Aircraft Operator the ability to use their uniquely assigned number to reconcile and associate the passenger manifest message to this DHS response message.

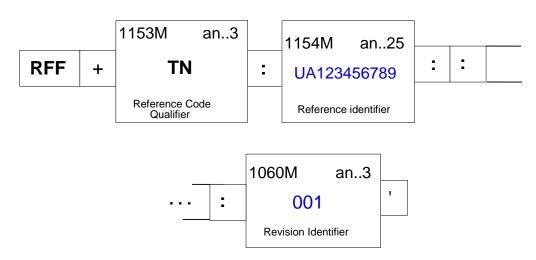
Subsequent RFF segments will identify the flight number as reported on the PAXLST from the Aircraft Operator. The RFF segment will be followed by DTM and LOC segments, where applicable, to identify departure and arrival locations and times, as reported on the PAXLST from the Aircraft Operator.

One RFF Segment loop will be returned for each flight leg of a contiguous continuing flight. Each flight responded to will be returned in the order in which they were received by DHS.

For DHS Unsolicited Messages, please note:

The Transaction Reference Number will be assigned by DHS the system. The Aircraft Operator must return the image of the CUSRES as an acknowledgement to DHS and include the same TRN number in the message, for all Unsolicited Messages.

8.6.1 RFF Example



8.6.2 RFF Element Definitions

Sample Images

RFF+TN:UA123456789:::1'

RFF+AF:TR3345

Data Element Summary

Component Data

Element **Element Name Attributes**

C506 REFERENCE

Identification of a reference.

1153 Reference code qualifier M an..3

Code qualifying a reference.

Values and meanings:

When this data element contains a value of 'TN', the value in data element 1154 contains the Transaction Reference Number (TRN). When this data element contains a value of 'AF', the value in data element 1154 contains the Flight Number as reported on the PAXLST

message reported to DHS.

Reference identifier 1154 M an..25

Identifies a reference.

The value in this data element will be either the TRN or Flight Number depending upon the value contained in data element 1153. For TRN, the value contained in this data element will be the same

value that appeared on the PAXLST message sent by the Aircraft Operator.

1060 **Revision identifier**

C an..3

To identify a revision.

This data element used only when data element 1153 = 'TN'. The value in this data element will contain the same sequence number

value that appeared on the input PAXLST passenger manifest message.

For DHS Unsolicited Messages, this value will always be '1'.

8.7 Date and Time (DTM) - Date/Time of Departure or Arrival

DTM Date/Time/Period Segment:

Group: Segment Group 3 (Reference) Conditional (Optional)

Level:

Usage: Conditional (Optional)

Max Use:

Purpose: A segment identifying a date related to the preceding RFF.

Notes: DTM segments will be returned to the Aircraft Operator corresponding with the

Flight information reported by the Aircraft Operator in the PAXLST message.

8.7.1 DTM Example



8.7.2 DTM Element Definition

Sample Image

DTM+189:0702191840'	 Date/Time Departure 	
DTM+232:0702191955'	 Date/Time Arrival 	

Data Element Summary

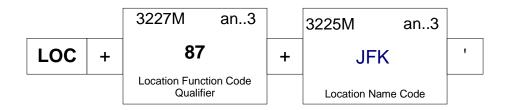
Data Componei	nt		
Element Element	Name	Attrib	utes
C507	DATE/TIME/PERIOD		
	Date and/or time, or period relevant to the specified date type.	e/time/per	riod
2005	Date or time or period function code qualifier	M	an3
	Code qualifying the function of a date, time or period.		
	189 Departure date/time, scheduled232 Arrival date/time, scheduled		
2380	Date or time or period text	M	an10
	The value of a date, a date and time, a time or of a perior representation.	od in a sp	ecified
	Value in this data element will contain the Dates and Tinto DHS on the PAXLST. Format 'YYMMDDHHMM'.	nes as re	ported
2379	Date or time or period format code	С	an3
	Code specifying the representation of a date, time or pe	riod.	
	Value in this data element will contain the value reported sent to DHS.	d in the P	AXLST

8.8 Location (LOC) – Location of Departure or Arrival

Segment:	LOC Place/Location Identification			
Group: Level: Usage: Max Use: Purpose:	Segment Group 3 (Reference) 2 Conditional (Optional) 2 A segment identifying a location	Conditional (Optional) related to the preceding RFF.		

Notes: Two LOC segments containing airport of (1) departure and (2) arrival will be returned to the carrier to reflect the information sent to DHS on the PAXLST.

8.8.1 LOC Example



8.8.2 LOC Element Definitions

Sample Image

LOC+125+PAR' LOC+87+JFK' LOC+92+IAH'

Data Element Summary

Data Component

<u>Element Element Name Attributes</u>

3227 LOCATION FUNCTION CODE QUALIFIER M an..3

Code identifying the function of a location.

The value reported in this DE will contain the value as reported on the PAXLST message sent to DHS.

Values contain below meanings:

Inbound International flights (arriving in the U.S.):

- 125 Airport of departure; last non-U.S. airport before the flight arrives in the U.S.
- 87 Airport of initial arrival in the U.S.

Outbound International flights (departing from the U.S.):

- 125 Airport of departure; last U.S. airport before the flight leaves the U.S.
- 87 Airport of initial arrival outside U.S. territory

For Domestic Flights - OR - for flights beginning and ending within the domain of a foreign country:

- 92 Identifies BOTH the departure and arrival airport locations. The departure location LOC segment appears first. The arrival location LOC segment appears second.

For Overflights (Flights overflying the continental United States) use the following values:

- 125 Non-U.S airport of Departure
- 87 Non-U.S airport of Arrival

C517 LOCATION IDENTIFICATION

Identification of a location by code or name.

3225 Location name code

Code specifying the name of the location.

Three (3) character IATA Airport Code.

an..3

М

8.9 Error Point Detail (ERP) - Heading/Detail Loop Segment

Segment: **ERP** Error Point Details

Group: Segment Group 4 (Error Point Details) Conditional (Optional)

Level: 1

Usage: Mandatory

Max Use: 999

Purpose: A segment identifying the location of an application error within the referenced

message.

Notes: The ERP (Segment Group 4 header) serves two functions:

1.) Header Segment for reporting DHS General Responses to changes in flights,

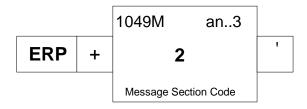
reservations and close-outs.

2.) Detail Segment Loop Header for reporting passenger status information.

One ERP Segment Loop will be returned on the DHS Response CUSRES message for each passenger reported on the PAXLST sent to DHS by the

Aircraft Operator.

8.9.1 ERP Example



8.9.2 ERP Element Definitions

Sample Image

ERP+2'

Data Element Summary

1049 Message section code M an..3

Code specifying a section of a message.

Values:

'1' - General Heading – DHS General Response confirmation

'2' - Detail Heading - Passenger Status Information

8.10 Reference (RFF) - Traveler Identification

Segment: RFF Reference

Group: Segment Group 4 (Error Point Details) Conditional (Optional)

Level: 2

Usage: Conditional (Optional)

Max Use: 9

Purpose: A segment to provide the references related to the application error.

Notes: This RFF segment is used to identify the passenger. If the Aircraft Operator

identifies a passenger using multiple RFF segments, DHS will respond with the

same RFF segments.

Note: This segment is not used for DHS General Response messages.

8.10.1 RFF Example



8.10.2 RFF Element Definitions

Sample Image

RFF+AVF:ABC123'

RFF+ABO:BA1321654987'

Data Element Summary

Data	Componen	t		
Element	Element	<u>Name</u>	<u>Attribu</u>	<u>ıtes</u>
C506		REFERENCE		
		Identification of a reference.		
	1153	Reference code qualifier	M	an3
		Code qualifying a reference.		
		This data element may contain any of the following quali AVF - Passenger Name Record locator (PNR Locator) ABO - Carrier Unique Passenger Reference identifier (C reference)		
	1154	Reference identifier Identifies a reference.	М	an25
		The meaning of the value in this data element is depend	ent upon t	the

associated qualifier value in the preceding data element (C506:1153).

8.11 Application Response Code (ERC) - Status Code

Segment: **ERC** Application Error Information

Group: Segment Group 4 (Error Point Details) Conditional (Optional)

Level: 2

Usage: Conditional (Optional)

Max Use:

Purpose: A segment identifying the type of application errors within a message.

Notes: The ERC Segment is used to report any of the following:

Status of passenger in response to Aircraft Operator clear passenger request;

New status of passenger as result of changes to DHS watch list for passenger;

ESTA status result;

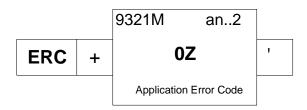
DV status result;

EVUS status result;

Response to changes in flights, reservations, or flight close-out messages;

Errors identified in the Itinerary or message structure.

8.11.1 ERC Example



8.11.2 ERC Element Definitions

Sample Image

ERC+0Z' ERC+1Z'

		Data Element Gamma, y		
Data (Componen	it .		
Element	<u>Element</u>	Name	<u>Attribu</u>	<u>ıtes</u>
C901		APPLICATION ERROR DETAIL		
	9321	Code assigned by the recipient of a message to indicate validation error condition. Application error code	e a data M	an2
		Code specifying an application error.		
		The following values apply to DHS clear passenger requ Unsolicited messages:	uests, and	DHS

Watch list vetting result (first byte):

- 0 Passenger cleared. Boarding pass may be issued.
- 1 Passenger not cleared to board. Boarding pass issuance 'Inhibited'.
- 2 Advisory 'Selectee'. Boarding pass may be issued.
- 3 Known Traveler status
- 4 Advisory 'Insufficient Data'. Error Insufficient passenger data.

ESTA status result/DV status result (second byte):

- Z Travel authorization via ESTA/DV not applicable OK to Board
- A Approved travel authorization via ESTA/U.S. Document on file (e.g., Visa, Permanent Resident Card, U.S. Passport) OK to Board
- B VWP participant passport no application for travel authorization via ESTA on file/Visa not on file Re-Submit Required
- C VWP participant passport U.S. authorized travel document Required, ESTA denied Recommend No-Board
- D Document not on file no U.S. Document on file (e.g., Visa, Permanent Resident Card, U.S. Passport) - Re-Submit Required
- E EVUS Participant Passport and Visa no application for travel authorization via EVUS on file Re-Submit Required
- P Pending review CBP unable to provide automated response due to manual review process of passenger record Recommend No Board until status received
- R Recommended No Board due to inadmissibility such as visa cancelations, revocations, overstays, etc. Recommend No Board
- T Timeout CBP is unable to make an automated determination in the allotted interactive time Re-Submit Required
- X Insufficient data to provide ESTA status/DV status Re-Submit Required

**If multiple "D" response codes are received, the carrier should follow the existing procedures that are in place regarding contacting the Regional Carrier Liaison Groups (RCLG) for document verification. For a current list of RCLG contact information and areas of responsibility, please refer to the Carrier Information Guide located on the cbp.gov website **

For Unsolicited Messages, the value in this data element will identify the new status for the passenger.

The following values apply to the DHS General Response messages to messages from the Aircraft Operator reporting changes in flights, changes in reservations, or flight close-out messages. The following codes/meanings apply when the preceding ERP segment contains a value of '1' on the ERP-01 data element.

- 0 Message Accepted
- 1 DHS Exception

8.12 Free Text (FTX) – Special Instructions – General Information

Segment: FTX Free Text

Group: Segment Group 4 (Error Point Details) Conditional (Optional)

Level: 2

Usage: Conditional (Optional)

Max Use: 1

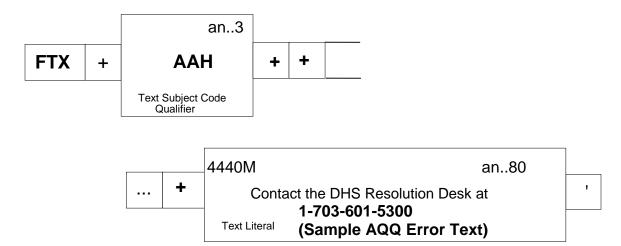
Purpose: A segment to provide explanation and/or supplementary information related to

the specified application error.

Notes: This segment will be used to provide additional instructions to the Aircraft

Operator regarding the status of a message or status of a passenger.

8.12.1 FTX Example



8.12.2 FTX Element Definitions

Sample Image

FTX+AAH+++ Contact the DHS Resolution Desk at 1-800-CALL-DHS'

Data Element Summary

Data	Componen	t		
Element	Element	<u>Name</u>	<u>Attribu</u>	<u>tes</u>
4451		TEXT SUBJECT CODE QUALIFIER	M	an3
		Code qualifying the subject of the text.		
		Values		
		'AAH' - DHS Special Information		
C108		TEXT LITERAL		
		Free text; one to five lines.		
	4440	Free text	M	an80
		Free form text.		
		Optional. DHS may send special instructions in this data	element.	

8.13 Message Trailer (UNT)

Segment: UNT Message Trailer

Group: Level: 0

Usage: Mandatory

Max Use:

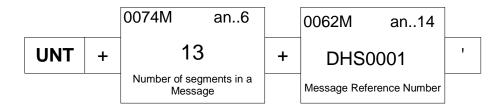
Purpose: A service segment ending a message, giving the total number of segments in the

message (including the UNH & UNT) and the control reference number of the

message.

Notes: The UNT segment is mandatory for this implementation.

8.13.1 UNT Example



8.13.2 UNT Element Definitions

Sample Image

UNT+13+USADHS0001'

Data Element Summary

		- a.a		
Data	Componen	t		
<u>Element</u>	<u>Element</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Attribu</u>	<u>utes</u>
0074		NUMBER OF SEGMENTS IN A MESSAGE	M	n6
		Control count of number of segments in a message.		
		The value in this data element represents the total number from the UNH segment to the UNT segment inclusive.	oer of seg	ments
0062		MESSAGE REFERENCE NUMBER	M	an14
		Unique message reference assigned by the sender.		
		The value contained in this data element will be the san appeared on the PAXLST message sent by the Aircraft		

8.14 Group Trailer (UNE)

Segment: UNE Functional Group Trailer

Group: Level:

Usage: Conditional

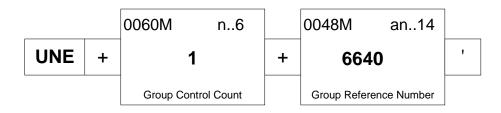
Max Use: 1

Purpose: To end and check the completeness of a Functional Group

Notes: The UNE segment will appear on the CUSRES response message if sent on the

associated PAXLST message.

8.14.1 UNE Example



8.14.2 UNE Element Definitions

Sample Image

UNE+1+6640'

Data Element Summary

Data Component

Element 0060 Number of Messages in a functional group.

The value in this data element represents the number of messages included in the group.

The value in this data element represents the number of messages included in the group.

FUNCTIONAL GROUP REFERENCE NUMBER M an..14

Reference number for the functional group assigned by and unique

within the sender's division, department etc.

8.15 Interchange Trailer (UNZ)

Segment: UNZ Interchange Trailer

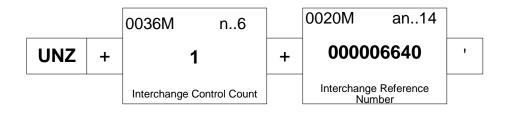
Group: Level: 0

Usage: Mandatory

Max Use:

Purpose: To end and check the completeness of an interchange The UNZ segment is mandatory for this implementation.

8.15.1 UNZ Example



8.15.2 UNZ Element Definitions

Sample Image

UNZ+1+000006640'

Data	Componen	nt en		
Element	Element	<u>Name</u>	<u>Attribu</u>	<u>utes</u>
0036		INTERCHANGE CONTROL COUNT	M	n6
		Count either of the number of messages or, if used, of the functional groups in an interchange.	ne numbe	r of
		The value in this data element represents the number of	groups	
		included in this interchange (transmission).		
0020		INTERCHANGE CONTROL REFERENCE	М	an14
		Unique reference assigned by the sender to an intercha	nae.	

9. Aircraft Operator Response CUSRES Message Structure

This section identifies the segments utilized within the UN/EDIFACT CUSRES message that must be generated by the aircraft operator and returned to DHS to acknowledge receipt of a DHS Unsolicited Message.

The specific requirements for this acknowledgement CUSRES message will be virtually identical to the format of the CUSRES DHS Unsolicited Message with the following modifications:

- 1. The Sender and Receiver identities on the UNB and UNG segments must be switched to convey the accurate directional exchange of the message;
- 2. The FTX segment will need to be included in the CUSRES message to reflect the actual status of the boarding pass issuance by the aircraft operator (refer to the FTX segment specification in this section).

In this specification, the syntax and business rules governing the requirements for the <u>segments</u> follow each of the segment labels. The syntax and business rules governing the requirements for the <u>elements</u> are identified in the gray note box immediately following each element.

The 'Sample Images' provide an example of the specific segment usage. The information highlighted in blue in the segment examples is for illustration purposes only and is intended to identify the placement of the sample data received from the aircraft operator and appear on the resultant CUSRES response message from DHS.

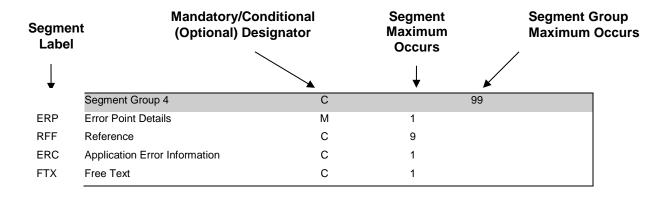


Figure 10: Aircraft Operator CUSRES Message Architecture Diagram Key

Segme ID	ent	Segment Requirement	Maximum Segment Occurs	Maximum Group Occurs
UNA	Service Segment Advice	С	1	
UNB	Interchange Header	M	1	
UNG	Functional Group Header	С	1	
UNH	Message Header	М	1	
BGM	Beginning of Message	M	1	
	Segment Group 3	С		11
RFF	Reference	М	1	
DTM	Date/Time/Period	С	2	
LOC	Place/Location Identification	С	2	
	Segment Group 4	С		99
ERP	Error Point Details	M	1	
RFF	Reference	С	9	
ERC	Application Error Information	С	1	
FTX	Free Text	С	1	
UNT	Message Trailer	M	1	_
UNE	Functional Group Trailer	С	1	
UNZ	Interchange Trailer	M	1	

Figure 11: Aircraft Operator CUSRES Message Architecture Diagram

Please note the following characteristics:

The Mandatory and Conditional (optional) requirement designations within the branch diagram conform to the UN/EDIFACT syntax specification for the CUSRES. In the technical specifications sections that follow, many of the segments identified as conditional in the branch diagram may be identified as mandatory for the DHS CUSRES implementation. Such requirement designations will be identified for each of the specific segments in the technical specifications in this document. Similarly, DHS business rules may require that certain data elements defined as conditional within the UN/EDIFACT CUSRES are required for this implementation. The requirements for the data elements are also identified in the technical specifications in this document.

The technical specifications also identify the required maximum allowable occurrences for many repeatable segment groups and segments in order to satisfy the DHS implementation requirements. In most cases, DHS requires collection of less data than the maximum allowable by the UN/EDIFACT syntax.

 One CUSRES message will be sent to the aircraft operator in each transmission, in response to each PAXLST message received from the aircraft operator.

10. Aircraft Operator CUSRES Segment Examples

10.1 Service String Advice (UNA)

Segment: UNA Service String Advice

Group: Level: 0

Usage: Conditional (Optional)

Max Use: 1

Notes:

Purpose: The service string advice segment shall begin with the upper case characters

UNA immediately followed by six characters in the order shown below. The

same character shall not be used in more than one position of the UNA.

The UNA segment is used to set delimitation and character set for the body of the transmission.

10.1.1 UNA Example

UNA	: (colon) Sub-element separator	+ (plus sign) Element Separator	(period) Decimal Notation	
	? (question mark) Release Indicator	(space) Repetition Separator	' (single quote) Segment Terminator	

10.1.2 UNA Element Definitions

Sample Image UNA:+.? '

•	omponent Same	A 44	
Designate Element UNA1	Element Name COMPONENT DATA ELEMENT SEPARATOR	M Attr	<u>ibutes</u> an1
	Default value ':' (colon) Usage: To separate component (sub-) elements within a Composite data element.		
UNA2	DATA ELEMENT SEPARATOR	M	an1
	Default value '+' (plus sign) Usage: To separate data elements.		
UNA3	DECIMAL MARK	M	an1
	Default value '.' (decimal point) Usage: To define character used as decimal point.		
UNA4	RELEASE CHARACTER	M	an1
	Default value '?' (question mark) Usage: Release character is used to immediately preceded any predefined delimiter character such that the character may be identified as part of the actual data.		
UNA5	REPETITION SEPARATOR	М	an1
	Default value a space.		
UNA6	SEGMENT TERMINATOR	M	an1
	Default value ' (single quote) Usage: To identify and delimit the end of a segment.		

10.2 Interchange Header (UNB)

Segment: UNB Interchange Header

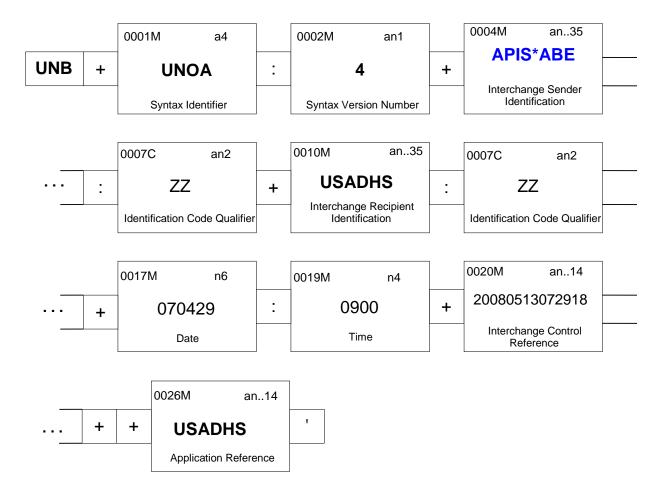
Group: Level: 0

Usage: Mandatory

Max Use:

Purpose: To start, identify and specify an interchange

10.2.1 UNB Example



10.2.2 UNB Element Definitions

Data

Element

S002

Component

Sample Image

UNB+UNOA:4+APIS*ABE:ZZ+USADHS:ZZ+070429:0900+000000001++USADHS'

Data Element Summary

Component	•	
Element Name		<u>Attributes</u>

SYNTAX IDENTIFIER S001 Identification of the agency controlling the syntax and indication of

syntax level.

0001 **Syntax Identifier** M a4

Always 'UNOA'.

Code identifying the agency that controls the syntax, and the character range used in an interchange.

0002 **Syntax Version Number** M n1 Always '4'.

INTERCHANGE SENDER

Identification of the sender of the interchange.

0004 Sender Identification M an..35

Carrier Identification.

The value in this element must contain the same value that appeared in data element S003:0010 on the Unsolicited message from DHS.

0007 Partner identification code qualifier an..2

Qualifier referring to the source of codes for the identifiers of interchanging partners.

Same value that appeared on the DHS Unsolicited message. (If

applicable)

S003 INTERCHANGE RECIPIENT

Identification of the recipient of the interchange.

0010 Recipient identification an..35

Name or coded representation of the recipient of a data interchange.

For PRODUCTION messages, value 'USADHS'. For TEST messages, value 'USADHSTEST'.

The value in this element must contain the same value that appeared in data element S002:0004 on the Unsolicited message from DHS.

0007 Partner identification code qualifier

Qualifier referring to the source of codes for the identifiers of

interchanging partners.

Same value that appeared on the DHS Unsolicited message. (If applicable)

S004 DATE AND TIME OF PREPARATION

Date and time of preparation of the interchange.

0017 Date of preparation

Local date when an interchange or a functional group was prepared.

Aircraft Operator local date.

0019 Time of preparation

Local time of day when an interchange or a functional group was prepared.

Aircraft Operator local time.

an..2

n6

n4

0020 INTERCHANGE CONTROL REFERENCE M an..14

Unique reference assigned by the sender to an interchange.

Control number value that appeared on the DHS Unsolicited CUSRES.

0026 APPLICATION REFERENCE C an..14

Identification of the application area assigned by the sender, to which the messages in the interchange relate e.g. the message identifier if all

the messages in the interchange are of the same type.

Always 'USADHS'.

10.3 Group Header (UNG)

Segment: UNG Functional Group Header

Group: Level: 0

Usage: Conditional

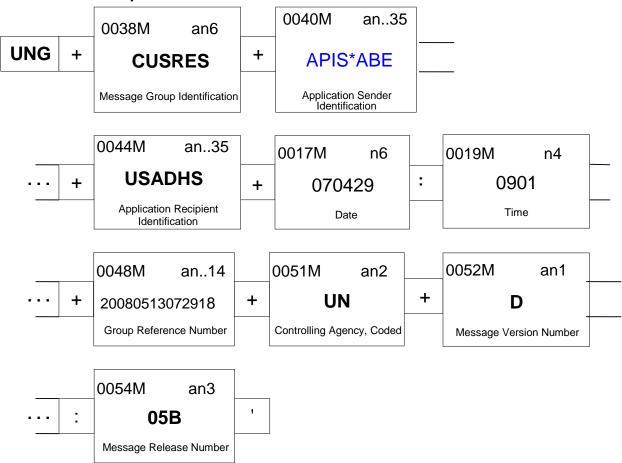
Max Use: 1

Purpose: To begin a group of like transaction. Only one grouping of transactions will be

allowed for this implementation.

Notes: This segment must be used in this CUSRES Acknowledgement message.

10.3.1 UNG Example:



10.3.2 UNG Element Definitions

Sample Image

UNG+CUSRES+APIS*ABE+USADHS+070429:0901+1+UN+D:05B'

Data	Componen	t		
Element	Element		Attribu	ıtes
0038		FUNCTIONAL GROUP IDENTIFICATION	M	an6
		Identification of the one type of messages in a functional	group.	
		Always 'CUSRES'.		
S006		APPLICATION SENDER IDENTIFICATION		
		Identification of the sender's division, department etc. fro	m which	а
		group of messages is sent.		
	0040	Application sender identification	M	an35
		Name or code identifying the originating division, departr	nent etc.	within
		the sender's organization. Carrier Identity.		
		The value in this element must contain the same value the	nat appea	red in
		data element S007:0044 on the Unsolicited message fro		
S007		APPLICATION RECIPIENTS IDENTIFICATION		
		Identification of the recipient's division, department etc. f	or which a	a
	0044	group of messages is intended.		OF
	0044	Application recipient's identification	M 	an35
		Name or code identifying the division, department etc. w recipient's organization for which the group of messages		od
		For PRODUCTION messages 'USADHS'.	is intend	eu.
		For TEST messages 'USADHSTEST'.		
		The value in this element must contain the same value the		red in
S004		data element S006:0040 on the Unsolicited message fro DATE AND TIME OF PREPARATION	m DHS.	
3004				
	0017	Date and time of preparation of the interchange. Date of preparation	М	n6
	0017	Local date when an interchange or a functional group wa		
		Aircraft Operator local date.	is piepait	s u.
	0019	Time of preparation	М	n4
	0013	Local time of day when an interchange or a functional gr		
		prepared.	oup muo	
		Aircraft Operator local time.		
0048		FUNCTIONAL GROUP REFERENCE NUMBER	M	an14
		Control number value that appeared on the DHS Unsolid	ited CUS	RES.
0051		CONTROLLING AGENCY		an2
		Code identifying the agency controlling the specification,	maintena	ance
		and publication of the message type. Value 'UN'.		
S008		MESSAGE VERSION		
5500		Specification of the type of messages in the functional gr	roun	
	0052	Message type version number	М	an1
	0002	Version number of a message type.		4
		Always 'D'.		

0054 Message type release number

M an..3

Release number within the current message type version number (0052).

Always '05B'.

10.4 Message Header (UNH)

Segment: UNH Message Header

Group: Level: (

Usage: Mandatory

Max Use: 1

Purpose: A service segment starting and uniquely identifying a message. The message

type code for the Customs response message is CUSRES.

Note: Customs response messages conforming to this document must contain

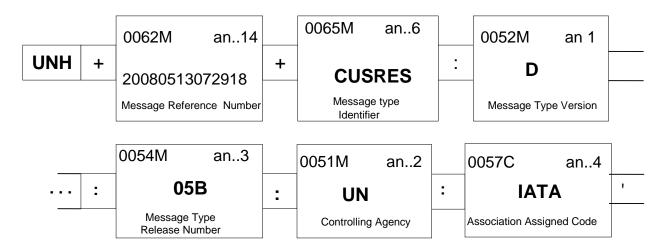
the following data in segment UNH, composite S009:

Data element 0065 CUSRES 0052 D 0054 05B 0051

UN

Notes: This is a mandatory segment for this implementation.

10.4.1 UNH Example



10.4.2 UNH Element Definitions

Sample Image

UNH+1+CUSRES:D:05B:UN:IATA'

Data (Componen	nt		
Element 0062	<u>Element</u>	Name MESSAGE REFERENCE NUMBER	Attribu M	<u>tes</u> an14
0062			IVI	a1114
		Unique message reference assigned by the sender.		250
		Control number value that appeared on the DHS Unsolid	ited CUSI	RES.
S009		MESSAGE IDENTIFIER	. 1	
		Identification of the type, version etc. of the message be interchanged.	ing	
	0065	Message type identifier	M	an6
		Code identifying a type of message and assigned by its agency.	controlling	
		Always 'CUSRES'.		
	0052	Message type version number	M	an1
		Version number of a message type.		
		Always 'D'.		
	0054	Message type release number	M	an3
		Release number within the current message type version (0052).	n number	
		Always '05B'.		
	0051	Controlling agency	M	an2
		Code identifying the agency controlling the specification, and publication of the message type.	maintena	nce
		Always 'UN'.		
	0057	Association assigned code	С	an4
		Code, assigned by the association responsible for the demaintenance of the message type concerned, which furt the message.		ies
		Always 'IATA'.		

10.5 Beginning of Message (BGM)

Segment: **BGM** Beginning of Message

Group: Level: 0

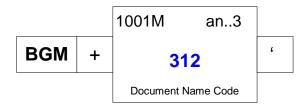
Usage: Mandatory

Max Use:

Purpose: A segment identifying the type and the reference number of the message to

which the CUSRES is a response.

10.5.1 BGM Example



10.5.2 BGM Element Definitions

Data Component

Sample Images

• •		
DOM - 040!	A'((A	(D)
BGM+312'	 Aircraft Operator Acknowledgement 	(RESHONSE)
DOMINITO	Alloran Operator Authorited German	(1100001100)

Dala	-cilipoli c il	ı L		
Element	Element	<u>Name</u>	<u>Attribu</u>	<u>tes</u>
C002		DOCUMENT/MESSAGE NAME		
		Identification of a type of document/message by code or preferred.	name. Co	ode
	1001	Document name code	M	an3
		Code specifying the document name.		
		Value ' 312' - Acknowledgement Message		

10.6 Reference (RFF) – Transaction Reference Number / Flight Identification

Segment: RFF Reference

Group: Segment Group 3 (Reference) Conditional (Optional)

Level: 1

Usage: Mandatory

Max Use: 11

Purpose: A segment identifying references (e.g. manifest number).

Notes: Each RFF segment returned by the Aircraft Operator in this acknowledgement

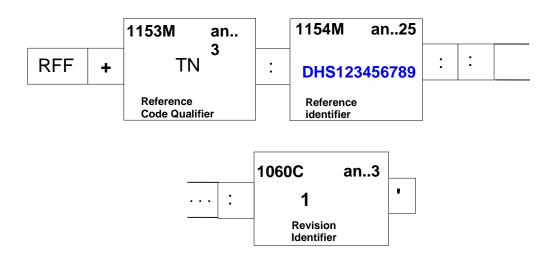
should contain the same information sent to the carrier on the Unsolicited

CUSRES message from DHS.

This RFF segment reports the Transaction Reference Number and Flight

Number information.

10.6.1 RFF Example



10.6.2 RFF Element Definitions

Sample Images

RFF+TN:DHS123456789:::1'

RFF+AF:TR3345'

Data Element Summary

Data Component **Element Name Attributes Element REFERENCE** C506 Identification of a reference. 1153 Reference code qualifier М an..3 Code qualifying a reference. Values and meanings: When this Data Element contains a value of 'TN', the value in Data Element 1154 contains the Transaction Reference Number. When this Data Element contains a value of 'AF', the value in Data Element 1154 contains the Flight Number. The value in this element must be the same value that appeared on the Unsolicited Message sent to the Aircraft Operator by DHS. an..25 1154 Reference identifier Identifies a reference. The value in this data element will be either the TRN or Flight Number depending upon the value contained in Data Element 1153. 1060 **Revision identifier** C an..3 To identify a revision.

The value in this element must be the same value that appeared on the

Unsolicited Message sent to the Aircraft Operator by DHS.

10.7 Date and Time (DTM) - Date/Time of Departure or Arrival

Segment: DTM Date/Time/Period

Group: Segment Group 3 (Reference) Conditional (Optional)

Level: 2

Usage: Conditional (Optional)

Max Use: 2

Purpose: A segment identifying a date related to the preceding RFF.

Notes: DTM segment(s) should be returned to DHS as they appeared in the Unsolicited

CUSRES message from DHS.

10.7.1 DTM Example



10.7.2 DTM Element Definitions

Sample Image

1	
DTM+189:0702191840'	- Date/Time Departure
DTM+232:0702191955'	- Date/Time Arrival

Data Campanan	Data Element Summary		
Data Componen <u>Element</u> <u>Element</u> C507		<u>Attribu</u>	<u>ites</u>
	Date and/or time, or period relevant to the specified date/	time/peri	od
2005	type. Date or time or period function code qualifier	М	an3
	Code qualifying the function of a date, time or period.		
	The value in this element must be the same value that ap Unsolicited Message sent to the Aircraft Operator by DHS 189 Departure date/time, scheduled 232 Arrival date/time, scheduled	•	n the
2380	Date or time or period text	M	an10
	The value of a date, a date and time, a time or of a period representation.	d in a spe	cified
	The value in this element must be the same value that ap Unsolicited Message sent to the Aircraft Operator by DHS	_*	n the
2379	Date or time or period format code	С	an3
	Code specifying the representation of a date, time or peri	od.	
	The value in this element must be the same value that ap Unsolicited Message sent to the Aircraft Operator by DHS	•	n the

10.8 Location (LOC) - Location of Departure or Arrival

Segment: LOC Place/Location Identification

Group: Segment Group 3 (Reference) Conditional (Optional)

Level: 2

Usage: Conditional (Optional)

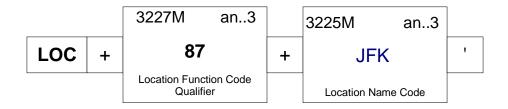
Max Use: 2

Purpose: A segment identifying a location related to the preceding RFF.

Notes: LOC segment(s) should be returned to DHS as it appeared in the Unsolicited

CUSRES message from DHS.

10.8.1 LOC Example



10.8.2 LOC Element Definitions

Sample Image

LOC+125+PAR' LOC+87+JFK'

Data Element	Componen Element		Attrik	<u>butes</u>
3227		LOCATION FUNCTION CODE QUALIFIER	М	an3
		Code identifying the function of a location.		
		The value in this element must be the same value that a Unsolicited Message sent to the Aircraft Operator by DF		on the
C517		LOCATION IDENTIFICATION		
		Identification of a location by code or name.		
	3225	Location name code	M	an3
		Code specifying the name of the location.		
		Three (3) character IATA Airport Code. The value in this be the same value that appeared on the Unsolicited Mesthe Aircraft Operator by DHS.		

10.9 Error Point Detail (ERP) - Heading/Detail Loop Segment

Segment: **ERP** Error Point Details

Group: Segment Group 4 (Error Point Details) Conditional (Optional)

Level: 1

Usage: Mandatory

Max Use: 99

Purpose: A segment identifying the location of an application error within the referenced

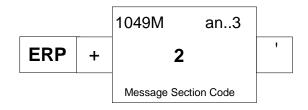
message.

Notes: The ERP segment returned by the carrier in this acknowledgement must be the

same as it appeared on the Unsolicited Message sent to the Aircraft Operator by

DHS.

10.9.1 ERP Example



10.9.2 ERP Element Definitions

Sample Image

ERP+2'

Data Element Summary

Data	Componen	it		
Element C701	Element	Name ERROR POINT DETAILS	<u>Attribu</u>	<u>ıtes</u>
0701		Indication of the point of error in a message.		
	1049	Message section code	M	an3
		Code specifying a section of a message.		
		'2' - Detail (passenger) Information		

10.10 Reference (RFF) - Traveler Identification

Segment: RFF Reference

Group: Segment Group 4 (Error Point Details) Conditional (Optional)

Level: 2

Usage: Conditional (Optional)

Max Use: 9

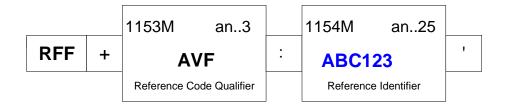
Purpose: A segment to provide the references related to the application error.

Notes: The RFF Segment identifies the specific passenger. The contents of this

message should directly reflect the contents within the RFF segment sent by

DHS in the Unsolicited CUSRES message.

10.10.1 ERP Example



10.10.2 RFF Element Definitions

Sample Image

RFF+AVF:ABC123'

RFF+ABO:UA1321654987'

Data Element Summary

Data	Componen	at		
<u>Element</u>	<u>Element</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Attribu</u>	<u>tes</u>
C506		REFERENCE		
		Identification of a reference.		
	1153	Reference code qualifier	M	an3
		Code qualifying a reference.		
		This data element will contain any of the following qualif AVF - Passenger Name Record locator (PNR locator)	ier values:	
		ABO - Carrier Unique Passenger Reference identifier (Creference)	riginator's	
	1154	Reference identifier	M	an25
		Identifies a reference.		

The meaning of the value in this data element is dependent upon the associated qualifier value in the preceding data element (C506:1153). The value in this element must be the same value that appeared on the Unsolicited Message sent to the Aircraft Operator by DHS.

10.11 Application Response Code (ERC) - Status Code

Segment: **ERC** Application Error Information

Group: Segment Group 4 (Error Point Details) Conditional (Optional)

Level: 2

Usage: Conditional (Optional)

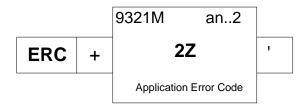
Max Use: 1

Purpose: A segment identifying the type of application errors within a message.

Notes: The ERC Segment reports the passenger status as reported in the Unsolicited

message from DHS.

10.11.1 ERC Example



10.11.2 ERC Element Definitions

Sample Image

ERC+2Z'

Data Element Summary

Data Component

<u>Element</u> <u>Element</u> <u>Name</u> <u>Attributes</u>

C901 APPLICATION ERROR DETAIL

Code assigned by the recipient of a message to indicate a data

validation error condition.

9321 Application error code M an..2

Code specifying an application error.

Value in this data element should contain the same value sent to the Aircraft Operator in the Unsolicited CUSRES message.

Value may be one of the following:

Watch list vetting status:

- 0 Passenger cleared. Boarding pass may be issued.
- 1 Passenger not cleared to board. Boarding pass issuance 'Inhibited'.
- 2 Advisory 'Selectee'. Boarding pass may be issued.

ESTA status result/DV status result (second byte):

- Z Travel authorization via ESTA/EVUS/Document Validation not applicable - OK to Board
- A Approved travel authorization via ESTA/EVUS/Document
 Validation (e.g., Visa, Permanent Resident Card, U.S. Passport) OK to Board

- B VWP participant passport no application for travel authorization via ESTA on file/Visa not on file Re-Submit Required
- C VWP participant passport U.S. authorized travel document Required, ESTA denied Recommend No-Board
- D Document not on file no U.S. Document on file (e.g., Visa, Permanent Resident Card, U.S. Passport) Re-Submit Required
- E EVUS Participant Passport and Visa no application for travel authorization via EVUS on file Re-Submit Required
- P Pending review CBP unable to provide automated response in allocated interactive time Recommend No Board until status received
- R Recommended No Board due to inadmissibility such as visa cancelations, revocations, overstays, etc. Recommend No Board
- T Timeout CBP is unable to make an automated determination in the allotted interactive time Re-Submit Required
- X Insufficient data to provide ESTA status/DV status Re-Submit Required

If multiple "D" response codes are received, the carrier should follow the existing procedures that are in place regarding contacting the Regional Carrier Liaison Groups (RCLG) for document verification. For a current list of RCLG contact information and areas of responsibility, please refer to the Carrier Information Guide located on the cbp.gov website.

10.12 Free Text (FTX) - Special Instructions - General Information

Segment: FTX Free Text

Group: Segment Group 4 (Error Point Details) Conditional (Optional)

Level: 2

Usage: Conditional (Optional)

Max Use:

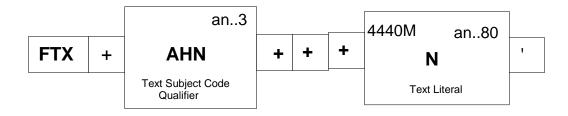
Purpose: A segment to provide explanation and/or supplementary information related to

the specified application error.

Notes: This FTX segment MUST be used in this acknowledgement message. This

segment is used to report Boarding Pass issuance status.

10.12.1 FTX Example



10.12.2 FTX Element Definitions

Sample Image

FTX+AHN+++N'

Data Element Summary

		Data Element Summary		
Data	Componen	t		
Element	<u>Element</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Attribu</u>	<u>ıtes</u>
4451		TEXT SUBJECT CODE QUALIFIER	M	an3
		Code qualifying the subject of the text.		
		Value 'AHN' - Status Details		
C108		TEXT LITERAL		
		Free text; one to five lines.		
	4440	Free text	M	an80
		Free form text.		
		Values:		
		N - Boarding Pass Not Issued		
		Y - Boarding Pass Issued		
		E – Error. Passenger unknown to Aircraft Operator Syst	em	

10.13 Message Trailer (UNT)

Segment: UNT Message Trailer

Group: Level: 0

Usage: Mandatory

Max Use: 1

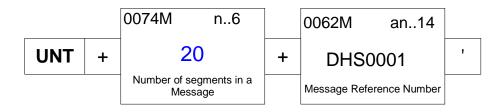
Purpose: A service segment ending a message, giving the total number of segments in the

message (including the UNH & UNT) and the control reference number of the

message.

Notes: The UNT segment is mandatory for this implementation.

10.13.1 UNT Example



10.13.2 UNT Element Definitions

Sample Image

UNT+20+USADHS0001'

Data Element Summary

Data	Componen	t		
Element	Element		<u>Attrib</u>	<u>utes</u>
0074		NUMBER OF SEGMENTS IN A MESSAGE	M	n6
		Control count of number of segments in a message.		
		The value in this data element represents the total numl from the UNH segment to the UNT segment inclusive.	per of seg	ments
0062		MESSAGE REFERENCE NUMBER	M	an14
		Unique message reference assigned by the sender.		
		The value in this data element must match the value applement 0062 on the LINH segment in this same PAXLS		

10.14 Group Trailer (UNE)

Segment: UNE Functional Group Trailer

Group: Level:

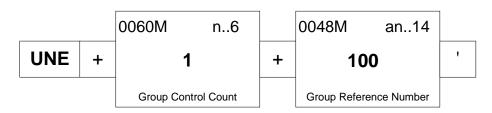
Usage: Conditional

Max Use: 1

Purpose: To end and check the completeness of a Functional Group

Notes: This segment will be used in this CUSRES message.

10.14.1 UNE Example



10.14.2 Une Element Definitions

Sample Image

UNE+1+100'

Data Element Summary

Data	Componen	t		
Element 0060	Element	Number of Messages	Attribu M	<u>ites</u> n6
		A count of the number of messages in a functional group		
		The value in this data element represents the number of included in the group.	message	S
0048		FUNCTIONAL GROUP REFERENCE NUMBER	M	an14
		Reference number for the functional group assigned by a within the sender's division, department etc.	and unique	е

10.15 Interchange Trailer (UNZ)

Segment: UNZ Interchange Trailer

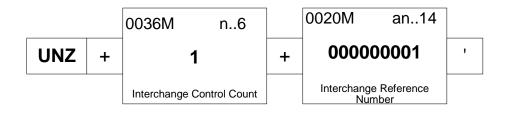
Group: Level: 0

Usage: Mandatory

Max Use:

Purpose: To end and check the completeness of an interchange The UNZ segment is mandatory for this implementation.

10.15.1 UNZ Example



10.15.2 UNZ Element Definitions

Sample Image UNZ+1+000000001'

Data	Componer	nt .		
Element	<u>Element</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Attribu</u>	<u>utes</u>
0036		INTERCHANGE CONTROL COUNT	M	n6
		Count either of the number of messages or, if used, of the functional groups in an interchange.	ne numbei	r of
		The value in this data element represents the number of	groups	
		included in this interchange (transmission).		
0020		INTERCHANGE CONTROL REFERENCE	M	an14
		Unique reference assigned by the sender to an interchai	nge.	

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Appendices

Appendix A. Segment Group Coding Rules – Passenger Manifests

Segment Groups were described in Section 3 "Message Structure," and many of the individual segments defined above are contained in one of the groups. The importance of segment groups is that they are a set of related segments that work together to report an important business entity. To do this properly, many of the groups have coding rules that provide the context for the rules of individual segments. This appendix describes the PAXLST segment groups and their rules in detail.

Note: TSA regulations require different coding for some segment groups for Master Crew Lists and crew member manifests. Some of those exceptions are described in this appendix. Also, refer to Appendix "D" for MCL and crew manifest coding rules that differ from the passenger manifest rules stated in this appendix.

A.1. Group 1 – Reporting Party

This group describes the party responsible for the data being reported. DHS will contact this party if any problems are found with the transmission. It is an optional group, but DHS expects that all filers will provide accurate data with the transmission, and/or maintain current information on DHS point-of-contact database.

A.2. Group 2 – Flight Identification

This group is mandatory and consists of at least one TDT segment loop header that identifies the aircraft operator and flight number. If this segment is missing or invalid, the message will be discarded. The TDT segment loop header must be repeated for each flight leg.

Note: For Crew manifests, TSA regulations require an added suffix to the flight number to specify the type of flight being reported – refer to section D.1.2. Also, Master Crew Lists have specific requirements for reporting a "flight" ID – refer to section D.1.3.

A.3. Group 3 – Flight Itinerary

There are some important differences in Group 3 coding between: (a) passenger manifests, (b) crew member manifests, and (c) Master Crew Lists. This section applies <u>only</u> to passenger manifests. Crew member manifests are described in Appendix D.1.2. Master Crew List; coding rules are described in Appendix D.1.3.

This group is subordinate to Group 2. Segment Group 3 utilizes a repeating LOC-DTM segment loop that repeats up to 2 times to report Departure Airport (1st LOC), Departure Time (1st DTM), Arrival Airport (2nd LOC), and Arrival Time (2nd DTM). Times must be reported in local times.

Notes:

- (1) APIS regulations will only require the flight leg crossing the U.S. border to be reported for normal passenger manifests. However, a crew manifest reporting "domestic continuance" may require additional U.S. flight legs to be reported.
- (2) Secure Flight regulations require the reporting of the traveler's complete, single direction travel. This will necessitate the submission of multiple TDT, and subordinate LOC/DTM segment loops.
- (3) Crew member manifest rules are different, due to TSA requirements for reporting crew changes on flight legs within the U.S. Refer to Appendix D.1.2.

1. Maximum and minimum number of LOC – DTM loops:

- Only two LOC-DTM loops are expected. These loops report the Departure airport (LOC+125 segment) and Arrival airport (LOC+87 segment). (Note: "125" and "87" are the Location Function Code Qualifiers for departure and arrival, respectively.)
 These are:
 - For International Inbound flights, the port of last foreign departure (LOC+125) and the first port of U.S. arrival (LOC+87).
 - For International Outbound flights, the port of last U.S. departure (LOC+125) and the first port of foreign arrival (LOC+87).
 - For messages having multiple flight segments prior to a U.S. arrival or after a U.S. departure, the (LOC+92) segment loop should be used.
 - For purely domestic transmissions, the (LOC+92) segment loop should be used.

2. "Progressive", Pre-clearance, Final Destination, and In-Transit airports:

- "Pre-clearance" of international inbound travelers is done at specific foreign airports prior to the flight's departure for entry into the U.S. (for example, in Montreal for a flight to New York). These flights must be reported to APIS, with the foreign port (e.g., Montreal) as the Departure location and the U.S. port (e.g., New York) as the Arrival location.
- Additional "in-transit" ports where the flight lands should be reported. Flights that transits through the U.S. must be reported as both an International Inbound and an International Outbound flight in two separate PAXLST messages. (Refer to rule #4 below).

3. Date/Time Reporting:

It is expected that the first airport reported in the itinerary will only have a scheduled Departure date/time, and the last reported airport will only have an Arrival date/time.

4. Flights Transiting Through the United States:

- If a flight transits through the U.S., it must be reported as <u>both</u> an Inbound flight and an Outbound flight. (Refer to rule #4 below.) For example, a flight itinerary of GIG GRU LAX NRT would be reported as:
 - An Inbound flight, with itinerary

LOC+125+GRU LOC+87+LAX

(Required DTM segments not shown)

- An Outbound flight, with itinerary LOC+125+LAX LOC+87+NRT (Required DTM segments not shown)
- It is logically impossible for the APIS system to process a transmission as both Inbound and Outbound. Thus, a flight that transits through the U.S. must be reported in two transactions, one for the Inbound leg(s) and one for the Outbound leg(s). For example, a London New York Toronto flight must be split into two transmissions, one for London New York and the other for New York Toronto. The London New York leg will be processed as an Inbound flight and the New York Toronto leg will be an Outbound flight. If it is not reported this way, DHS will not recognize the New York Toronto leg as an Outbound flight.

This condition also applies to "round robin" flights where an aircraft operator operates a round-trip flight that leaves and returns to the United States (or enters and then leaves the United States) under a single flight number. As above, report this type of flight using two separate transmissions.

- 5. Determining Inbound or Outbound status:
 - Inbound/Outbound status is vital to correct processing of the flight, as it controls a number of system and manual processes that are significantly different. The PAXLST format does not have a way to explicitly report that the flight is arriving into the U.S. or departing from the U.S.; the country where the first airport in the itinerary is located determines this. If the first airport is in the U.S., the flight is Outbound; if the first airport is outside the U.S., the flight is Inbound.

A.4. Group 4 – Persons

Note: Coding rules for Person segments on Master Crew Lists and Crew member manifests are different. In particular, additional segment types may be required for crew members, and the structure of certain segments is different for crew members than for passengers. Refer to Appendix D.1.2.

 At least one occurrence of this group is mandatory. A message sent without any travelers will be received and stored but will not be processed, and might not be acknowledged.

Aircraft operators are strongly encouraged to avoid sending messages without traveler names. Processing of blank blocks of data negatively affects the efficiency of APIS processing.

- This group consists of a number of segments. The following order of transmission must be followed for each traveler:
 - NAD Traveler Type, Name, and Address
 - ATT Gender
 - DTM Date of Birth

- LOCs Traveler's Itinerary, and Country of Residence (if provided)
- EMP Crew / Non-crew Status/Function (if provided)
- NAT Nationality / Citizenship
- RFF Passenger Name Record (PNR) Locator and Unique Passenger Reference
- Group 5 Documents (refer to section A.5)

Note: If a traveler's segments are transmitted in a different order, the traveler might not be processed correctly. Also, subsequent travelers in the message might be discarded and not processed at all. This could result in penalties to the aircraft operator.

• The NAD segment is mandatory for each traveler. The presence of an NAD segment indicates the beginning of data for a new traveler.

Aircraft operator accuracy is based on matching the data transmitted via APIS to the data provided by the arriving traveler, therefore, aircraft operators should base their data on the traveler's identification document (usually a passport). The ICAO standard for machine-readable documents has 2 name fields (Surname and Given Name, separated by "<<" characters) and allows numerous sub-fields (separated by "<"). The NAD segment allows up to 3 fields for name components and allows embedded spaces. In general, a name scanned from a document can be transmitted using 2 NAD fields – for sub-fields, the "<" character should be converted to an embedded space. Special characters, such as an apostrophe, should also be converted to spaces. Examples of this are given in the description of the Group 4 NAD segment in section 16.

- If data is transmitted for a traveler via one or more ATT, DTM, LOC, EMP, NAT, RFF, and/or DOC segments, and there is no preceding NAD for the traveler, <u>data for subsequent travelers in the transmission may be lost</u>.
- The NAD's Party Function Code Qualifier should be consistent with the document type code list that appears on the BGM segment.
- The CBP APIS Final Rule has established rules for name and address reporting using the NAD segment. Refer to the APIS regulations for clarification.
- The ATT and DTM segments are mandatory.
- Rules for reporting data using various LOC segments have been established by CBP.
 - LOC segments are used to report the traveler's Country of Residence and Itinerary (Embarkation, Debarkation, and Customs Clearance locations).
 - The traveler's itinerary is especially important when it does not correspond exactly to the flight itinerary that was reported in Segment Group 3.
 - Even if the traveler's itinerary does match the flight itinerary, it must still be reported for the traveler in Group 4 LOC segments.

- The EMP segment is only used on crew manifests and MCLs.
- The NAT segment is mandatory.
- As required under the Secure Flight Final Rule (Oct 2008), both the Passenger Name Record Locator and the Unique Passenger Reference number must be supplied to identify a Passenger in the PAXLST. Therefore at least two (2) RFF segments must be present within the NAD Name loop.
- Rules for reporting PNR data using the RFF segment have been established by the CBP APIS Final Rule. Refer to the APIS regulations for clarification.

A.5. Group 5 – Documents

Note: Document segment rules are the same for Passenger and Crew member manifests and MCLs. However, the required types of documents may be different.

This group is subordinate to Group 4. In the IATA/WCO standard, it consists of 0 to 2 loops, each containing 1 DOC segment, 0 to 2 DTM segments, and 0 or 1 LOC segment.

- The Group 5 segments should be transmitted in the following order:
 - DOC (Document Type code and Number)
 - DTM (Date of Expiration if applicable)
 - LOC (Country of Issue if applicable)
- The DOC segment is mandatory if the group appears. If document data is transmitted for a traveler via one or more DTM and/or LOC segments, and if there is no preceding DOC for the document, <u>data for subsequent travelers in the</u> <u>transmission may be lost</u>.
- The DOC segment has the Type code and the Number. Refer to the description of the Group 5 DOC segment in section 23.
- The DTM segment reports the document's expiration date, if applicable. Refer to the description of the Group 5 DTM segment in section 24.
- The LOC segment reports the country that issued the document, if applicable. Refer to the description of the Group 5 LOC segment in section 25.
- A second DOC segment is necessary for DV purposes.

Appendix B. Business Scenarios and Message Examples

Following are examples of aircraft operator's PAXLST passenger messages followed by the DHS CUSRES response, if applicable. Some of the examples include segments used for reporting Crew member manifest data. Examples of Master Crew Lists and Crew member manifests are shown in Appendix D. The following notes apply to all examples:

- Examples may use data that resembles real airlines and individuals. Any resemblance to actual airlines or individuals is coincidental and does not imply that the airlines or individuals took the actions being reported by the example.
- For clarity, example messages in this guide are shown with a line break between segments. This is completely arbitrary and line breaks have no meaning in the syntax. (Refer to example B.1). Messages must be transmitted as a continuous bit stream.
- None of the examples show any communications header or trailer data that may be required by SITA, ARINC, or any other network. Details of any such data is outside the scope of this guide.
- Where the example shows a complete APIS transmission, it may be too long to fit
 into size limitations of various message types. The examples do not show this, and it
 may be necessary for the message to be split into two or more blocks that will be
 transmitted separately. If this is done, each block must have a complete set of
 header/trailer segments, a BGM segment, and flight ID and flight itinerary segments.
 (Note: It is our understanding that SITA Type B messages can be 64K long and
 ARINC Type B messages can be 32K, so it is less likely that multiple blocks
 will be needed.)
- In some examples, notations of certain items are shown in parentheses and italic font.
- In some examples, information may have been intentionally left out due to space limitations.

Table 14 identifies the two position response code that will appear on the DHS Response CUSRES message in the ERC segment. Position 1 identifies the Boarding Pass Printing Result. Position 2 identifies the ESTA status for the traveler.

Table 14: DHS Response Codes

ERC Value	Description
Position 1	
0	Cleared
1	Printing of Boarding Pass is inhibited. The Free Text Segment (FTX) will appear immediately following the ERC. The FTX contains further instructions:
	ERC+1' FTX+AAH+++ Contact the DHS Resolution Desk at 1-703-601-5300'
2	Further examination (e.g. "Selectee").
3	Known Traveler status
4	Error - Passenger data failed business rule edits. Refer to Section 2, for business rule edits applied to PAXLST submissions.
ERC Value	Description
Position 2	·
Z	Travel authorization via ESTA not applicable / DV not applicable
А	Approved Travel Authorization via ESTA / U.S. Document on file (e.g., Visa, Permanent Resident Card, U.S. Passport)
В	VWP Participant passport – No Application for Travel
1	Authorization via ESTA on file / Visa not on file
С	Authorization via ESTA on file / Visa not on file VWP Participant passport – U.S. authorized Travel Document Required, ESTA denied
C D	Authorization via ESTA on file / Visa not on file VWP Participant passport – U.S. authorized Travel Document
	Authorization via ESTA on file / Visa not on file VWP Participant passport – U.S. authorized Travel Document Required, ESTA denied Document not on file – no U.S. Document on file (e.g., Visa,
D	Authorization via ESTA on file / Visa not on file VWP Participant passport – U.S. authorized Travel Document Required, ESTA denied Document not on file – no U.S. Document on file (e.g., Visa, Permanent Resident Card, U.S. Passport) EVUS Participant Passport and Visa – no application for
D E	Authorization via ESTA on file / Visa not on file VWP Participant passport – U.S. authorized Travel Document Required, ESTA denied Document not on file – no U.S. Document on file (e.g., Visa, Permanent Resident Card, U.S. Passport) EVUS Participant Passport and Visa – no application for travel authorization via EVUS on file – Re-submit required Recommended No Board (due to inadmissibility such as visa
D E R	Authorization via ESTA on file / Visa not on file VWP Participant passport – U.S. authorized Travel Document Required, ESTA denied Document not on file – no U.S. Document on file (e.g., Visa, Permanent Resident Card, U.S. Passport) EVUS Participant Passport and Visa – no application for travel authorization via EVUS on file – Re-submit required Recommended No Board (due to inadmissibility such as visa cancelations, revocations, overstays, etc.) Timeout. Process to perform ESTA / EVUS / Document

B.1. Sample UN/EDIFACT PAXLST Message, Displayed with Arbitrary Line Breaks

This message is shown with line breaks that are defined by the page width and Microsoft Word formatting rules. It can be seen that the message segments are contiguous, and there is no intervening break between the terminator of one segment and the segment label of the next.

UNA:+.? 'UNB+UNOA:4+APIS*ABE+USADHS+070219:1445+000000001+USADHS'
UNG+PAXLST+XYZAIRLINES+USADHS+070219:1445+1+UN+D:05B'UNH+PAX001+PAXLST:D:05B:
UN:IATA'BGM+745'RFF+TN:AJYTR1070219:::1'NAD+MS+++JOHN SMITH'COM+703-5551212:TE+703-555-4545:FX'TDT+20+BB123+++BB'LOC+125+YVR'DTM+189:0702191540:201'
LOC+87+JFK'DTM+232:0702191740:201'TDT+20+BB123+++BB'LOC+92+JFK'DTM+189:070219
1840:201'LOC+92+ATL'DTM+232:0702191955:201'NAD+FL+++CLARK:MICHAEL+123 E MAIN
ST+NEWYORK+NY+10053'ATT+2++M'DTM+329:720907'LOC+22+JFK'LOC+178+YVR'LOC+179+JF
K'LOC+174+USA'NAT+2+CAN'RFF+AVF:TYR123'RFF+ABO:ABC123'RFF+AEA:1234567890ABC'R
FF+CR:20060907NY123'RFF+SEA:23C' RFF+AGK:600'RFF+AGU:AOFFCODEWORD' DOC+P:110:
111+MB1402411'DTM+36:051021'LOC+91+CAN'CNT+42:1'UNT+32+PAX001'UNE+1+1'UNZ+1+0
00000001'

B.2. Domestic - Single Leg Flight (Secure Flight Reporting)

The following example identifies a simple PAXLST message featuring a single passenger and a single flight leg all of which are U.S. airports. The document type code is '745', the message sequence number is '1'.

Message sample identifies information reporting for Secure Flight purposes only.

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+APIS*ABE+USADHS+070218:1545+000000001++USADHS' UNG+PAXLST+XYZ AIRLINES+USADHS+070218:1545+1+UN+D:05B

UNH+PAX001+PAXLST:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+745

RFF+TN:AJYTR1070219:::1' NAD+MS+++JOHN SMITH'

COM+703-555-1212:TE+703-555-4545:FX'

TDT+20+AA124+++AA'

LOC+92+ORD'

DTM+189:0702191840:201'

LOC+92+JFK'

DTM+232:0702191955:201'

NAD+FL+++CLARK:MICHAEL'

ATT+2++M' DTM+329:720907' LOC+178+ORD' LOC+179+JFK' RFF+AVF:TYR123' RFF+ABO:ABC123' RFF+AEA:1234567890ABC' RFF+CR:20060907NY123' RFF+AGU:AOFFCODEWORD'

CNT+42:1' UNT+21+PAX001' UNF+1+1'

UNZ+1+000000001'

Passenger List

Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

Flight number and Carrier Code

Departure Info

Flight scheduled departure date/time

Arrival Info

Flight scheduled arrival date/time

Gender Date of Birth

Passenger started journey Passenger's destination Passenger identification (PNR)

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

DHS - Passenger Redress Number DHS - Known Traveler Number

Aircraft Operator Frequent Flier Codeword

CNT represents the total passengers reported in this transmission.

B.2.1. DHS Response

The following DHS response message is based on the sample message from Section B.2. DHS Response Messages are identified within the BGM segment with a document type code of "962", DHS Response. Within this sample, the passengers have a cleared status. The ESTA status returned will always be "Z" for domestic submissions. The message sequence number will be consistent with request message.

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+USADHS+APIS*ABE+070219:1546+000000001++USADHS'

UNG+CUSRES+USADHS+AIR1+070219:1546+1+UN+D:05B'

UNH+PAX001+CUSRES:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+962'

RFF+TN:AJYTR1070219:::1'

RFF+AF:AA124'

DTM+189:0702191840:201' DTM+232:0702191955:201'

LOC+92+ORD' LOC+92+JFK' ERP+2'

RFF+AVF:TYR123'

RFF+ABO:ABC123'

ERC+**0Z'** UNT+13+PAX001' UNF+1+1'

UNZ+1+000000001'

Transaction Reference Number & Message Sequence number

Flight Identifier

Flight scheduled departure date/time Flight scheduled arrival date/time

Departure Info Arrival Info

Passenger Identification (PNR)

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

'0' Denotes passenger 'Clear'

The cleared status is identified within the ERC segment following the passenger name record locator (e.g., PNR) and associated passenger reference number. Refer to table 14 for all possible ERC segment values.

B.3. Domestic – Multiple Leg Flight (Secure Flight Reporting)

The following example identifies a PAXLST message featuring multiple passengers and multiple flight numbers and legs all of which are U.S. airports, message sequence number should equal 1.

Message sample identifies U.S. Domestic flight information reporting for Secure Flight purposes only.

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+APIS*ABE+USADHS+070218:1545+000006640++USADHS' UNG+PAXLST+XYZ AIRLINES+USADHS+070218:1545+1+UN+D:05B

UNH+PAX001+PAXLST:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+745 Passenger List

RFF+TN:AJYTR1070219:::1' NAD+MS+++JOHN SMITH'

COM+703-555-1212:TE+703-555-4545:FX'

TDT+20+AA123+++AA' LOC+92+ATL'

DTM+189: 0702191540:201'

LOC+92+ORD'

DTM+232:0702191740:201' TDT+20+AA124+++AA'

LOC+92+ORD

DTM+189:0702191840:201'

LOC+92+JFK'

DTM+232:0702191955:201' NAD+FL+++CLARK:MICHAEL'

ATT+2++M' DTM+329:720907 LOC+178+ATL' LOC+179+JFK' RFF+AVF:TYR123' RFF+ABO:ABC123' RFF+AEA:1234567890ABC' RFF+CR:20060907NY123' RFF+AGU:AOFFCODEWORD'

NAD+FL+++CLARK:CHERYL'

ATT+2++F' DTM+329:730407 LOC+178+ATL' LOC+179+JFK' RFF+AVF·TYR123' RFF+ABO:TYL009' CNT+42·2' UNT+33+PAX001' UNE+1+1'

UNZ+1+000006640'

Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

Flight number and Carrier Code

Departure Info

Flight scheduled departure date/time

Arrival Info

Flight scheduled arrival date/time Flight number and Carrier Code

Departure Info

Flight scheduled departure date/time

Arrival Info

Flight scheduled arrival date/time

Gender Date of Birth

Passenger started journey Passenger's destination Passenger identification (PNR)

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

DHS - Passenger Redress Number DHS - Known Traveler Number

Aircraft Operator Frequent Flier Codeword

Gender Date of Birth

Passenger started journey Passenger's destination Passenger identification (PNR)

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

CNT represents the total passengers reported in this transmission.

B.3.1. DHS Response

The following DHS response message is based on the sample message from Section B.3.

DHS Response Messages are identified within the BGM segment with a document type code of "962", DHS Response. Within this sample, all of the passengers have a cleared status. The cleared status is identified within the ERC segment following each passenger name record locator (e.g., PNR), and the associated passenger reference number. The ESTA status returned will always be Z – "travel authorization via ESTA not applicable", for domestic submissions. The message sequence number will be consistent with request message.

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+USADHS+APIS*ABE+070219:1546+000006640++USADHS' UNG+CUSRES+USADHS+XYZ AIRLINES+070219:1546+1+UN+D:05B'

UNH+PAX001+CUSRES:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+962'

RFF+TN:AJYTR1070219:::1'

RFF+AF:AA123'

DTM+189:0702191540:201' DTM+232:0702191740:201'

LOC+92+ATL' LOC+92+ORD' RFF+AF:AA124'

DTM+189:0702191840:201' DTM+232:0702191955:201'

LOC+92+ORD' LOC+92+JFK' ERP+2'

RFF+AVF:TYR123'

RFF+ABO:ABC123'

ERC+**0Z'** FRP+2'

RFF+AVF:TYR123' RFF+ABO: TYL009'

ERC+**0Z'** UNT+21+PAX001 UNE+1+1' UNZ+1+000006640' Transaction Reference Number & Message Sequence number

Flight Identifier

Flight scheduled departure date/time Flight scheduled arrival date/time

Departure Info Arrival Info Flight Identifier

Flight scheduled departure date/time Flight scheduled arrival date/time

Departure Info Arrival Info

Passenger Identification (PNR)

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

'0' Denotes passenger 'Clear'

Passenger Identification (PNR)

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier Boarding Pass Printing Result/ESTA status. See below.

The cleared status is identified within the ERC segment following the passenger name record locator (e.g., PNR) and associated passenger reference number. Refer to table 14 for all possible ERC segment values.

B.4. International-to-International (U.S. Flagged Aircraft Operators)

This example identifies a single passenger submission with multiple flights legs, all of which are non-U.S. airports. The example satisfies reporting requirements for U.S. Flagged aircraft operators with international to international flights. Travel authorization via ESTA not applicable.

Message sample identifies information reporting for <u>Secure Flight</u> purposes only.

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+APIS*ABE+USADHS+080708:0545+000006640++USADHS' UNG+PAXLST+XYZ AIRLINES+USADHS+080708:0545+1+UN+D:05B'

UNH+PAX001+PAXLST:D:05B:UN:IATA'

3GM+**745**

RFF+TN:BART34567890:::1'
NAD+MS+++DOTTIE MOODY'

COM+703-555-1212:TE+703-555-4545:FX'

TDT+20+QQ877+++QQ'

LOC+92+VIE'

DTM+189:0807101500:201'

LOC+92+BRU'

DTM+232:0807101900:201' TDT+20+ QQ827+++AA'

LOC+92+BRU'

DTM+189:0808081930:201'

LOC+92+CDG'

DTM+232:0808082230:201'
NAD+FL+++BARRETT:TODD'

ATT+2++M'
DTM+329:680223'
LOC+178+VIE'
LOC+179+CDG'
RFF+AVF:ABC123'
RFF+ABO:UUI34T543'

CNT+42:1' UNT+24+PAX001' UNE+1+1'

UNZ+1+000006640'

Passenger List

Transaction Reference Number And Message Sequence number

Aircraft Operator POC

Flight number and Carrier Code

Departure Info

Flight scheduled departure date/time

Arrival Info

Flight scheduled arrival date/time Flight number and Carrier Code

Departure Info

Flight scheduled departure date/time

Arrival Info

Flight scheduled arrival date/time

Gender
Date of Birth

Passenger started journey
Passenger's destination
Passenger identification (PNR)

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

B.4.1. DHS Response

The following response message is based on the sample message from Section B.4. DHS Response Messages are identified within the BGM segment with a document type code of "962", DHS Response. Within this sample, all of the passengers have a cleared status. The cleared status is identified within the ERC segment following each passenger name record locator (e.g., PNR), and the associated passenger reference number. The ESTA status returned will always be Z - "travel authorization via ESTA not applicable", for international-to-international submissions. The message sequence number will be consistent with request message.

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+USADHS+APIS*ABE+070219:1546+000006640++USADHS'
UNG+CUSRES+USADHS+XYZ AIRLINES+070219:1546+1+UN+D:05B'

UNH+PAX001+CUSRES:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+962'

RFF+TN:BART34567890:::1'

RFF+AF:QQ877'

DTM+232:0807101900:201' DTM+189:0807101500:201'

LOC+92+VIE' LOC+92+BRU' RFF+AF:QQ827'

DTM+189:0808081930:201' DTM+232:0808082230:201'

LOC+92+BRU' LOC+92+CDG' ERP+2'

RFF+AVF:ABC123'

RFF+ABO:UUI34T543'

ERC+0Z'

UNT+18+PAX001' UNE+1+1' UNZ+1+000006640' Transaction Reference Number And Message Sequence number

Flight number

Flight scheduled arrival date/time Flight scheduled departure date/time

Departure Info Arrival Info Flight number

Flight scheduled departure date/time Flight scheduled arrival date/time

Departure Info Arrival Info

Passenger identification (PNR)

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier Boarding Pass Printing Result/ESTA status. See below.

The cleared status is identified within the ERC segment following the passenger name record locator (e.g., PNR) and associated passenger reference number. Refer to table 14 for all possible ERC segment values.

B.5. International - to - Domestic (Inbound)

The following example identifies a PAXLST message featuring a single passenger with a single non-U.S. airport of departure and a single U.S. arrival airport, message sequence number should equal 1.

UNA:+.? '

NAT+2+FRA'

UNE+1+11' UNZ+1+000000011'

UNB+UNOA:4+APIS*ABE+USADHS+080708:0545+000000011++USADHS' UNG+PAXLST+XYZ AIRLINES+USADHS+080708:0545+11+UN+D:05B'

UNH+PAX11+PAXLST:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+**745**' Passenger List

RFF+TN:BART34567890:::1' Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

NAD+MS+++DOTTIE MOODY'
Aircraft Operator Point of Contact – Name
COM+703-555-1212:TE+703-555-4545:FX'

TDT+20+QQ827+++QQ' Flight number and Carrier Code

LOC+125+CDG' Departure Info

DTM+189:0808080900:201' Flight scheduled departure date/time

LOC+87+IAD' Arrival Info

DTM+232:0808081445:201' Flight scheduled arrival date/time

NAD+FL+++BARRETT:TODD+123 E MAIN ST+STAFFORD+VA+22554+USA' (U.S. destination)

NAD+FL+++BARRETT:TODD+123 E MAIN 51+51AFFORD+VA+22554+05A (0.5. 0e\$iinaiioii

ATT+2++M' Gender

DTM+329:680223' Date of Birth

LOC+22+IAD' Port of CBP Clearance

LOC+178+CDG' Passenger started journey

LOC+179+IAD' Passenger's destination

LOC+174+FRA Country of Residence

RFF+AVF:ABC123' Passenger identification (PNR)

RFF+ABO:UUI34T543' Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

Citizenship

DOC+P:110:111+YY3478621' Passport #

DTM+36:081230' Passport expiration date
LOC+91+FRA' Passport Issuing Country
CNT+42:1
UNT+25+PAX11'

B.5.1. DHS Response

The following response message is based on the sample message from Section B.5. DHS Response Messages are identified within the BGM segment with a document type code of "962," DHS Response. Within this example, all of the passengers have a cleared status. The "cleared" status is identified within the ERC segment following each passenger name record locator (e.g., PNR), and the associated passenger reference number. The ESTA status returned identifies that the passenger is traveling on a VWP passport with approved travel authorization via ESTA. The message sequence number will be consistent with the request message.

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+USADHS+APIS*ABE+070219:1546+000000011++USADHS'
UNG+CUSRES+USADHS+XYZ AIRLINES+070219:1546+11+UN+D:05B'

UNH+PAX11+CUSRES:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+962'

RFF+TN:BART34567890:::1'

RFF+AF:QQ827'

DTM+189:0808080900:201' DTM+232:0808081445:201'

LOC+125+CDG' LOC+87+IAD' FRP+2'

RFF+AVF:ABC123'

RFF+ABO:UUI34T543'

ERC+**0A'**UNT+13+PAX11'
UNE+1+11'
UNZ+1+000000011'

Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

Flight number

Flight scheduled departure date/time Flight scheduled arrival date/time

Departure Info Arrival Info

Passenger identification (PNR)

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier Boarding Pass Printing Result/ESTA status. See below.

The cleared status is identified within the ERC segment following the passenger name record locator (e.g., PNR) and associated passenger reference number. Refer to table 14 for all possible ERC segment values.

B.6. International - to - Domestic (Inbound Flight – ESTA Status/DV Status Check)

The following example identifies a PAXLST message featuring multiple passenger's with a single non-U.S. airport of departure and a single U.S. arrival airport, message sequence number should equal 1. Multiple documents are submitted to provide example of ESTA status response based on document #1 and document #2 information provided:

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+APIS*ABE+USADHS+080708:0545+000000011++USADHS' UNG+PAXLST+XYZ AIRLINES+USADHS+080708:0545+11+UN+D:05B'

UNH+PAX11+PAXLST:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+**745**' Passenger List

RFF+TN:BART34567890:::1' Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

NAD+MS+++DOTTIE MOODY' Aircraft Operator Point of Contact – Name

COM+703-555-1212:TE+703-555-4545:FX'

TDT+20+QQ827+++QQ' Flight number and Carrier Code

LOC+125+CDG' Departure Info

DTM+189:08080900:201' Flight scheduled departure date/time

LOC+87+IAD' Arrival Info

DTM+232:0808081445:201' Flight scheduled arrival date/time

NAD+FL+++BARRETT:TODD'

ATT+2++M' Gender

DTM+329:680223' Date of Birth

LOC+22+IAD' Port of CBP Clearance

LOC+178+CDG' Passenger started journey

LOC+179+IAD' Passenger's destination

LOC+174+FRA Country of Residence

NAT+2+FRA' Citizenship
RFF+AVF:ABC123' Passenger identification (PNR)

RFF+ABO:UUI34T543' Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

Document #2 country of issuance

DOC+P:110:111+YY3478621' Passport #

DTM+36:081230' Passport expiration date

LOC+91+FRA' Passport Issuing Country

DOC+A:110:111+021353567' Permanent Resident Card

DTM+36:101230' Document #2 expiration date

LOC+91+USA'

NAD+FL+++BARRETT:PAUL'

ATT+2++M' Gender

DTM+329:721019' Date of Birth

LOC+22+IAD' Port of CBP Clearance

LOC+178+CDG' Passenger started journey

LOC+179+IAD' Passenger's destination

LOC+174+FRA Country of Residence

NAT+2+FRA' Citizenship

RFF+AVF:ABC123' Passenger identification (PNR)

RFF+ABO:UUI34T544' Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

DOC+C:110:111+054658792' Permanent Resident Card

DTM+36:081230' Expiration date

LOC+91+FRA' Issuing Country

NAD+FL+++BARRETT:WIL+123 E MAIN ST+STAFFORD+VA+22554+USA' (U.S. destination)

ATT+2++M' Gender
DTM+329:680223' Date of Birth

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LOC+22+IAD' LOC+178+CDG' LOC+179+IAD' LOC+174+FRA NAT+2+FRA' RFF+AVF:ABC123' RFF+ABO:UUI34T545' DOC+P:110:111+YY3478596'

DTM+36:081230' LOC+91+FRA'

DOC+V: 110: 111+025868267'

DTM+36:100405' LOC+91+USA'

NAD+FL+++BARRETT:AMY+123 E MAIN ST+STAFFORD+VA+22554+USA

ATT+2++F'
DTM+329:950330'
LOC+22+IAD'
LOC+178+CDG'
LOC+179+IAD'
LOC+174+FRA

NAT+2+FRA' RFF+AVF:ABC123' RFF+ABO:UUI34T546' DOC+P:110:111+YY3445568'

DTM+36:081101' LOC+91+FRA' CNT+42:4' UNT+70+PAX11' UNE+1+11' UNZ+1+000000011' Port of CBP Clearance
Passenger started journey
Passenger's destination
Country of Residence

Citizenship

Passenger identification (PNR)

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

Passport #

Passport expiration date
Passport Issuing Country
U.S. non-immigrant visa
Document #2 expiration date
Document #2 country of issuance

(U.S. destination)

Gender
Date of Birth
Port of CBP Clearance
Passenger started journey
Passenger's destination
Country of Residence
Citizenship

Passenger identification (PNR)

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

Passport #

Passport expiration date
Passport Issuing Country

B.6.1. DHS Response

The following response message is based on the sample message from Section B.6. DHS Response Messages are identified within the BGM segment with a document type code of "962," DHS Response. Within this example, all of the passengers have a cleared status. The 'Cleared' status is identified within the ERC segment following each passenger name record locator (e.g., PNR), and the associated passenger reference number. The ESTA status returned is based either on the inclusion of a second document information or the passenger is traveling on a VWP passport with approved travel authorization via ESTA. The message sequence number will be consistent with the request message.

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+USADHS+APIS*ABE+070219:1546+000000011++USADHS'

UNG+CUSRES+USADHS+XYZ AIRLINES+070219:1546+11+UN+D:05B'

UNH+PAX11+CUSRES:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+962'

RFF+TN:BART34567890:::1'

RFF+AF:QQ827'

DTM+189:0808080900:201' DTM+232:0808081445:201'

LOC+125+CDG'

ERP+2'

RFF+AVF:ABC123'
RFF+ABO:UUI34T543'

ERC+**0Z'** ERP+2'

RFF+AVF:ABC123'

RFF+ABO:UUI34T544'

ERC+**0Z'** LOC+87+IAD' ERP+2'

RFF+AVF:ABC123'

RFF+ABO:UUI34T545'

ERC+**0Z'** ERP+2'

RFF+AVF:ABC123'

RFF+ABO:UUI34T546' ERC+**0A'**

UNT+13+PAX11' UNE+1+11' UNZ+1+000000011' Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

Flight number

Flight scheduled departure date/time Flight scheduled arrival date/time

Departure Info

Passenger identification (PNR)

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier Boarding Pass Printing Result/ESTA status. See below.

Passenger identification (PNR)

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier Boarding Pass Printing Result/ESTA status. See below.

Arrival Info

Passenger identification (PNR)

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier Boarding Pass Printing Result/ESTA status. See below.

Passenger identification (PNR)

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier Boarding Pass Printing Result/ESTA status. See below.

The cleared status is identified within the ERC segment following the passenger name record locator (e.g., PNR) and associated passenger reference number. Refer to table 14 for all possible ERC segment values.

B.7. International - to - Domestic (Inbound Flight - EVUS Status/DV Status Check)

The following example identifies a PAXLST message featuring a single passenger with a single non-U.S. airport of departure and a single U.S. arrival airport. Message sequence number should equal 1. Multiple documents are submitted to provide an example of EVUS status response based on document #1 and document #2 information provided:

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+APIS*ABE+USADHS+080708:0545+000000011++USADHS'

UNG+PAXLST+XYZ AIRLINES+USADHS+080708:0545+11+UN+D:05B

UNH+PAX11+PAXLST:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+**745**

RFF+TN:BART34567890:::1'
NAD+MS+++DOTTIE MOODY'

COM+703-555-1212:TE+703-555-4545:FX'

TDT+20+QQ827+++QQ'

LOC+125+PEK'

DTM+189:0808080900:201'

LOC+87+IAD'

DTM+232:0808081445:201'

NAD+FL+++LI:MING'

ATT+2++M'

DTM+329:680223'
LOC+22+IAD'
LOC+178+PEK'
LOC+179+IAD'
LOC+174+CHN
NAT+2+CHN'
RFF+AVF:ABC123'
RFF+ABO:UUI34T543'

DOC+P:110:111+G93478621'

DTM+36:081230'

LOC+91+CHN'

DOC+V: 110: 111+G21353567'

DTM+36: 201230' LOC+91+USA' CNT+42:4' UNT+70+PAX11' UNE+1+11' UNZ+1+000000011' Passenger List

Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

Aircraft Operator Point of Contact – Name

Flight number and Carrier Code

Departure Info

Flight scheduled departure date/time

Arrival Info

Flight scheduled arrival date/time

Gender
Date of Birth
Port of CBP Clearance
Passenger started journey
Passenger's destination

Citizenship

Passenger identification (PNR)

Country of Residence

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

Passport #

Passport expiration date
Passport Issuing Country
Permanent Resident Card
Document #2 expiration date
Document #2 country of issuance

B.7.1. DHS Response

The following response message is based on the sample message from Section B.7. DHS Response Messages are identified within the BGM segment with a document type code of "962," DHS Response. Within this example, the passenger has a No EVUS on File status. The 'No EVUS' status is identified within the ERC segment following the passenger name record locator (e.g., PNR), and the associated passenger reference number. The EVUS status returned is based either on the inclusion of a second document information or the passenger traveling on a passport from China and a visa that does not have an approved EVUS. The message sequence number will be consistent with the request message.

UNA:+.? ' UNB+UNOA:4+USADHS+APIS*ABE+070219:1546+000000011++USADHS' UNG+CUSRES+USADHS+XYZ AIRLINES+070219:1546+11+UN+D:05B UNH+PAX11+CUSRES:D:05B:UN:IATA' BGM+962' RFF+TN:BART34567890:::1' Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number RFF+AF:QQ827' DTM+189:0808080900:201' Flight scheduled departure date/time DTM+232:0808081445:201' Flight scheduled arrival date/time LOC+125+CDG1 Departure Info FRP+2' RFF+AVF:ABC123' Passenger identification (PNR) RFF+ABO:UUI34T543' Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier Boarding Pass Printing Result/ESTA status. See below. UNT+13+PAX11' UNE+1+11' UNZ+1+000000011'

The No EVUS status is identified within the ERC segment following the passenger name record locator (e.g., PNR) and associated passenger reference number. Refer to table 14 for all possible ERC segment values.

B.8. International (Multiple Leg Flight) - to - Domestic (Inbound)

Multiple flight legs with non-U.S. airports and a single U.S. arrival airport.

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+APIS*ABE+USADHS+080708:0545+000000009++USADHS' UNG+PAXLST+XYZ AIRLINES+USADHS+080708:0545+9+UN+D:05B'

UNH+000000009+PAXLST:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+**745**' Passenger List

RFF+TN:BART34567890:::1' Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

NAD+MS+++DOTTIE MOODY' Aircraft Operator Point of Contact – Name

COM+703-555-1212:TE+703-555-4545:FX'

TDT+20+ZZ807+++ZZ' Flight number and Carrier Code

LOC+125+CDG' Departure Info

DTM+189:0808080200:201' Flight scheduled departure date/time

LOC+87+IAD' Arrival Info

DTM+232:0808080745:201' Flight scheduled arrival date/time
TDT+20+ZZ877+++ZZ' Flight number and Carrier Code

LOC+92+IAD' Departure Info

DTM+189:0808081140:201' Flight scheduled departure date/time

LOC+92+ORD' Arrival Info

DTM+232:0808081355:201' Flight scheduled arrival date/time I TDT+20+ZZ827+++ZZ' Flight number and Carrier Code

LOC+92+ORD' Departure Info

DTM+189:0808081700:201' Flight scheduled departure date/time

LOC+92+LAX' Arrival Info

DTM+232:0808082000:201' Flight scheduled arrival date/time

NAD+FL+++BARRETT:TODD+123 E MAIN ST+STAFFORD+VA+22554+USA' (U.S. destination)

 ATT+2++M'
 Gender

 DTM+329:680223'
 Date of Birth

 LOC+22+IAD'
 Port CBP Clearance

 LOC+178+VIE'
 Passenger started journey

 LOC+179+IAD'
 Passenger's destination

 LOC+174+FRA
 Country of Residence

RFF+AVF:ABC123' Passenger identification (PNR)

RFF+ABO:UUI34T543' Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

Citizenship

DOC+P:110:111+YY3478621' Passport #

DTM+36:081230' Passport expiration date
LOC+91+FRA' Passport Issuing Country

NAD+FL+++LANG:KRISTIN+123 E MAIN ST+ STAFFORD+VA+22554+USA' (U.S. destination)

 ATT+2++F'
 Gender

 DTM+329:600606'
 Date of Birth

 LOC+22+IAD'
 Port CBP Clearance

 LOC+178+VIE'
 Passenger started journey

 LOC+179+IAD'
 Passenger's destination

 LOC+174+ESP
 Country of Residence

NAT+2+ESP' Citizenship

RFF+AVF:ABC123' Passenger identification (PNR)

RFF+ABO:ABC124' Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

DOC+P:110:111+TRQWE9980' Passport #

DTM+36:090916' Passport expiration date
LOC+91+ESP' Passport Issuing Country

CNT+42:2'

NAT+2+FRA

UNT+49+000000009'

UNE+1+9" UNZ+1+000000009'

B.8.1. DHS Response

The following response message is based on the sample message from Section B.7. DHS Response Messages are identified within the BGM segment with a document type code of "962," DHS Response. Within this sample, all of the passengers have a cleared status. The ESTA status returned for each passenger indicates that the first passenger is traveling on a VWP participant passport and has approved travel authorization via ESTA. The second passenger, although traveling on a VWP participant passport, has not applied for a travel authorization via ESTA program.

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+USADHS+APIS*ABE+070219:1546+000000009++USADHS

UNG+CUSRES+USADHS+XYZ AIRLINES+070219:1546+9+UN+D:05B' UNH+00000009+CUSRES:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+962'

RFF+TN:BART34567890:::1'

RFF+AF:QQ877'

DTM+189:0807102140:201' DTM+232:0807102355:201'

LOC+92+VIE' LOC+92+BRU' RFF+AF:QQ827'

DTM+189:0808080700:201' DTM+232:0808080800:201'

LOC+92+BRU' LOC+92+CDG' RFF+AF;QQ827'

DTM+189:0808080900:201' DTM+232:0808081445:201'

LOC+125+CDG' LOC+87+IAD' FRP+2'

RFF+AVF:ABC123'

RFF+ABO:UUI34T543'

ERC+**0A'** ERP+2'

RFF+AVF:ABC123

RFF+ABO:ABC124' ERC+**0B'**

UNT+27+000000009'

UNE+1+9'

UNZ+1+0000000093

Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

Flight number

Flight scheduled departure date/time Flight scheduled arrival date/time I

Departure Info Arrival Info Flight number

Flight scheduled departure date/time Flight scheduled arrival date/time

Departure Info Arrival Info Flight number

Flight scheduled departure date/time Flight scheduled arrival date/time

Departure Info Arrival Info

Passenger identification (PNR)

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier Boarding Pass Printing Result/ESTA status. See below.

Passenger identification (PNR)

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier Boarding Pass Printing Result/ESTA status. See below.

The cleared status is identified within the ERC segment following the passenger name record locator (e.g., PNR) and associated passenger reference number. Refer to table 14 for all possible ERC segment values.

B.9. Domestic (Multiple Leg Flight) - to - International (Outbound)

UNA:+.? '

NAT+2+FRA'

RFF+AVF·ABC123

UNE+1+123456789 UNZ+1+123456789'

UNB+UNOA:4+APIS*ABE+USADHS+080708:0545+123456789++USADHS'

UNG+PAXLST+XYZ AIRLINES+USADHS+080708:0545+123456789+UN+D:05B'

UNH+123456789+PAXLST:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+745' Passenger List

RFF+TN:BART34567890:::1' Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

NAD+MS+++DOTTIE MOODY' Aircraft Operator Point of Contact - Name

COM+703-555-1212:TE+703-555-4545:FX'

TDT+20+QQ877+++QQ' Flight number and Carrier Code

LOC+92+MIA Departure Info

DTM+189:0807101500:201' Flight scheduled departure date/time

LOC+92+IAD' Arrival Info

DTM+232:0807101755:201' Flight scheduled arrival date/time I Flight number and Carrier Code TDT+20+QQ827+++QQ'

LOC+92+IAD' Departure Info

DTM+189:0808101830:201' Flight scheduled departure date/time

LOC+92+JFK' Arrival Info

DTM+232:0808101930:201' Flight scheduled arrival date/time TDT+20+QQ827+++QQ' Flight number and Carrier Code LOC+125+JFK' Departure Info

DTM+189:0808102000:201' Flight scheduled departure date/time

LOC+87+CDG Arrival Info

DTM+232:0808110630:201' Flight scheduled arrival date/time

NAD+FL+++BARRETT:TODD'

ATT+2++M' Gender DTM+329:680223' Date of Birth LOC+178+MIA' Passenger started journey LOC+179+CDG Passenger's destination LOC+174+FRA Country of Residence

RFF+AVF:ABC123' Passenger identification (PNR)

Citizenship

RFF+ABO:UUI34T543' Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

DOC+P:110:111+YY3478621' Passport #

DTM+36:081230' Passport expiration date

LOC+91+FRA' Passport Issuing Country NAD+FL+++LANG:KRISTIN'

ATT+2++F' Gender DTM+329:600606' Date of Birth LOC+178+MIA Passenger started journey LOC+179+CDG' Passenger's destination

LOC+174+FSP Country of Residence NAT+2+ESP' Citizenship

Passenger identification (PNR) RFF+ABO:ABC124' Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

DOC+P:110:111+TRQWE9980' Passport #

DTM+36:090916 Passport expiration date

LOC+91+ESP' Passport Issuing Country

CNT+42:2' UNT+46+123456789

B.9.1. DHS Response

The following response message is based on the sample message from Section B.8. DHS Response Messages are identified within the BGM segment with a document type code of "962," DHS Response. Within this sample, all of the passengers have a cleared status. The Cleared status is identified within the ERC segment following each passenger name record locator (e.g., PNR), and the associated passenger reference number. The ESTA status returned will be "Z" for each departing passenger submission. The message sequence number will be consistent with the request message.

UNA:+.? 1

UNB+UNOA:4+USADHS+APIS*ABE+070219:1546+123456789++USADHS'

UNG+CUSRES+USADHS+XYZ AIRLINES+070219:1546+123456789+UN+D:05B'

UNH+123456789+CUSRES:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+962

RFF+TN:BART34567890:::1'

RFF+AF:QQ877'

DTM+189:0807101500:201' DTM+232:0807101755:201'

LOC+92+MIA' LOC+92+IAD' RFF+AF:QQ827'

DTM+189:0808101830:201' DTM+232:0808101930:201'

LOC+92+IAD' LOC+92+JFK' RFF+AF:QQ827'

DTM+189:0808102000:201' DTM+232:0808110630:201'

LOC+125+JFK' LOC+87+CDG'

ERP+2'

RFF+AVF:ABC123'

RFF+ABO:UUI34T543'

ERC+**0Z'** ERP+2'

RFF+AVF:ABC123'

RFF+ABO:ABC124' FRC+**0Z'**

UNT+27+123456789' UNE+1+123456789' UNZ+1+123456789' Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

Flight number

Flight scheduled departure date/time Flight scheduled arrival date/time I

Departure Info Arrival Info Flight number

Flight scheduled departure date/time Flight scheduled arrival date/time

Departure Info Arrival Info Flight number

Flight scheduled departure date/time Flight scheduled arrival date/time

Departure Info Arrival Info

Passenger identification (PNR)

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier Boarding Pass Printing Result/ESTA status. See below.

Passenger identification (PNR)

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier Boarding Pass Printing Result/ESTA status. See below.

The Cleared status is identified within the ERC segment following the passenger name record locator (e.g., PNR) and associated passenger reference number. Refer to table 14 for all possible ERC segment values.

B.10. Domestic - to - International (Outbound)

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+APIS*ABE+USADHS+080708:0545+999999999++USADHS' UNG+PAXLST+XYZ AIRLINES+USADHS+080708:0545+9+UN+D:05B'

UNH+99999999+PAXLST:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+745'

RFF+TN:BART34567890:::1'
NAD+MS+++DOTTIE MOODY'

COM+703-555-1212:TE+703-555-4545:FX'

TDT+20+QQ827+++QQ'

LOC+125+JFK'

DTM+189:0808102000:201'

LOC+87+CDG'

DTM+232:0808110630:201'
NAD+FL+++BARRETT:TODD'

ATT+2++M'
DTM+329:680223'
LOC+178+JFK'
LOC+179+CDG'
LOC+174+FRA
NAT+2+FRA'
RFF+AVF:ABC123'
RFF+ABO:UUI34T543'
DOC+P:110:111+YY3478621'

DTM+36:081230' LOC+91+FRA'

NAD+FL+++LANG:KRISTIN'

ATT+2++F'
DTM+329:600606'
LOC+178+JFK'
LOC+179+CDG'
LOC+174+ESP
NAT+2+ESP'
RFF+AVF:ABC123'
RFF+ABO:ABC124'

DOC+P:110:111+TRQWE9980'

DTM+36:090916' LOC+91+ESP' CNT+42:2'

UNE+1+9"

Passenger List

Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

Aircraft Operator Point of Contact - Name

Flight number and Carrier Code

Departure Info

Flight scheduled departure date/time

Arrival Info

Flight scheduled arrival date/time

Gender
Date of Birth

Passenger started journey Passenger's destination Country of Residence

Citizenship

Passenger identification (PNR)

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

Passport #

Passport expiration date
Passport Issuing Country

Gender
Date of Birth

Passenger started journey Passenger's destination Country of Residence

Citizenship

Passenger identification (PNR)

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

Passport #

Passport expiration date
Passport Issuing Country

B.10.1. DHS Response

The following response message is based on the sample message from Section B.9 DHS Response Messages are identified within the BGM segment with a document type code of "962," DHS Response. Within this example, all of the passengers have a cleared status. The cleared status is identified within the ERC segment following each passenger name record locator (e.g., PNR), and the associated passenger reference number. The ESTA status returned will be "Z" for each departing passenger submission. The message sequence number will be consistent with the request message.

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+USADHS+APIS*ABE+080708:1546+99999999++USADHS'
UNG+CUSRES+USADHS+XYZ AIRLINES+080708:1546+9+UN+D:05B'

UNH+99999999+CUSRES:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+962'

RFF+TN:BART34567890:::1'

RFF+AF:QQ827'

DTM+189:0808102000:201' DTM+232:0808110630:201'

LOC+125+JFK' LOC+87+CDG' FRP+2'

RFF+AVF:ABC123'

RFF+ABO:UUI34T543'

ERC+**0Z'** ERP+2'

RFF+AVF:ABC123'

RFF+ABO:ABC124' ERC+**0Z'**

UNT+17+99999999999

UNE+1+9'

Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

Flight number

Flight scheduled departure date/time Flight scheduled arrival date/time

Departure Info Arrival Info

Passenger identification (PNR)

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier Boarding Pass Printing Result/ESTA status. See below.

Passenger identification (PNR)

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier Boarding Pass Printing Result/ESTA status. See below.

The Cleared status is identified within the ERC segment following the passenger name record locator (e.g., PNR) and associated passenger reference number. Refer to table 14 for all possible ERC segment values.

B.11. Overflights (Foreign Air Carriers)

This example identifies a single passenger submission for a flight overflying the United States (between airport pairs defined by Secure Flight). Travel authorization via ESTA is not applicable.

Message sample identifies Overflight passenger reporting for <u>Secure Flight</u> purposes only.

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+APIS*ABE+USADHS+080708:0545+000006640++USADHS' UNG+PAXLST+XYZ AIRLINES+USADHS+080708:0545+1+UN+D:05B'

UNH+PAX001+PAXLST:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+745'

RFF+TN:BART34567890:::1'
NAD+MS+++DOTTIE MOODY'

COM+703-555-1212:TE+703-555-4545:FX'

TDT+34+QQ877+++QQ'

LOC+125+LHR'

DTM+189:0807101500:201'

LOC+87+MEX'

DTM+232:0807101900:201'
NAD+FL+++WATTS:DAVID

ATT+2++M'
DTM+329:520223'
RFF+AVF:ABC123'
RFF+ABO:UUI34T543'

CNT+42:1' UNT+17+PAX001' UNE+1+1' UNZ+1+000006640' Passenger List

Transaction Reference Number And Message Sequence number

Aircraft Operator POC

Flight number and Carrier Code; The Qualifier value '34' identifies

this flight as an Overflight

Departure Info

Flight scheduled departure date/time

Arrival Info

Flight scheduled arrival date/time

Gender
Date of Birth

Passenger identification (PNR)

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

B.11.1. DHS Response

The following response message is based on the sample message from Section B.10. The ESTA status returned for passengers traveling on *Overflights* will be "Z" (Not Applicable) for each passenger submission.

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+USADHS+APIS*ABE+070219:1546+000006640++USADHS' UNG+CUSRES+USADHS+XYZ AIRLINES+070219:1546+1+UN+D:05B'

UNH+PAX001+CUSRES:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+962'

RFF+TN:BART34567890:::1'

RFF+AF:QQ877'

DTM+232:0807101900:201' DTM+189:0807101500:201'

LOC+125+LHR' LOC+125+MEX' ERP+2'

RFF+AVF:ABC123'

RFF+ABO:UUI34T543'

ERC+0Z' UNT+14+PAX001'

UNE+1+1' UNZ+1+000006640' Transaction Reference Number And Message Sequence number

Flight number

Flight scheduled arrival date/time Flight scheduled departure date/time

Departure Info Arrival Info

Passenger identification (PNR)

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier Boarding Pass Printing Result/ESTA status. See below.

B.12. Flight Transiting through the United States

For flights transiting through the United States, separate manifests must be reported for the Inbound and Outbound legs. The assumption is made that the foreign air carrier's reservation and departure control systems have access to complete activity data for all travelers.

The following examples contain flight information of:

Rio de Janeiro (GIG) – Sao Paulo (GRU) – Los Angeles (LAX) – Narita (NRT)

- The Inbound information is GIG GRU LAX.
 - In this example, there are two Inbound transmissions:
 - One for the travelers boarding at GIG, with a transit through GRU
 - One for travelers boarding at GRU only
- The Outbound information is LAX NRT.
 - There is no explicit designation in PAXLST for Inbound or Outbound.
 - CBP has established a logic rule to identify Inbound and Outbound:
 - A flight is considered "Outbound" if the airport in the LOC+125 segment is an identified U.S. airport, e.g., LAX.

During the course of the flight, 3 passengers are carried:

P1 boards in GIG and stops in LAX.

Reported on inbound transmission #1

P2 boards in GRU and transits to NRT.

 Reported on <u>both</u> inbound transmission #2; and the outbound transmission #3

P3 boards in LAX, and goes to NRT.

• Reported on the outbound transmission #3.

B.12.1. Inbound Reporting - Transmission #1

For travelers known at time of departure from GIG.

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+APIS*ABE+USADHS+040422:1546+00000111++USADHS' UNG+PAXLST+XYZ AIRLINES+USADHS+040422:1546+111+UN+D:05B'

UNH+PAX111+PAXLST:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+**745**'

RFF+TN:BART34567890:::1'
NAD+MS+++DOTTIE MOODY'

COM+703-555-1212:TE+703-555-4545:FX'

TDT+20+**RG100+++RG**'

LOC+125+GIG'

DTM+189:0804221710:201'

LOC+87+LAX'

DTM+232:0804222230:201'
NAD+FL+++**ANDERSON:STACEY**'

ATT+2++F' DTM+329:720623'

LOC+22+LAX' LOC+178+GIG' LOC+179+LAX' LOC+174+USA' NAT+2+USA'

RFF+AVF:ABC123'

RFF+ABO:UUI34T543'

DOC+P:110:111+US1234567'

DTM+36+051210' LOC+91+USA' CNT+42:1' UNT+25+PAX111'

UNE+1+111' UNZ+1+00000111' Passenger List

Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

Aircraft Operator Point of Contact - Name

(Flight will depart for the U.S. Use LOC+125)

(Flight will arrive at LAX. Use LOC+87)

(Code 'FL' for this passenger.)

(Passenger clears CBP at LAX) (Passenger embarks at GIG) (Passenger debarks at LAX) (Residence in USA)

(US citizen)

Passenger identification (PNR)

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

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B.12.2. DHS Response

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+USADHS+APIS*ABE+040422:1546+00000111++USADHS'UNG+CUSRES+USADHS+XYZ AIRLINES+040422:1546+111+UN+D:05B'

UNH+ PAX111+CUSRES:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+962'

RFF+TN:BART34567890:::1'

RFF+AF:RG100'

DTM+189:0804221710:201' DTM+232:0804222230:201'

LOC+125+**GIG**' LOC+87+**LAX**' ERP+2'

RFF+AVF:ABC123' RFF+ABO:UUI34T543'

ERC+**0Z'**

UNT+13+PAX111' UNE+1+111' UNZ+1+00000111' Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

Flight number

(Flight will depart for the U.S. Use LOC+125) (Flight will arrive at LAX. Use LOC+87)

Passenger identification (PNR)

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

'0' Denotes passenger 'Clear' / ESTA status 'ESTA Not Applicable'

B.12.3. Inbound Reporting – Transmission #2

For travelers known at time of departure from GRU.

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+APIS*ABE+USADHS+040422:1546+000006640++USADHS' UNG+PAXLST+XYZ AIRLINES+USADHS+040422:1546+1+UN+D:05B'

UNH+PAX001+PAXLST:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+745' Passenger List

RFF+TN:BART34567890:::1' Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

NAD+MS+++DOTTIE MOODY' Aircraft Operator Point of Contact – Name

COM+703-555-1212:TE+703-555-4545:FX'

TDT+20+**RG100+++RG**'

LOC+125+**GRU**' (Flight will depart for the U.S. Use LOC+125)

DTM+189:0804221710:201'
LOC+87+LAX'
(Flight will arrive at LAX. Use LOC+87)

DTM+232:0804222230:201'

NAD+FL+++ANDERSON:STACEY' (Passenger P1 does not have to be reported again, but is)

ATT+2++F'
DTM+329:720623'
LOC+22+LAX'
LOC+178+GIG'
LOC+179+LAX'
LOC+174+USA'
NAT+2+USA'

RFF+AVF:P1REF1'
RFF+ABO:BB1234567'

DOC+P:110:111+US1234567'

DTM+36+051210' LOC+91+USA'

NAD+**DDU**+++**ANDERSON:BRANDY**' ('DDU', because P2 is In-transit. No address.)

ATT+2++F' DTM+329:720623' LOC+178+**GRU**' LOC+22+**LAX**'

LOC+179+NRT' LOC+174+BRA' NAT+2+BRA' RFF+AVF:P2REF2' RFF+ABO:BB789011'

DOC+P:110:111+BR2345689'

DTM+36+041121' LOC+91+BRA' CNT+42:2' UNT+38+PAX001' UNE+1+1'

UNZ+1+000006640'

(Passport only)

(Passenger embarks at GRU)

(Passenger debarks at NRT)

(Residence in Brazil)

(Brazilian citizen)

(Passenger "clears" CBP at LAX)

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B.12.4. DHS Response

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+USADHS+APIS*ABE+040422:1546+000006640++USADHS' UNG+CUSRES+USADHS+XYZ AIRLINES+040422:1546+1+UN+D:05B'

UNH+ PAX001+CUSRES:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+962'

RFF+TN:BART34567890:::1' Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

RFF+AF:RG100'

DTM+189:0804221710:201' DTM+232:0804222230:201'

LOC+125+**GRU**' (Flight will depart for the U.S. Use LOC+125)
LOC+87+**LAX**' (Flight will arrive at LAX. Use LOC+87)

ERP+2'

RFF+AVF:P1REF1' RFF+ABO:BB1234567'

ERC+0Z' '0' Denotes passenger 'Clear' / ESTA status 'ESTA Not Applicable'

ERP+2'

RFF+AVF:P2REF2' RFF+ABO:BB789011'

ERC+0Z' '0' Denotes passenger 'Clear' / ESTA status 'ESTA Not Applicable'

UNT+17+ PAX001"

UNE+1+1'

UNZ+1+000006640'

B.12.5. Outbound Reporting – Transmission #3

For travelers going from LAX to NRT.

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+APIS*ABE+USADHS+040422:1546+121212121++USADHS' UNG+PAXLST+XYZ AIRLINES+USADHS+040422:1546+12+UN+D:05B'

UNH+121212+PAXLST:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+745' Passenger List

RFF+TN:BART34567890:::1' Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

NAD+MS+++DOTTIE MOODY' Aircraft Operator Point of Contact – Name

COM+703-555-1212:TE+703-555-4545:FX'

TDT+20+RG100+++RG'

LOC+125+LAX' (Flight departs from the U.S. Use LOC+125)

DTM+189:0804221147:201'

LOC+87+NRT' (Flight will arrive in Tokyo. Use LOC+87)
DTM+232:0804230230:201'

NAD+DDU+++ANDERSON:BRANDY' (Passenger P2 is In-transit to NRT, and must be reported)

ATT+2++F' DTM+329:720623'

LOC+178+**GRU**' (Passenger embarked at GRU)
LOC+179+**NRT**' (Passenger debarks at NRT)

NAT+2+BRA' (Brazilian citizen)

RFF+AVF:P2REF2' RFF+ABO:BB789011'

DOC+P:110:111+BR2345689' (Passport only)

DTM+36+041121' LOC+91+BRA'

NAD+FL+++ANDERSON:STUART' (Passenger P3 has function code 'FL.')

ATT+2++M'

DTM+329:820421'

LOC+178+LAX' (Passenger embarks at LAX)

LOC+179+NRT' (Passenger debarks at NRT)

NAT+2+JPN' (Japanese citizen)

RFF+AVF:P3REF3'
RFF+ABO:BB789015'

DOC+P:110:111+JP9873589' (Passport only)
DTM+36+041121'
LOC+91+JPN'
CNT+42:2'

UNZ+1+1212121212'

UNT+34+121212' UNE+1+12'

B.12.6. DHS Response

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+USADHS+ A`PIS*ABE+040422:1546+1212121212++USADHS' UNG+CUSRES+USADHS+ XYZ AIRLINES+040422:1546+12+UN+D:05B'

UNH+121212+CUSRES:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+962'

RFF+TN:BART34567890:::1' Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

RFF+AF:RG100'

DTM+189:0804221147:201' DTM+232:0804230230:201'

LOC+125+LAX' (Flight departs from the U.S. Use LOC+125)
LOC+87+NRT' (Flight will arrive in Tokyo. Use LOC+87)

ERP+2'

RFF+AVF:P2REF2' RFF+ABO:BB789011'

ERC+0Z' '0' Denotes passenger 'Clear' / ESTA status 'ESTA Not Applicable'

ERP+2'

RFF+AVF:P3REF3' RFF+ABO:BB789015'

ERC+0Z' '0' Denotes passenger 'Clear' / ESTA status 'ESTA Not Applicable'

UNT+17+121212' UNE+1+12'

UNZ+1+1212121212'

B.13. Gate Pass Request – (Secure Flight Reporting)

Message sample identifies information reporting for <u>Secure Flight</u> purposes only.

For Gate Pass issuance, a transmission would contain one single Passenger with no flight itinerary. The airport location would be identified with a LOC code '91.' Gate-pass requests are identified within the BGM segment with a document type '655' for Gate Pass. The passenger must be uniquely identified by the requesting aircraft operator using both a PNR identifier and Unique Passenger Reference identifier.

UNA: +.? '

UNB+UNOA: 4+APIS*ABE+USADHS+070322:1417+0703221417++USADHS

 $\mathsf{UNG} + \mathsf{PAXLST} + \mathsf{XYZ} \ \mathsf{AIRLINES} + \mathsf{USADHS} + \mathsf{070322} \\ : 1417 + 1 + \mathsf{UN} + \mathsf{D} \\ : 05\mathsf{B}' \\ : 1417 + 1 + \mathsf{UN} \\ : 14$

UNH+99999+PAXLST: D: 05B: UN: IATA'

BGM+655' Gate Pass

RFF+TN: ABC1234:::1' Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

NAD+MS+++JOHN SMITH'

COM+703-555-1212:TE+703-555-4545:FX'

TDT+20+RG100+++RG' TDT segment with FltNo (optional) and Carrier code

LOC+91+ORD' '91' Gate Pass issue location

NAD+COT+++JONES:JOHN' 'COT' - Involved Party

DTM+329:811215' Date of Birth
RFF+AVF:ABC123' Passenger identificat

RFF+AVF:ABC123' Passenger identification (PNR)
RFF+ABO:AIR1234567890' Unique Passenger Reference

DOC+P:110:111+YY8768621' Passport #

DTM+36:091231' Passport expiration date
LOC+91+USA' Passport country of issuance

LOC+91+USA'
CNT+42:1'
UNT+14+ 99999'
UNE+1+1'

UNZ+1+0703221417'

B.13.1. DHS Response

The CUSRES response message for Gate Pass requests is associated to the Transaction Reference Number and message sequence number provided within the RFF segment. The ESTA status returned for Gate Pass will always be a returned code "Z".

UNA: +.? ' UNB+UNOA: 4+USADHS+APIS*ABE+070322: 1417+0703221417++USADHS' UNG+CUSRES+USADHS+XYZ AIRLINES+070322:1417+1+UN+D:05B' UNH+99999+CUSRES: D: 05B: UN: IATA' BGM+962' RFF+TN: ABC1234:::1' Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number RFF+AF: RG' Carrier Code LOC+91+ORD Gate Pass Issue Location ERP+2' RFF+AVF: ABC123' Passenger identification (PNR) RFF+ABO: AIR1234567890' Passenger Reference ERC+0Z' '0' Denotes passenger 'Clear' / ESTA status 'ESTA not applicable' UNT+10+99999' UNE + 1 + 1' UNZ+1+0703221417'

The Cleared status is identified within the ERC segment following the transaction Reference number and message sequence number. Refer to table 14 for all possible ERC segment values.

B.14. Qualified Change (AQQ and Secure Flight Reporting)

PRD submissions for qualified change(s) against passenger data are identified within the BGM segment with a document identifier of 'CP' in the BGM-02 data element. In the below example, the qualified change is for a date of birth change for a single passenger. The message sequence number is 2. All passengers identified in the Change Passenger data 'CP' type PAXLST transmission are processed as changes to all of the passengers.

UNA:+.? '

ATT+2++M'

UNT+27+PAX001' UNE+1+1'

UNZ+1+0000000011

UNB+UNOA:4+APIS*ABE+USADHS+070218:1845+000000001++USADHS' UNG+PAXLST+XYZ AIRLINES+USADHS+070218:1845+1+UN+D:05B'

UNH+PAX001+PAXLST: D: 05B: UN: IATA'

BGM+745+CP' < 'CP' Change Passenger Data

RFF+TN: AJYTR1070219:::2' Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number (Sequence number +1)

NAD+MS+++JOHN SMITH'

COM+703-555-1212:TE+703-555-4545:FX'

TDT+20+AA123+++AA' Flight number and Carrier Code

LOC+92+ATL' Departure Info

DTM+189:0702191540:201' Flight scheduled departure date/time

LOC+92+ORD' Arrival Info

DTM+232:0702191740:201' Flight scheduled arrival date/time
TDT+20+AA124+++AA' Flight number and Carrier Code

LOC+92+ORD' Departure Info

DTM+189:0702191840:201' Flight scheduled departure date/time

LOC+92+JFK' Arrival Info

DTM+232:0702191955:201' Flight scheduled arrival date/time

NAD+FL+++CLARK: MICHAEL'

DTM+329:721007'

LOC+178+ATL'

Passenger started journey

LOC+179+JFK'

Passenger's destination

RFF+AVF:TYR123'

Passenger identification (PNR)

RFF+SEA:23C'

Seat Number/Identifier

RFF+ABO: ABC123' Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

Gender

RFF+AE: 1234567890ABC'

RFF+CR: 20060907NY123'

DHS - Passenger Redress Number

DHS - Known Traveler Number

Aircraft Operator Frequent Flier Codeword

RFF+AGU:AOFFCODEWORD' Aircraft Operator Frequent Flier Codeword CNT+42:1'

B.14.1. DHS Response

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+USADHS+APIS*ABE+070218:1546+000000001++USADHS' UNG+CUSRES+USADHS+XYZ AIRLINES+070218:1546+1+UN+D:05B'

UNH+PAX001+CUSRES:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+962'

RFF+TN: AJYTR1070219:::2' Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

RFF+AF: AA123' Flight number

DTM+189:0702191540:201' Flight scheduled departure date/time
DTM+232:0702191740:201' Flight scheduled arrival date/time

LOC+92+ATL' Departure Info
LOC+92+ORD' Arrival Info
RFF+AF:AA124' Flight number

DTM+189:0702191840:201' Flight scheduled departure date/time
DTM+232:0702191955:201' Flight scheduled arrival date/time

LOC+92+ORD' Departure Info
LOC+92+JFK' Arrival Info
RFF+AF:RG100'

ERP+2'

RFF+AVF: TYR123' Passenger identification (PNR)

RFF+ABO:ABC123' Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier ERC+02' '0' Denotes passenger 'Clear' / ESTA Status 'Not Applicable'

UNT+19+PAX001 UNE+1+1

UNZ+1+000000001'

B.15. Non-Qualified Change (Secure Flight reporting only)

PRD submissions for non-qualified change(s) are identified within the BGM segment. This example identifies a change in itinerary with a document identifier of "CF" for Change Flight. The non-qualified change is for a passenger's embarkation. Message sequence number is set to 2. 'Non-Qualified Change' message types are for changes in Domestic flight segments - only.

UNA: +.? ' UNB+UNOA: 4+APIS*ABE+USADHS+070218: 1900+000000001++USADHS UNG+PAXLST+XYZ AIRLINES+USADHS+070218:1900+987+UN+D:05B UNH+PAX001+PAXLST: D: 05B: UN: IATA' BGM+266+CF' < 'CF' Change Flight RFF+TN: AJYTR1070219:::2' Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number (Sequence number +1) NAD+MS+++JOHN SMITH' COM+703-555-1212:TE+703-555-4545:FX' TDT+20+AA223+++AA' Flight number (Updated flight number) LOC+92+ATL' Departure Info DTM+189:0702191540:201' Flight scheduled departure date/time LOC+92+ORD' Arrival Info DTM+232:0702191740:201' Flight scheduled arrival date/time TDT+20+AA124+++AA' Flight number and Carrier Code LOC+92+ORD' Departure Info DTM+189:0702191840:201' Flight scheduled departure Date/time I OC+92+ IFK' Arrival Info DTM+232:0702191955:201' Flight scheduled arrival date/time

NAD+FL+++CLARK:MICHAEL'

ATT+2++M' Gender

DTM+329:721007' Date of Birth

LOC+178+ATL' Passenger started journey

LOC+179+JFK' Passenger's destination

LOC+179+JFK' Passenger's destination

RFF+AVF:TYR123' Passenger identification (PNR)

RFF+SEA: 23C' Seat Number/Identifier

RFF+ABO: ABC123' Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

RFF+AEA: 1234567890ABC'

RFF+CR: 20060907NY123'

RFF+AGU: AOFFCODEWORD'

DHS - Passenger Redress Number

DHS - Known Traveler Number

Aircraft Operator Frequent Flier Codeword

 NAD+FL+++CLARK: CHERYL'
 Gender

 ATT+2++F'
 Date of Birth

 LOC+178+ATL'
 Passenger started journey

LOC+179+JFK' Passenger's destination

RFF+AVF:TYR123' Passenger identification (PNR)

RFF+SEA: 23D' Seat Number/Identifier

RFF+ABO:TYL009' Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

CNT+42:2'

UNT+35+PAX001' UNE+1+987' UNZ+1+000000001'

B.15.1. DHS Response

The DHS response (CUSRES) message for a 'Non-Qualified Change' submission will be a DHS General Response identified by an ERP segment with a value of 1 (ERP+1). No passenger vetting status or ESTA status will be returned on this type of DHS Response message. The returned ERC segment will contain a single code identifying acceptance of the message by DHS.

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+USADHS+APIS*ABE+070218:1546+000000001++USADHS' UNG+CUSRES+USADHS+XYZ AIRLINES+070218:1546+987+UN+D:05B'

UNH+ PAX001+CUSRES:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+962'

RFF+TN: AJYTR1070219:::2'

RFF+AF: AA223'

DTM+189:0702191540:201' DTM+232:0702191740:201'

LOC+92+ATL' LOC+92+ORD' RFF+AF:AA124'

DTM+189:0702191840:201' DTM+232:0702191955:201'

LOC+92+ORD' LOC+92+JFK' ERP+1' ERC+**0'**

UNT+16+ PAX001' UNE+1+987' UNZ+1+000000001" Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

Flight number

Flight scheduled departure date/time Flight scheduled arrival date/time

Departure Info Arrival Info Flight number

Flight scheduled departure date/time Flight scheduled arrival date/time

Departure Info Arrival Info

DHS General Response
'0' Denotes Acknowledgement

B.16. Reduction in Party (AQQ and Secure Flight reporting)

The following reduction in party example is based on the previous sample message from Section B.14. PRD submissions for Reduction in Party are identified within the BGM segment with a document identifier of "RP." The message contains all remaining passengers associated to the same passenger locator reference (e.g., PNR) in which the reduction in party occurred. Passenger(s) not transmitted within the reduction in party message are assumed to be cancelled. In the sample message below, CLARK, CHERYL was not transmitted and will therefore be marked accordingly by DHS as the reduction in party under PNR TYR123. Message sequence number is set to 3.

UNA: +.? ' UNB+UNOA: 4+APIS*ABE+USADHS+070218: 2100+900000001++USADHS' UNG+PAXLST+XYZ AIRLINES+USADHS+070218:2100+901+UN+D:05B' UNH+900000001+PAXLST: D: 05B: UN: IATA' BGM+745+RP < 'RP' - Reduction in Party Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number. (Sequence number +1) RFF+TN: AJYTR1070219:::3' NAD+MS+++JOHN SMITH' COM+703-555-1212:TE+703-555-4545:FX' TDT+20+AA223+++AA ' Flight number and Carrier Code LOC+92+ATL' Departure Info DTM+189:0702191540:2011 Flight departure date/time LOC+92+ORD' Arrival Info DTM+232:0702191740:201' Flight scheduled arrival date/time TDT+20+AA124+++AA' Flight number and Carrier Code LOC+92+ORD' Departure Info DTM+189:0702191840:201' Flight departure date/time I OC+92+ IFK' Arrival Info DTM+232:0702191955:201' Flight scheduled arrival date/time NAD+FL+++CLARK:MICHAEL' ATT+2++M'Gender DTM+329:720907' Date of Birth LOC+178+ATL Passenger started journey I OC + 179 + JFK Passenger's destination RFF+AVF: TYR123' Passenger reservation Identifier RFF+ABO: ABC123' Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger reference identifier RFF+AEA: 1234567890ABC' DHS - Passenger Redress Number RFF+CR: 20060907NY123' DHS - Known Traveler Number RFF+AGU:AOFFCODEWORD' Aircraft Operator Frequent Flier Codeword CNT+42:1' UNT+26+900000011 UNE+1+901' UNZ+1+900000001'

B.16.1. DHS Response

The DHS response (CUSRES) message for a 'Reduction in Party' submission will be a DHS General Response identified by an ERP segment with a value of 1 (ERP+1). No passenger vetting status or ESTA status will be returned on this type of DHS Response message. The returned ERC segment will contain a single code identifying acceptance of the message by DHS.

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+USADHS+APIS*ABE+070218:1546+900000001++USADHS' UNG+CUSRES+USADHS+XYZ AIRLINES+070218:1546+901+UN+D:05B'

UNH+900000001+CUSRES:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+962'

RFF+TN:AJYTR1070219:::3' Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

RFF+AF: AA223' Flight number

DTM+189:0702191540:201' Flight scheduled departure date/time
DTM+232:0702191740:201' Flight scheduled arrival date/time

LOC+92+ATL' Departure Info LOC+92+ORD' Arrival Info RFF+AF:AA124' Flight number

DTM+189:0702191840:201' Flight scheduled departure date/time
DTM+232:0702191955:201' Flight scheduled arrival date/time

LOC+92+ORD' Departure Info LOC+92+JFK' Arrival Info

ERP+1' DHS General Response
ERC+0' '0' Denotes Acknowledgement

UNT+16+900000001' UNE+1+901'

UNZ+1+900000001'

B.17. Canceled Reservation (AQQ and Secure Flight Reporting)

The following cancellation of a reservation (e.g., PNR) is based on the previous sample message from Section B.14. PRD submissions for cancelled reservation are identified within the BGM segment with a document identifier of "XR" for cancel reservation. The message contains the passenger locator number (e.g., PNR) and passenger reference for the Passenger whose reservation is being cancelled. Message sequence number is set to 4 in this example.

UNA: +.? '

UNB+UNOA: 4+APIS*ABE+USADHS+070219: 0200+999999++USADHS

UNG+PAXLST+XYZ AIRLINES+USADHS+070219:0200+1+UN+D:05B'

UNH+1+PAXLST: D: 05B: UN: IATA'

BGM+745+XR' < 'XR' Cancel Reservation

RFF+TN: AJYTR1070219:::4'

Transaction Reference and Message Sequence Number (+1)

NAD+MS+++JOHN SMITH'

COM+703-555-1212:TE+703-555-4545:FX'

TDT+20+AA223+++AA'

LOC+92+ATI'

DTM+189:0702191540:201'

LOC+92+ORD'

DTM+232:0702191740:201' TDT+20+AA124+++AA'

LOC+92+ORD'

DTM+189: 0702191840:201'

LOC+92+JFK'

DTM+232: 0702191955:201'

NAD+**ZZZ**' RFF+AVF:TYR123' RFF+ABO:ABC123'

CNT+42+1' UNT+19+1' UNE+1+1' UNZ+1+999999' Flight number and Carrier Code

Departure Info

Flight scheduled departure date/time

Arrival Info

Flight scheduled arrival date/time Flight number and Carrier Code

Departure Info

Flight scheduled departure date/time

Arrival Info

Flight scheduled arrival date/time

Name(s) of passengers not required.

Passenger reservation Identifier

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger reference identifier

B.17.1. DHS Response

The DHS response (CUSRES) message for a '<u>Cancel Reservation</u>' submission will be a DHS General Response identified by an ERP segment with a value of 1 (ERP+1). No passenger status will be returned on this type of DHS Response message. The returned ERC segment will contain a single code identifying acceptance of the message by DHS.

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+USADHS+APIS*ABE+070218:1546+999999++USADHS' UNG+CUSRES+USADHS+XYZ AIRLINES+070218:1546+1+UN+D:05B'

UNH+1+CUSRES:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+962'

RFF+TN: AJYTR1070219::: 4'

RFF+AF: AA223'

DTM+189:0702191540:201' DTM+232:0702191740:201'

LOC+92+ATL' LOC+92+ORD' RFF+AF:AA124'

DTM+189:0702191840:201' DTM+232:0702191955:201'

LOC+92+ORD' LOC+92+JFK' ERP+1' ERC+**0'**

UNT+16+1' UNE+1+1' UNZ+1+999999' Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

Flight number

Flight scheduled departure date/time Flight scheduled arrival date/time

Departure Info Arrival Info Flight number

Flight scheduled departure date/time Flight scheduled arrival date/time

Departure Info Arrival Info

DHS General Response '0' Denotes Acknowledgement

B.18. DHS Unsolicited Message 'Not-Cleared'

The following response message illustrates a CUSRES Unsolicited Message that may be sent to the aircraft operator in the event changes occur to the passenger status of a previously vetted passenger. In this example, a 'Not-Cleared' condition is being reported to the aircraft operator. DHS Unsolicited Messages are identified within the BGM segment with a document type code of "132", DHS Clearance Notice. The Unsolicited Message identifies a change to the passenger status. The new status is identified within the ERC segment following the passenger name record locator (e.g., PNR) and associated passenger reference number. (This type of message from DHS must be responded to by the aircraft operator. See next example.)

UNA: +.? '

UNB+UNOA: 4+USADHS+APIS*ABE+070219: 1546+20070219154659++USADHS'
UNG+CUSRES+USADHS+XYZ AIRLINES+070219: 1546+20070219154659+UN+D: 05B'

UNH+20070219154659+CUSRES: D: 05B: UN: IATA'

BGM+132'

RFF+TN: DHS1234567890:::1'

RFF+AF: AA123'

DTM+189:0702191540:201' DTM+232:0702191740:201'

LOC+92+ATL' LOC+92+ORD' RFF+AF: AA124'

DTM+189:0702191840:201' DTM+232:0702191955:201'

LOC+92+ORD' LOC+92+JFK' ERP+2'

RFF+AVF: TYR123'

RFF+ABO: TYL009'

ERC+1**Z'**

DHS Transaction Reference Number & Message Sequence number

Flight Identifier

Flight scheduled departure date/time Flight scheduled arrival date/time

Departure Info Arrival Info Flight Identifier

Flight scheduled departure date/time Flight scheduled arrival date/time

Departure Info Arrival Info

Passenger Identification(PNR)

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

'1' Denotes passenger 'Inhibited'

FTX+AAH+++ Contact the DHS Resolution Desk at 1-800-CALL-DHS'

UNE+1+20070219154659' UNZ+1+20070219154659' UNZ+1+20070219154659'

B.18.1. Aircraft Operator Response to DHS Unsolicited Messages

The following response message illustrates a response generated by the aircraft operator that must be returned to DHS upon receipt of an Unsolicited message from DHS. The response from the aircraft operator should be returned to DHS virtually intact and include an indicator that identifies to DHS the status of issuance of a boarding pass. (Refer to FTX segment below). The TRN number on the RFF+TN segment **must** be returned to DHS on this message.

UNA: +.? '

UNB+UNOA: 4+APIS*ABE+USADHS+070219: 1546+20070219154659++USADHS'
UNG+CUSRES+XYZ AIRLINES+USADHS+070219: 1546+20070219154659+UN+D: 05B'

UNH+20070219154659+CUSRES: D: 05B: UN: IATA'

BGM+312'

RFF+TN: DHS1234567890:::1'

RFF+AF: AA123'

DTM+189:0702191540:201' DTM+232:0702191740:201'

LOC+92+ATL' LOC+92+ORD' RFF+AF:AA124'

DTM+189:0702191840:201' DTM+232:0702191955:201'

LOC+92+ORD' LOC+92+JFK' ERP+2'

RFF+AVF:TYR123' RFF+ABO: TYL009'

ERC+**1Z'** FTX+AHN+++N'

UNT+19+20070219154659' UNE+1+20070219154659' UNZ+1+20070219154659' Acknowledgement message type

DHS Transaction Reference Number & Message Sequence number

Flight Identifier

Flight scheduled departure date/time Flight scheduled arrival date/time

Departure Info Arrival Info Flight Identifier

Flight scheduled departure date/time Flight scheduled arrival date/time

Departure Info Arrival Info

Passenger Identification(PNR)

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

'1' Denotes passenger 'inhibited'

'N' Denotes boarding pass has not been issued.

B.19. Cancelled Flight – (AQQ Reporting)

Message sample identifies information reporting for AQQ purposes only.

The following PAXLST message illustrates a cancellation of a flight message. Submissions for cancelled flights are identified within the BGM segment with a document type code '266' and message function identifier of "XF" (Cancel Flight). The message contains the identity of the flight to be cancelled (TDT segment) along with the full flight itinerary. In the sample message below, the message sequence number is incremented to indicate order in which message was generated by the aircraft operator system.

UNA: +.? '

UNB+UNOA: 4+FFAIR+USADHS+090207: 1200+000000001++USADHS'

UNG+PAXLST+FFAIR+USADHS+090207:1200+1+UN+D:05B'

UNH+1+PAXLST: D: 05B: UN: IATA'

BGM+266+XF'

RFF+TN: RESSRRRT12377:::2'

 $\mathsf{TDT} + 20 + \mathsf{FF} 345 + + + \mathsf{FF}'$

LOC+125+LHR'

DTM+189:0703221615:201'

LOC+87+LAX'

DTM+232:0703221905:201'

CNT+42:0' UNT+9+1' UNE+1+1'

UNZ+1+000000001'

Cancel Flight Message

Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

Cancelled Flight number and Carrier Code

Departure Info

Flight departure date/time

Arrival Info

Flight scheduled arrival date/time

No Passengers reported on this PAXLST

B.19.1. DHS Response

The DHS response (CUSRES) message for a <u>Cancel Flight</u> message will be a DHS General Response identified by an ERP segment with a value of 1 (ERP+1). No passenger vetting status or ESTA status will be returned on this type of DHS Response message. The returned ERC segment will contain a single code identifying acceptance of the message by DHS.

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+USADHS+FFAIR+070218:1546+000000001++USADHS'

UNG+CUSRES+USADHS+FFAIR+070218:1546+1+UN+D:05B'

UNH+1+CUSRES:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+962'

RFF+TN: RESSRRRT12377:::2'

Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

RFF+AF:FF345'

DTM+189:0703221615:201' DTM+232:0703221905:201'

LOC+125+LHR' LOC+87+LAX'

ERP+1'
ERC+0'
UNT+11+1'
UNE+1+1'
UNZ+1+000000001'

DHS General Response ('1')
'0' Denotes acknowledged by DHS

Flight number being cancelled

B.20. Flight Close out – On Board (APIS Quick Query Reporting Only)

Message sample identifies information reporting for AQQ purposes only.

The sample below illustrates a sample Flight Close-out PAXLST message containing the identity of passengers that are on the flight. Submissions for flight close-out are identified within the BGM segment with a document type code '266' and message function identifier of "CLOB" (Close-Out On-Board). The total number of passengers on the flight is identified in the CNT segment.

UNA: +.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+APIS*ABE+USADHS+070322:0335+0000001++USADHS' UNG+PAXLST+XYZ AIRLINES+USADHS+070322:0335+1+UN+D:05B'

UNH+5755176+PAXLST: D: 05B: UN: IATA'

BGM+266+CLOB'

RFF+TN: ABC1234:::1'

 $\mathsf{NAD} + \mathsf{MS} + + + \mathsf{JOHN} \ \mathsf{SMITH'}$

COM+703-555-1212:TE+703-555-4545:FX'

TDT+20+AA567+++AA'

DTM+189:0703221615:201'

LOC+87+LAX'

LOC+125+LHR'

DTM+232:0703221905:201'

NAD+ZZZ'

RFF+AVF: TYR123

RFF+ABO: TYL001'

NAD + ZZZ'

RFF+AVF: TYR123'

RFF+ABO: TYL002'

NAD+ZZZ'

RFF+AVF:TYR123

RFF+ABO:TYL003'

NAD+ZZZ'

RFF+AVF: TYR123'

RFF+ABO: TYL004'

NAD+ZZZ'

RFF+AVF: AABD55'

RFF+ABO:MCO001'

NAD+ZZZ'

RFF+AVF: AABD55'

RFF+ABO: MCO002'

NAD+ZZZ'

 $RFF + AVF \colon ZMJO6O'$

RFF+ABO: VEF001'

CNT+42:7'

UNT+33+5755176'

UNE+1+1'

UNZ+1+0000001'

Flight Close-Out w/ ON Board Passengers

Transaction Reference and Message Sequence

Flight number and Carrier Code

Departure Info

Flight scheduled departure date/time

Arrival Info

Flight scheduled arrival date/time

PNR Reservation ID

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

PNR Reservation ID

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

PNR Reservation ID

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

PNR Reservation ID

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

PNR Reservation ID

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

PNR Reservation ID

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

PNR Reservation ID

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

B.20.1. DHS Response

The DHS response (CUSRES) message for a <u>Flight Close-out</u> message will be a DHS General Response identified by an ERP segment with a value of 1 (ERP+1). No passenger vetting status or ESTA status will be returned on this type of DHS Response message. The returned ERC segment will contain a single code identifying acceptance of the message by DHS.

```
UNA: +.? '
UNB+UNOA: 4+USADHS+APIS*ABE+070322:0335+0000001++USADHS'
UNG+CUSRES+USADHS+XYZ AIRLINES+070322:0335+1+UN+D:05B'
UNH+5755176+CUSRES: D:05B:UN: IATA'
BGM+962'
RFF+TN: ABC1234:::1'
RFF+AF: AA567'
DTM+189:0703221615:201'
DTM+232:0703221905:201'
LOC+125+LHR'
LOC+87+LAX'
ERP+1'
                                                   DHS General Response ('1')
ERC+0'
                                                   '0' Denotes acknowledged by DHS
UNT+11+5755176'
UNE+1+1'
UNZ+1+0000001'
```

B.21. Flight Close Out – Not On Board (APIS Quick Query Reporting)

Message sample identifies information reporting for <u>AQQ</u> purposes only.

The sample below illustrates a sample Flight Close-out PAXLST message containing the identity of passengers that did NOT board the aircraft previous to departure. Submissions for flight close-out with 'no-boards' are identified within the BGM segment with a document type code '266' and a message function identifier of "CLNB" (Close-Out No-Board). The total number of passengers on the flight is identified in the CNT segment.

UNA: +.? '

UNB+UNOA: 4+APIS*ABE+USADHS+070322:0335+5++USADHS'
UNG+PAXLST+XYZ AIRLINES+USADHS+070322:0335+5+UN+D:05B'

UNH+5+PAXLST: D: 05B: UN: IATA'

BGM+266+CLNB'

RFF+TN:ABC1234:::1'

NAD+MS+++JOHN SMITH'

COM+703-555-1212:TE+703-555-4545:FX'

TDT+20+AA567+++AA'

LOC+125+LHR'

DTM+189:0703221615:201'

LOC+87+LAX'

DTM+232:0703221905:201'

NAD + ZZZ'

RFF+AVF: TYR123'

RFF+ABO: TYL001'

CNT+42:7'

UNT+15+5'

UNE+1+5' UNZ+1+5' < 'CLNB' Flight Close-Out w/ NOT on-Board Passengers

Transaction Reference and Message Sequence

Flight number and Carrier Code

Departure Info

Flight scheduled departure date/time

Arrival Info

Flight scheduled arrival date/time

PNR Reservation ID to be cancelled

Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

B.21.1. DHS Response

The DHS response (CUSRES) message for a <u>Flight Close-out</u> message will be a DHS General Response identified by an ERP segment with a value of 1 (ERP+1). No passenger vetting status or ESTA status will be returned on this type of DHS Response message. The returned ERC segment will contain a single code identifying acceptance of the message by DHS.

```
UNA: +.? '
UNB+UNOA: 4+USADHS+APIS*ABE+070322:0335+5++USADHS'
UNG+CUSRES+USADHS+XYZ AIRLINES+070322:0335+5+UN+D:05B'
UNH+5+CUSRES: D: 05B: UN: IATA'
BGM+962'
RFF+TN: ABC1234:::1'
RFF+AF: US1'
DTM+189:0703221615:201'
DTM+232:0703221905:201'
LOC+125+LHR'
LOC+87+LAX'
ERP+1'
                                                   DHS General Response ('1')
ERC+0'
                                                   '0' Denotes acknowledged by DHS
UNT+11+5'
UNE+1+5'
UNZ+1+5'
```

B.22. Uniquely Identifying a Transmission and Messaging Order

Aircraft operators are required to provide passenger data for the following events to DHS as they may occur on a particular passenger reservation. Each must be reported to DHS on separate PAXLST messages in the order in which they occur.

- Adds
- Updates (Qualified and Non-Qualified)
- Reduction in Party
- Cancellation of Reservation

This reporting requirement is accommodated and identified through the use of the Transaction Reference Number (TRN) and message sequence number, both mapped to RFF segment. When provided, the RFF in its entirety will be echoed back in the CUSRES message.

Note: Use of the TRN and the message sequence number for chronological representation is optional. The use of the message sequence number for subsequent message processing is supported by Secure Flight only.

Data Element	Sub-elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Transaction Reference Number	 Reference code qualifier Reference identifiers Revision identifiers 	Entire segment is conditional/ optional. Used at the discretion of the Aircraft Operator to manage		Group 0 RFF + TN / 1154

messages

Table 15: Transmission and Sequence of Order Identifiers

Transaction Reference Number

The value in this data element represents a TRN that may be used by the aircraft operator system to track/reconcile responses from DHS air passenger reporting systems. The value in this element will be returned in the DHS response message (CUSRES) within the RFF segment in that message. Up to 25 bytes of data may be sent in this element. The value assigned by the aircraft operator may contain alpha and numeric characters, and may include pound sign (#), dash (-), and period (.).

Message Sequence Number

The numeric value in this data element may be used to identify the sequence of the message as relates to chronological updates applied to the same passenger manifest. The sequence number must be a non-zero value and should be incremented by +1 to reflect the implied revision sequence to the manifest.

Common Access Reference

This element appears on the UNH segment and may be used as a message response verification reference similar to that of the TRN identified above. The value sent by the aircraft operator in this data element will be returned similarly on the UNH segment within the CUSRES Response message.

Message Example

The following domestic messages highlight the usage of the Transaction Reference Number and the Message Sequence Number within the RFF segment.

The following examples depict the sequence of two transmissions. The 1st transmission contains a passenger name. The 2nd transmission contains additional information collected on the passenger. The order of events (e.g., initial data collection, followed by additional collection) is communicated using the message sequence number.

1st Transmission:

Collection of Passenger Itinerary and name information for a specific reservation. Aircraft operator assigns a Transaction Reference Number of "AJYTR1070219" to the transmission for system tracking purposes. The following example assumes that this is the first transmission for this passenger reservation number of "Z2JM6O". The message sequence number is initialized to "1".

IINA·+ ?

UNB+UNOA:4+APIS*ABE+USADHS+070218:1545+000000001++USADHS' UNG+PAXLST+XYZ AIRLINES+USADHS+070218:1545+1+UN+D:05B'

UNH+PAX001+PAXLST:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+745' Passenger List

RFF+TN:AJYTR1070219:::1' Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

NAD+MS+++JOHN SMITH'

COM+703-555-1212:TE+703-555-4545:FX'

TDT+20+AA124+++AA' Flight number and Carrier Code

LOC+92+ORD' Departure Info

DTM+189:0702181840:201' Flight scheduled departure date/time

LOC+92+JFK' Arrival Info

DTM+232:0702181955:201' Flight scheduled arrival date/time
NAD+FL+++BARRETT:TODD' Surname and First Name
LOC+178+ORD' Passenger started journey
LOC+179+JFK' Passenger's destination

RFF+AVF:Z2JM6O' Passenger identification (PNR)

RFF+ABO: ABC123' Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger reference identifier CNT+42:1' Represents the total passengers reported in this transmission. UNT+16+PAX001'

UNZ+1+000000001'

UNE+1+1'

2nd Transmission:

Aircraft operator now collects the date of birth and gender for passenger reservation number of "Z2JM6O". This type of data collection is classified, has a qualified change to the passenger reservation, and requires a 2nd transmission. Aircraft operator retains the Transaction Reference Number of "AJYTR1070219" for system tracking purposes and increments the message sequence number to '2'. The message type is a 'CP' – Change Passenger'.

UNA: +.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+APIS*ABE+USADHS+070218:1545+000000001++USADHS' UNG+PAXLST+XYZ AIRLINES+USADHS+070218:1545+1+UN+D:05B'

UNH+PAX001+PAXLST:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+745+CP' 'Change' Passenger

RFF+TN:AJYTR1070219:::2' Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

NAD+MS+++JOHN SMITH'

COM+703-555-1212:TE+703-555-4545:FX'

TDT+20+AA124+++AA' Flight number and Carrier Code

LOC+92+ORD' Departure Info

DTM+189:0702181840:201' Flight scheduled departure date/time

LOC+92+JFK' Arrival Info

DTM+232:0702181955:201' Flight scheduled arrival date/time NAD+FL+++BARRETT:TODD' Surname and First Name

DTM+329:680223' Date of Birth

GEI+4+ZZZ' Verified Information

LOC+178+ORD' Passenger started journey

LOC+179+JFK' Passenger's destination

RFF+AVF:Z2JM6O' Passenger identification (PNR)

RFF+ABO:ABC123' Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger reference identifier CNT+42:1' Represents the total passengers reported in this transmission.

UNT+19+PAX001'

Gender

UNE+1+1' UNZ+1+000000001'

ATT+2++M'

The above examples demonstrate the usage of the message sequence number to reflect the implied revision sequence to the manifest. This method should also be used when transmitting:

- Non-Qualified Changes
- Reduction in party
- Cancellation of Reservation

B.23. Uniquely Identifying a Passenger

A Passenger Record Number Locator or equivalent unique identifier must be provided. This unique identifier will be used by DHS in the response message and any required acknowledgements from the aircraft operator. This requirement is accommodated through the usage of multiple RFF segments. A passenger name record locator must be provided using the RFF segment with a function qualifier of "AVF." If the passenger name record locator is not unique, or is not available, the aircraft operator must send a value in the RFF using a derived default value of up to 6 bytes of data. A Unique Passenger Reference (UPR) identifier must also be provided using the RFF segment with a function qualifier of "ABO". The value assigned by the aircraft operator for the UPR may contain alpha and numeric characters, and may include pound sign (#), dash (-), and period (.).

All RFF segments provided will be echoed back in their entirety within the CUSRES response message.

Data Element	Sub- elements	Conditions	Format / Values	PAXLST Segment(s) (+ Function Qualifier Code) / Element(s)
Passenger Name Record Locator		If available	Maximum of 6 characters. Alphabetic and numeric characters	Group 4 RFF + AVF / 1154
Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier		When Passenger Name Record Locator is not available or does not uniquely identify a passenger.	Maximum of 25 characters. Alphabetic and numeric characters	Group 4 RFF + ABO / 1154

Table 16: Passenger Unique Identifiers

Table 17: Passenger Unique Identifiers (RFF Segments)

Segment	Conditions for Usage
RFF+AVF	RFF+AVF contains PNR locator. RFF+ABO would contain
RFF+ABO	unique default value assigned by Aircraft Operator system.
RFF+AVF	RFF+AVF contains a group reservation PNR locator. The
RFF+ABO	RFF+ABO is used to uniquely identify a passenger within this
	group reservation
RFF+AVF	Aircraft operators without reservation numbers. RFF+AVF
RFF+ABO	would contain default value assigned by Aircraft Operator
	system.

The following domestic messages highlight the usage of the Passenger Name Record Locator and aircraft operator unique passenger reference identifier within the RFF segment.

Individual Reservation example. RFF+AVF uniquely identifies passengers RFF+ABO contains default value of '1'.

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+APIS*ABE+USADHS+070219:1545+3++USADHS'
UNG+PAXLST+XYZ AIRLINES+USADHS+070219:1545+3+UN+D:05B'

UNH+3+PAXLST:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+745' Passenger List

RFF+TN:AJYTR1070219:::1' Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

NAD+MS+++JOHN SMITH'

COM+703-555-1212:TE+703-555-4545:FX'

TDT+20+AA124+++AA' Flight number and Carrier Code

LOC+92+ORD' Departure Info

DTM+189:0702191840:201' Flight scheduled departure date/time

LOC+92+JFK' Arrival Info

DTM+232:0702191955:201' Flight scheduled arrival date/time
NAD+FL+++BARRETT:TODD' Surname and First Name

ATT+2++M' Gender
DTM+329:680223' Date of Birth

LOC+178+ORD' Passenger started journey

LOC+179+JFK' Passenger's destination

RFF+AVF:Z2JM6O' Passenger identification (PNR)

RFF+ABO:1 Default value assigned by Aircraft Operator system.

NAD+FL+++LANG:KRISTIN' Surname and First Name

ATT+2++F' Gender

DTM+329:600606' Date of Birth

LOC+178+ORD' Passenger started journey
LOC+179+JFK' Passenger's destination

RFF+AVF:Z2JM6P' Passenger identification (PNR)

RFF+ABO:1 Default value assigned by Aircraft Operator system.

CNT+42:2' Represents the total passengers reported in this transmission. UNT+24+3'

UNE+1+3' UNZ+1+3'

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Resulting CUSRES message

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+USADHS+APIS*ABE+070219:1545+3++USADHS'
UNG+CUSRES+USADHS+XYZ AIRLINES+070219:1545+3+UN+D:05B'

UNH+3+CUSRES:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+962'

RFF+TN:AJYTR1070219:::1' Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

RFF+AF:AA124' Flight number

DTM+189:0702191840:201' Flight scheduled departure date/time
DTM+232:0702191955:201' Flight scheduled arrival date/time

LOC+92+ORD' Departure Info
LOC+92+JFK' Arrival Info

ERP+2'

RFF+AVF:Z2JM6O' Passenger identification (PNR)

RFF+ABO:1 Default value assigned by Aircraft Operator system.

ERC+0Z' '0' Denotes passenger 'Clear' 'Z' Denotes ESTA status not applicable

ERP+2'

RFF+AVF:Z2JM6P' Passenger identification (PNR)

RFF+ABO:1 Default value assigned by Aircraft Operator system.

ERC+0Z' '0' Denotes passenger 'Clear' 'Z' Denotes ESTA status not applicable

UNT+15+3' UNE+1+3' UNZ+1+3'

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Group Reservation example. RFF+AVF are the same RFF+ABO uniquely identifies passengers.

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+APIS*ABE+USADHS+070219:1545+56++USADHS' UNG+PAXLST+XYZ AIRLINES+USADHS+070219:1545+1+UN+D:05B'

UNH+1+PAXLST:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+745' Passenger List

RFF+TN:AJYTR1070219:::1' Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

NAD+MS+++JOHN SMITH'

NAD+FL+++LANG:KRISTIN'

ATT+2++F'

UNT+26+1' UNE+1+1" UNZ+1+56'

COM+703-555-1212:TE+703-555-4545:FX'

TDT+20+AA124+++AA' Flight number and Carrier Code

LOC+92+ORD' Departure Info

DTM+189:0702191840:201' Flight scheduled departure date/time

LOC+92+JFK'

Flight scheduled arrival date/time DTM+232:0702191955:201' NAD+FL+++BARRETT:TODD' Surname and First Name

ATT+2++M' Gender DTM+329:680223' Date of Birth

LOC+178+ORD' Passenger started journey LOC+179+JFK' Passenger's destination

RFF+AVF:Z2JM6O' Passenger identification (PNR)

RFF+ABO:0577660515466' Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

Surname and First Name

Gender DTM+329:600606' Date of Birth

LOC+178+ORD' Passenger started journey LOC+179+JFK' Passenger's destination RFF+AVF:Z2JM6O' Passenger identification (PNR)

RFF+ABO:0577660515467' Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

CNT+42:2' Represents the total passengers reported in this transmission.

Uniquely identifies

passenger within

Group Reservation

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Resulting CUSRES message

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+USADHS+APIS*ABE+070219:1545+56++USADHS'
UNG+CUSRES+USADHS+XYZ AIRLINES+070219:1545+1+UN+D:05B'

UNH+1+CUSRES:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+962'

RFF+TN:AJYTR1070219:::1' Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

RFF+AF:AA124' Flight number

DTM+189:0702191840:201' Flight scheduled departure date/time
DTM+232:0702191955:201' Flight scheduled arrival date/time

LOC+92+ORD' Departure Info LOC+92+JFK' Arrival Info

ERP+2'

RFF+AVF:Z2JM6O' Passenger identification (PNR)

RFF+ABO:0577660515466' Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

ERC+0Z' '0' Denotes passenger 'Clear' 'Z' Denotes ESTA status not applicable

ERP+2'

RFF+AVF:Z2JM6O' Passenger identification (PNR)

RFF+ABO:0577660515467' Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

ERC+0Z' '0' Denotes passenger 'Clear' 'Z' Denotes ESTA status not applicable UNT+17+1'

UNE+1+1' UNZ+1+56

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No PNR available example: RFF+AVF is not available

RFF+ABO uniquely identifies passengers.

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+APIS*ABE+USADHS+070219:1545+123++USADHS' UNG+PAXLST+XYZ AIRLINES+USADHS+070219:1545+1+UN+D:05B'

UNH+123+PAXLST:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+745' Passenger List

RFF+TN:AJYTR1070219:::1' Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

NAD+MS+++JOHN SMITH'

COM+703-555-1212:TE+703-555-4545:FX'

TDT+20+AA124+++AA' Flight number and Carrier Code

LOC+92+ORD' Departure Info

DTM+189:0702191840:201' Flight scheduled departure date/time

LOC+92+JFK' Arrival Info

DTM+232:0702191955:201' Flight scheduled arrival date/time
NAD+FL+++BARRETT:TODD' Surname and First Name

ATT+2++M' Gender

DTM+329:680223' Date of Birth

LOC+178+ORD' Passenger started journey
LOC+179+JFK' Passenger's destination

RFF+AVF:123456' Unique value assigned by Aircraft Operator system consistent

with Record Locator data element

RFF+ABO:ABCDEF1234' Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

NAD+FL+++LANG:KRISTIN' Surname and First Name

ATT+2++F' Gender

DTM+329:600606' Date of Birth

LOC+178+ORD' Passenger started journey
LOC+179+JFK' Passenger's destination

RFF+AVF:123456' Unique value assigned by Aircraft Operator system consistent

with Record Locator data element

RFF+ABO:ABCDEF5678' Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

CNT+42:2' Represents the total passengers reported in this transmission.

UNT+24+123' UNE+1+1' UNZ+1+123'



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Resulting CUSRES message

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+USADHS+APIS*ABE+070219:1545+123++USADHS' UNG+CUSRES+USADHS+XYZ AIRLINES+070219:1545+1+UN+D:05B'

UNH+123+CUSRES:D:05B:UN:IATA'

BGM+962'

RFF+TN:AJYTR1070219:::1' Transaction Reference Number and Message Sequence number

RFF+AF:AA124' Flight number

DTM+189:0702191840:201' Flight scheduled departure date/time
DTM+232:0702191955:201' Flight scheduled arrival date/time

LOC+92+ORD' Departure Info LOC+92+JFK' Arrival Info

ERP+2'

RFF+AVF:123456' Default value assigned by Aircraft Operator system.

RFF+ABO: ABCDEF1234' Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

ERC+0Z' '0' Denotes passenger 'Clear' 'Z' Denotes ESTA status not applicable

ERP+2'

RFF+AVF:123456' Default value assigned by Aircraft Operator system.

RFF+ABO: ABCDEF5678' Aircraft Operator Unique Passenger Reference identifier

ERC+0Z' '0' Denotes passenger 'Clear' 'Z' Denotes ESTA status not applicable

UNT+15+123' UNE+1+1' UNZ+1+123'

Appendix C. U.S. State Codes

The following table contains valid U.S. State codes in ascending order by State Name. Some of these codes might not be valid for purposes of reporting the U.S. Destination Address. Refer to CBP regulations for details.

Table 18: U.S. State Codes

State Name/Description	Code
ALABAMA	AL
ALASKA	AK
AMERICAN SAMOA	AQ
APO/FPO MILITARY (ZIPS 090-098)	AE
APO/FPO MILITARY (ZIPS 340)	AA
APO/FPO MILITARY (ZIPS 962-966)	AP
ARIZONA	AZ
ARKANSAS	AR
CALIFORNIA	CA
CANTON & ENDERBURY ISLANDS	EQ
COLORADO	CO
CONNECTICUT	СТ
DELAWARE	DE
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	DC
FLORIDA	FL
FOREIGN COUNTRIES	XX
GEORGIA	GA
GUAM	GQ
HAWAII	HI
IDAHO	ID
ILLINOIS	IL
INDEPENDENT INDIAN NATION	II
INDIANA	IN
IOWA	IA
JOHNSTON ATOLL	JQ
KANSAS	KS
KENTUCKY	KY
LOUISIANA	LA
MAINE	ME
MARYLAND	MD
MASSACHUSETTS	MA
MICHIGAN	MI
MIDWAY ISLANDS	MQ
MINNESOTA	MN
MISSISSIPPI	MS
MISSOURI	MO
MONTANA	MT
NEBRASKA	NE
NEVADA	NV
NEW HAMPSHIRE	NH
NEW JERSEY	NJ

State Name/Description	Code
NEW MEXICO	NM
NEW YORK	NY
NORTH CAROLINA	NC
NORTH DAKOTA	ND
NORTH MARIANA ISLANDS	CQ
OHIO	OH
OKLAHOMA	OK
OREGON	OR
PENNSYLVANIA	PA
PUERTO RICO	RQ
RHODE ISLAND	RI
RYUKYU ISL - SO.	YQ
SOUTH CAROLINA	SC
SOUTH DAKOTA	SD
SWAN ISLANDS	SQ
TENNESSEE	TN
TEXAS	TX
TRUST TERRITORY OF PACIFIC ISLANDS	TQ
U.S. MISCELLANEOUS CARIBBEAN	BQ
U.S. MISCELLANEOUS PACIFIC ISLANDS	IQ
UNKNOWN - OTHER STATE	UN
UTAH	UT
VERMONT	VT
VIRGIN ISLANDS	VQ
VIRGINIA	VA
WAKE ISLAND	WQ
WASHINGTON	WA
WEST VIRGINIA	WV
WISCONSIN	WI
WYOMING	WY

Appendix D. Coding Rules for TSA Crew Member Reporting

D.1. Introduction

This appendix describes the requirements and rules for using APIS to report crew member data to comply with the Transportation Security Administration (TSA) requirements. Requirements are described for the electronic submission of:

- APIS Crew Manifests
- Master Crew List (MCL)

For the most part, these messages are coded the same way as for passenger manifests, as described in Appendix "A". However, there are some important differences that are described in this section.

D.1.1. Data Requirements

The following data elements shall be transmitted to fulfill both APIS crew manifest and Master Crew List (MCL) requirements:

- Flight Crew Status
- Last Name
- First Name
- Middle Name
- Date of Birth
- Gender
- Document Type
- Document Number
- Document Country Code
- Pilot License Number and Issuing Country Code
- Country of Residence
- Home Address
- Place of Birth

Refer to the table of MCL data elements and their coding rules in section 2.4 for more details.

D.1.2. APIS Crew Manifest

Aircraft operators shall communicate the following crew manifests for both passenger and cargo flights:

- Crew members of passenger and cargo flights arriving into the United States
- Crew members of passenger <u>and cargo</u> flights departing the United States
- Crew members of passenger and cargo flights overflying the United States
- Crew members serving on flights arriving internationally, with domestic continuance to other U.S. airports (foreign air carriers only)
- Crew members that serve on flights inside the United States with domestic continuance on to U.S. airports, prior to an international departure (foreign air carriers only)
- Crew changes for all such flights, except overflights.

Aircraft operators are required to identify each crew manifest by suffixing the flight number with one of the codes identified in Table 19, "Crew Manifest Flight Type Codes:"

Code Definition Passenger Flight, Regularly Scheduled Crew С CC Passenger Flight, Crew Change Cargo Flight, Regularly Scheduled Crew В ВС Cargo Flight, Crew Change Overflight, Passenger Flights Α D Overflight, Cargo Flights Domestic Continuance, Passenger Flight, Regularly Scheduled Crew Ε Domestic Continuance, Passenger Flight, Crew Change EC Domestic Continuance, Cargo Flight, Regularly Scheduled Crew F FC Domestic Continuance, Cargo Flight, Crew Change G Master Crew List, Add Record Master Crew List, Delete Record Н Master Crew List, Change Record

Table 19: Crew Manifest Flight Type Codes

The absence of one of the above Crew Manifest Flight Type Codes will designate the submission as a passenger manifest and not as a Crew Manifest.

Aircraft operators are required to identify the status of each crew member on a passenger or all-cargo flight. "Non-crew members" on all-cargo flights must also be reported and identified. Use one of the codes identified in Table 20 – "Status Identification Codes:"

Table 20: Status Identification Codes

Code	Definition
FM	"Crew members" include pilots, copilots, flight engineers, airline management
	personnel, cabin crew, and any relief or deadheading personnel in any of these
	categories.
CR1	Cockpit crew and individuals inside cockpit.
CR2	Cabin crew (e.g., flight attendants).
CR3	Airline operations management with cockpit access (e.g. instructors, safety
	personnel)
CR4	Cargo non-cockpit crew and "non-crew" members. This includes Aircraft
	Operator employees, family members, and persons transported for the safety of
	the flight (e.g., animal handlers) who are not classified as one of the "crew
	member" groups. Applies only to all-cargo flights.
CR5	Pilots on board but not on duty (e.g., deadhead)

Coding rules for crew member manifests are normally the same as for passenger manifests, as described in Appendix "A" with exceptions noted for crew members. (Also refer to specific business data element coding requirements listed in Section 2.7 / Table 10, "Coding Rules for Arrival Manifest Data – Crew and Non-Crew" and Section 2.8 / Table 11, "Coding Rules for Departure Manifest Data – Crew and Non-Crew".)

The following rules for coding the Group 3 Flight Itinerary are different enough to be described in this section:

Coding Rules: Group 3 – Flight Itinerary

There are some important differences in coding Group 3 between passenger manifests, crew member manifests, and Master Crew Lists. This section applies <u>only</u> to crew member manifests – passenger manifests are described in Appendix A.3 and Master Crew List coding rules are described in Appendix D.2.

This group is subordinate to Group 2. In the WCO/IATA/ICAO standard, it consists of 2 to 10 loops, each containing a LOC segment and 1 or 2 DTM segments. The LOC reports an airport in the flight's itinerary, and the DTM(s) report the scheduled Arrival and Departure date/time at that airport (in the local time zone).

<u>Maximum and minimum number of LOC – DTM loops</u>:

"Domestic Continuance" manifests:

A Domestic Continuance manifest is only required if: (a) the aircraft operator is a foreign air carrier; <u>and</u> (b) the flight arrives at or departs from a U.S airport; <u>and</u> (c) the crew list on the flight for any segment within the U.S. differs from the crew list when the flight crossed the U.S. border. (For example, an inbound flight picks up a crew member in the United States and proceeds to another U.S. airport, or a crew member on an outbound flight boarded at one U.S. airport then leaves the flight before the flight departs the United States). If this is not the case, a Domestic Continuance manifest is not needed – the flight is reported as a normal passenger or all-cargo flight, and

the maximum and minimum number of LOC-DTM loops is the same as that stated in Appendix A.3.

- All U.S. segments must be reported, using a Location Function Code Qualifier of "92". Report a maximum of 9 such airports. Only one foreign airport is reported:
 - On inbound flights, it is the airport of the last foreign departure before arrival in the United States, and has a Location Function Code Qualifier of "125."
 - On outbound flights, it is the airport of the first foreign arrival after departure from the United States., and has a Location Function Code Qualifier of "87."

"Overflight" manifests:

An overflight manifest overflies U.S. territory without ever landing at a U.S. airport. (It may land at a U.S. pre-clearance airport [e.g., Montreal, located in a foreign country].)

 Only report the airports where the flight lands immediately before and immediately after overflying U.S. territory, using Location Function Code Qualifiers "125" (location of departure) and "87" (location of arrival). Normally, there will only be 2 such airports.

"Progressive", Pre-clearance, and Final Destination airports:

- "Progressive" flights are considered the same as "domestic continuance" flights, and are coded using the rules in the "Maximum and minimum number of LOC-DTM Loops" section described above.
- "Pre-clearance" of inbound travelers is done at a few foreign airports before the flight departs for entry into the United States (for example, in Montreal for a flight to New York). These flights are coded using the same rules as Appendix A.3.
- Final destination is coded using the same rules as Appendix A.3.
- A flight that transits through the United States. must be reported as both an Inbound and an Outbound flight in two separate PAXLST messages.

Date/Time Reporting:

This follows the same rules as Appendix A.3.

Flights Transiting Through the United States

If a flight transits through the United States, it must be reported as <u>both</u> an Inbound flight and an Outbound flight in two separate PAXLST messages.

D.1.3. Master Crew List

Aircraft operators are required to electronically transmit a list via APIS of all employed crew members, using the same mechanism as used to transmit crew member(s) of scheduled flights. This electronic transmission does not constitute a real flight arrival, departure, or overflight. Its sole purpose is to allow TSA to electronically receive and "authorize" an aircraft operator's crew member(s). Crew members who have not been authorized prior to serving on one of the flight types in Table 10 – "Crew Manifest Flight Type Codes" may be detained upon arrival in the United States, and the Aircraft Operator may face penalties.

Coding rules for MCLs shall follow the UN/EDIFACT message syntax standards defined in this Implementation Guide. These are normally the same as for passenger manifests, as described in Appendix A with exceptions noted for crew members and MCLs. (Also, refer to Section 2.6 / Table 9, "Coding Rules for TSA Master Crew List Data" for requirements of specific data elements.) Following is a list of specific exceptions or clarifications to the Appendix A rules:

- In the UNB segment, Sender ID, for <u>all</u> senders, shall always read 'MCCL*TSA'. This is regardless of the Sender ID used for any other type of APIS transmission.
- In the BGM segment, Document Identifier will be "G" for adds (i.e., a new crew member), "H" for deletes (i.e., the crew member is to be removed from the MCL), or "I" for changes (to a previously filed crew member).
- In the TDT segment:
 - Flight Number format shall be 'cccxxMCL' where:
 - o 'ccc' is the aircraft operator's IATA code (either 2 or 3 characters)
 - 'xx' is a sequence number (01-99). The first MCL sent on a given day will have "01", the second "02", up to "99". (There is a limit of 99 MCL messages on any given day.)
 - A single transaction must not exceed 5,000 crew members. Multiple transactions shall be required for aircraft operators with an MCL that exceeds 5,000 crew members. As described above in the flight number format, the aircraft Operator shall increment the sequence number for each transaction that reports additional crew members on the same day.
- Group 3 Flight Itinerary:

Only 2 "airports" are coded:

- First "airport":
 - The LOC segment must have a Location Function Code Qualifier of "188" (for Filing Location), and a Location Name Code of "XXX".
 - The DTM segment must have a Location Function Code Qualifier of "554" (for Filing Date), and the current date in YYMMDD format. (If the date is formatted as CCYYMMDD, a Date/Time Period Format Code of "102" must follow the date.)

- Second "airport":
 - The LOC segment must have a Location Function Code Qualifier of "172" (for Reporting Location), and a Location Name Code of "TST".
 - The DTM segment must have a Location Function Code Qualifier of "554" (for Filing Date), and the current date in YYMMDD format. (If the date is formatted as CCYYMMDD, a Date/Time Period Format Code of "102" must follow the date.)
- Subsequent transactions that add, delete, or update crew members shall have DTM segment to report the date of when the addition, deletion, or update occurred.

D.2. Master Crew List Coding Examples

D.2.1. Master Crew List, Adding Crew Member Records

Description

This message is used to report additions to the list of crew members that might be assigned to one of the aircraft operator's flights for which manifests must be reported. Section D.1.2, Table 19 – "Crew Manifest Flight Type Codes" lists those types of flights. The coding rules for individual data elements are described in Section 2.6, Table 9, "Coding Rules for TSA Master Crew List (MCL) Data". (Note the use of 'USCSAPIS' identifier in the UNB Interchange Receiver ID element.)

Example

<u>Flight/Route</u>: Lufthansa is the foreign air carrier. There is no flight / route – the MCL is not for a specific flight. The TDT flight number is always the same for a given carrier, except for a sequence number within the date of the report (on Group 3 DTMs following the Group 3 LOCs). The Group 3 LOC segments have fixed values. Since the MCL is not for a specific flight, there is no itinerary for the crew members.

Information may have intentionally been omitted from this example for space considerations.

UNA:+.?'

UNB+UNOA:4+MCCL*TSA:ZZ+**USCSAPIS**:ZZ+040227:1235+000000001++APIS'

UNG+PAXLST+MCCL*TSA+USCSAPIS+040227:1235+1+UN+D:02B'

UNH+PAX001+PAXLST:D:02B:UN:CBP'

BGM+336+G' ("336" is always used on an MCL; "G" is an "Add")

NAD+MS+++GUNTHER STRAUSS'

TDT+20+**LH01MCL+++LH**' (Lufthansa, Sequence "01")

LOC+188+XXX'

DTM+554:040227' (Filing date of the MCL addition)

LOC+172+**TST**' DTM+554:040227'

NAD+FM+++SCHMIDT:JOHANN+LANGE STRASSE 5-9+FRANKFURT++RHEIN+GER'

(Includes home address)

ATT+2++M'

DTM+329:650716' LOC+174+GER'

LOC+180+GER+:::HAMBURG' (Place of Birth)

EMP+1+CR1:110:111' (Status details – pilot)

NAT+2+GER'

DOC+P+987345384' DTM+36:051021' LOC+91+GER'

DOC+L:**110:111**+12345678' (Document Type "L" for Pilot's License)

LOC+91+GER' (German-issued license)

CNT+**41**:1' (1 total crew reported on this MCL message) UNT+21+PAX001' (21 segments in UNH – UNT "message")

UNE+1+1'

UNZ+1+0000000011

D.2.2. Master Crew List, Deleting Crew Member Records

Description

This message is used to report deletions of crew members from a previously reported MCL (refer to section D.2.1 "Master Crew List, Adding Crew Member Records"). The data reported in this transaction will identify the crew member to be deleted. The BGM Document Identifier / Flight Type will have a suffix of "H" instead of "G".

Example

The following example represents a manifest that reports deletions of previously reported crew members. Only the BGM line is shown – all other aspects of the manifest are the same as in example D.2.1, and must be used for adequate processing.

BGM+336+H' ("336" is always used on an MCL; "H" is a "Delete")

Note: A crew member previously reported on an MCL will not be deleted unless an exact match can be found to a previous record. At minimum, this requires the following crew member identification:

- Last and First Names (and Middle, if previously reported)
- Date of Birth

Additional data elements will help ensure a successful deletion, and reduce the need to resolve duplicate or missing crew members. These elements include:

- Gender
- Document Type, Number, and Issuing Country Pilot License number and country of issuance

D.2.3. Master Crew List, Changing Crew Member Records

Description

This message is used to report changes to data values for crew members who have previously been reported on an MCL transaction (refer to section D.2.1 "Master Crew List, Adding Crew Member Records"). The data reported in this transaction will replace previously reported data, therefore <u>all</u> data elements must be reported, not just those being changed. Change records will resemble the "Master Crew List, Adding Crew member Records" transaction, but the BGM Document Identifier / Flight Type will have a suffix of "I" instead of "G."

Example

The following example represents a manifest that reports changes to previously reported crew members. Only the BGM line is shown – all other aspects of the manifest are the same as in example D.2.1, and must be used for adequate processing.

BGM+336+I'

("336" is always used on an MCL; "I" is a "Change")

D.3. Flight Manifest Coding Examples

D.3.1. Passenger Flight, Regularly Scheduled Crew

Description

This reports the crew members scheduled to work a flight. It must be filed no later than 1 hour before scheduled takeoff from the last foreign port of departure for the United States. The flight number has a suffix of "C". (Note the use of 'USCSAPIS' identifier in the UNB Interchange Receiver ID element.)

Example

Flight/Route: Quantas #123, SYD - HNL

The reported crew member (a pilot) is a Canadian citizen residing in the United States. Note the time difference of <u>more</u> than 1 hour between the UNB/UNG (12:35) and the departure DTM (15:40) segments. This example includes changes for new TSA crew requirements:

- Flight Type of "C" on the BGM (Passenger Flight, Regularly Scheduled Crew)
- Home address for crew members on Group 4 NAD
- Place of Birth on Group 4 LOC
- Status details code on Group 4 EMP
- Document (Group 5 DOC) and Place of Issue (Group 5 LOC) for Pilot's License

Information may have intentionally been omitted from this example for space considerations.

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+AIR1:ZZ+**USCSAPIS**:ZZ+040219:**1235**+000000001++APIS'

UNG+PAXLST+AIR1+USCSAPIS+040219:1235+1+UN+D:02B'

UNH+PAX001+PAXLST:D:02B:UN:IATA'

BGM+250+C' (This is a Crew list, with Flight Type "C")

NAD+MS+++JOHN SMYTHE'

TDT+20+UA123+++UA'

LOC+125+SYD'

DTM+189:080219**1540**:201' (Departure from Sydney at 15:40)

LOC+87+HNL'

DTM+232:0802200130:201'

NAD+FM+++CLARK:MICHAEL+123 E MAIN ST+NEW YORK+NY+10053+USA'

(Home address)

ATT+2++M'

DTM+329:720907' LOC+22+HNL' LOC+178+SYD'

LOC+179+HNL'

LOC+174+USA' (U.S. resident)
LOC+180+CAN+:::TORONTO+:::ONTARIO' (Place of Birth)

EMP+1+CR1:110:111' (Status "CR1" – cockpit crew)

NAT+2+CAN'

DOC+P+MB1402411' DTM+36:051021' LOC+91+CAN'

DOC+L:110:111+12345678' (Document Type "L" for Pilot's License)

LOC+91+CAN' (Canadian-issued license)

CNT+**41**:14' (14 crew on flight; "41" used for Crew)
UNT+25+PAX001' (25 segments in UNH – UNT "message")

UNE+1+1'

UNZ+1+0000000011

D.3.2. Passenger Flight, Crew Change

Description

A crew "change" means that an aircraft operator is submitting additional and/or replacement crew members for the flight less than 1 hour prior to the flight's departure (Do not report crew member deletions from the flight via APIS transmissions). A crew change does <u>not</u> represent data value changes, such as document number or address, for crew members who have already been reported for the flight.

It differs from a "Passenger Flight Regularly Scheduled Crew" manifest by having a BGM Flight Type Code of "CC". (*Note the use of 'USCSAPIS' identifier in the UNB Interchange Receiver ID element.*)

Example

Flight/Route: JL #16, NRT – SEA

A crew member has been added to a flight less than 1 hour before takeoff for the United States from the last foreign port of departure. Note the time difference of less than 1 hour between the UNB/UNG (15:20) and the departure DTM (15:40) segments. This example includes changes for new TSA crew requirements:

- Flight Type of "CC" on the BGM (Passenger Flight, Crew Change)
- Home address for crew members on Group 4 NAD
- Place of Birth on Group 4 LOC

Information may have intentionally been omitted from this example for space considerations.

```
UNA:+.? '
UNB+UNOA:4+AIR1:ZZ+USCSAPIS:ZZ+040219:1520+040219PXL0837++APIS'
UNG+PAXLST+AIR1+USCSAPIS+040219:1520+JLDC020319+UN+D:02B'
UNH+PAX001+PAXLST:D:02B:UN:IATA'
                                           (Start of 1<sup>st</sup> UNH – UNT "message")
BGM+250+CC'
                                           (Crew list – change)
NAD+MS+++YOSHIKAZU SUZUKI'
COM+81 3 555 1000 X519:TE+81 3 555 6789:FX'
TDT+20+JL16+++JL'
LOC+125+NRT'
                                           (Departure from Narita at 15:40)
DTM+189:0802191540:201'
LOC+87+SEA'
DTM+232:0802200130:201'
NAD+FM+++KAWASHIMA:TAKATSUGU+1100 WATER ST+SEATTLE+WA+97611+USA'
                                           (Home address)
ATT+2++M'
DTM+329:620907'
LOC+22+SEA'
LOC+178+NRT'
LOC+179+SEA'
LOC+174+USA'
LOC+180+JPN+:::OSAKA'
                                           (Place of Birth – no state/province name)
EMP+1+CR2:110:111'
                                           (Status "CR2" – flight attendant)
NAT+2+JPN'
DOC+P:110:111+KT2937AB7'
DTM+36:051021'
LOC+91+JPN'
CNT+41:14'
                                           (Crew count after change)
UNT+22+PAX001'
```

D.3.3. Cargo Flight, Regularly Scheduled Crew

Description

A cargo flight is one that does not transport paying passengers. APIS should never receive a passenger manifest for a cargo flight. However, any "non-crew members" on the flight (as described in Table 20 – "Status Identification Codes") must be reported on the crew manifest using a Group 4 NAD segment Party Function Qualifier Code ("Status") of "CR4."

A "Cargo Flight Regularly Scheduled Crew" manifest differs from a "Passenger Flight Regularly Scheduled Crew" manifest by having a Flight Type of "B" on the BGM.

Example

The only difference from example D.3.1 is the BGM segment.

BGM+**250+B**' (Flight Type of 'B' for cargo flight, scheduled crew)

D.3.4. Cargo Flight, Crew Change

Description

A crew "change" means that an aircraft operator is submitting additional and/or replacement crew members for the flight less than 1 hour prior to the flight's departure (Do not report crew member deletions from the flight via APIS transmissions). A crew change does <u>not</u> represent data value changes, such as document number or address, for crew members who have already been reported for the flight.

It differs from a "Cargo Flight, Regularly Scheduled Crew" manifest by having a Flight Type of "BC" on the BGM.

Also, all-cargo flight manifests must report any "non-crew" crew on board, using a Group 4 NAD segment Party Function Qualifier Code ("Status") of "CR4" (refer to Table 20 – "Status Identification Codes").

Example

The only difference from example D.3.2 is the BGM segment.

BGM+250+BC' (Flight Type of 'BC' for cargo flight, crew change)

D.3.5. Overflight, Passenger Flights

Description

An overflight is a flight that passes over U.S. airspace without ever landing at a U.S. airport. Flight Crew information is required for Overflights.

Note: The submission of Passenger information for Overflights is required by the TSA Secure Flight program.

The PAXLST for reporting crew on a overflight for a passenger flight is uniquely identified with:

- BGM+250+A
- LOC Segments containing non-U.S. airport locations

Example

The differences from example D.3.1 are the BGM segment, and no U.S. airport in the flight itinerary.

BGM+**250+A**' (Flight Type of 'A' for passenger overflight)

TDT+20+CA323+++CA'

LOC+125+YYZ' (Departure from Toronto)

DTM+189:0802190915:201'

LOC+87+MEX' (Arrival at Mexico City)

DTM+232:0802191357:201'

D.3.6. Overflight, Cargo Flights

Description

A cargo overflight is one that flies through U.S. airspace without ever landing at a U.S. airport. Only a crew manifest is required at this time.

An "Overflight Cargo" manifest differs from an "Overflight Passenger Flight" manifest by having a Flight Type of "D" on the BGM.

Also, all-cargo flight manifests must report any "non-crew" crew on board, using a Group 4 NAD segment Party Function Qualifier Code ("Status") of "CR4" (refer to table 20, "Status Identification Codes").

Example

The only difference from Passenger Flight Overflight example shown in D.3.5 is the coding of the BGM segment.

BGM**+250+D**' (Flight Type of 'D' for cargo overflight)

D.3.7. Domestic Continuance, Passenger Flight, Regularly Scheduled Crew

Description

For an arriving flight, a "domestic continuance" flight is one that flies to additional U.S. airports after the initial U.S. arrival airport. For a departing flight, a "domestic continuance" flight is one that lands at other U.S. airports before the U.S. port of final departure.

A separate Domestic Continuance manifest is <u>only</u> required if crew members will **differ between** the international and domestic segments of the flight – if the crew manifest is the same for all segments, no Domestic Continuance manifest is required. If one or more domestic continuance manifests are submitted, the flight itinerary must show the foreign port of departure and all U.S. airports flown to for the submitted manifest. The itinerary for each crew member being reported must show those airports where the crew member will embark and debark from the flight.

This type of manifest is used to report the crew members scheduled for a passenger flight prior to 1 hour before departure. This differs from an "Overflight Passenger" manifest by having a Flight Type of "E" on the BGM. (*Note the use of 'USCSAPIS' identifier in the UNB Interchange Receiver ID element.*)

Example

Flight/Route: Air France #789, CDG – JFK – ORD

The reported crew member (non-duty pilot) is joining the flight in New York for the flight segment to Chicago. The entire flight itinerary is reported, including the arrival and departure dates/times. The crew member's itinerary only shows the JFK – ORD segment. Note, the crew member is already in the United States, so there is no U.S. arrival port / LOC+22. This example includes changes for new TSA crew requirements:

- Flight Type of "E" on the BGM (Domestic Continuance, Passenger Flight, Regularly Scheduled Crew)
- Party Function ("Status") Qualifier Code on Group 4 NAD of "FM" (not "CRx").
- Home address for crew members on Group 4 NAD
- Place of Birth on Group 4 LOC
- Document (Group 5 DOC) and Place of Issue (Group 5 LOC) for Pilot's License

Information may have intentionally been omitted from this example for space considerations.

UNA:+.? '

UNB+UNOA:4+AIR1:ZZ+**USCSAPIS**:ZZ+040219:**0635**+000000001++APIS'

UNG+PAXLST+AIR1+USCSAPIS+040219:**0635**+1+UN+D:02B'

UNH+PAX001+PAXLST:D:02B:UN:IATA'

BGM+250+E' (This is a Crew manifest for Domestic Continuance,

passenger, scheduled crew)

NAD+MS+++JEAN BOISVERT'

TDT+20+AF789+++AF'

LOC+125+CDG'

DTM+189:080219**0945**:201' (Departure from Paris at 09:45)

LOC+87+JFK'

DTM+232:080220**1107**:201' (Arrival in New York at 11:07)

TDT+20+AF789+++AF'

LOC+92+JFK'

DTM+189:080219**1421**:201' (Departure from New York at 14:21) LOC+**92+ORD**' (Additional "routing" within U.S.) DTM+232:080220**1639**:201' (Arrival in Chicago at 16:39)

NAD+FM+++DUPONT:YVES+6 RUE VICTOR COUSIN+PARIS++75005+FRA'

(Home address)

ATT+2++M'

DTM+329:720907'

LOC+22+IAD' (Port of CBP Clearance)
LOC+178+JFK' (Port of Embarkation)
LOC+179+ORD' (Port of Debarkation)
LOC+174+FRA' (French resident)

LOC+180+FRA+:::BORDEAUX' (Place of Birth)

EMP+1+CR5:110:111' (Status "CR5" – "deadhead" pilot)

NAT+2+FRA'

DOC+P+123498701' DTM+36:051021' LOC+91+FRA'

DOC+L:110:111+12345678' (Document Type "L" for Pilot's License)

LOC+91+FRA' (French-issued license)

CNT+41:12'

UNT+25+PAX001'

UNE+1+1'

UNZ+1+0000000011

D.3.8. Domestic Continuance, Passenger Flight, Crew Change

Description

For an arriving flight, a "domestic continuance" flight is one that flies to additional U.S. airports after the initial U.S. arrival airport. For a departing flight, a "domestic continuance" flight is one that lands at other U.S. airports prior to the U.S. port of final departure.

A separate Domestic Continuance manifest is <u>only</u> required if crew members will **differ between** the international and domestic segments of the flight – if the crew manifest is the same for all segments, no Domestic Continuance manifest is required. If one or more domestic continuance manifests are submitted, the flight itinerary must show the foreign port of departure and all U.S. airports flown to for the submitted manifest. The itinerary for each crew member being reported must show those airports where the crew member will embark and debark from the flight.

This type of manifest is used when an aircraft operator is submitting additional and/or replacement crew members for the flight less than 1 hour prior to the flight's departure. (Do not report crew member deletions from the flight via APIS transmissions.) This differs from a "Domestic Continuance, Passenger Flight, Regularly Scheduled Crew" manifest by having a Flight Type of "EC" on the BGM.

Example

The difference from example G.3.7 is the BGM segment.

BGM+**250+EC**' (Flight Type of 'EC' for domestic continuance, passenger flight, crew change)

D.3.9. Domestic Continuance, Cargo Flight, Regularly Scheduled Crew

Description

For an arriving flight, a "domestic continuance" flight is one that flies to additional U.S. airports after the initial U.S. arrival airport. For a departing flight, a "domestic continuance" flight is one that lands at other U.S. airports prior to the U.S. port of final departure.

A separate Domestic Continuance manifest is <u>only</u> required if crew members will differ between the international and domestic segments of the flight – if the crew manifest is the same for all segments, no Domestic Continuance manifest is required. If one or more domestic continuance manifests are submitted, the flight itinerary must show the foreign port of departure and all U.S. airports flown to for the submitted manifest. The itinerary for each crew member being reported must show those airports where the crew member will embark and debark from the flight.

This type of manifest is used to report the crew members scheduled 1 hour prior to departure to work a cargo flight. This differs from a "Domestic Continuance, Passenger Flight, Regularly Scheduled Crew" manifest by having a Flight Type of "F" on the BGM.

Also, all-cargo flight manifests must report any "non-crew" crew on board, using an NAD segment Party Function Qualifier Code ("Status") of "CR4" (refer to Table 20 – "Status Identification Codes").

Example

The difference from example D.3.7 is the BGM segment.

BGM+**250+F**' (Flight Type of 'F' for domestic continuance, cargo, scheduled crew)

D.3.10. Domestic Continuance, Cargo Flight, Crew Change

Description

For an arriving flight, a "domestic continuance" flight is one that flies to additional U.S. airports after the initial U.S. arrival airport. For a departing flight, a "domestic continuance" flight is one that lands at other U.S. airports prior to the U.S. port of final departure.

A separate Domestic Continuance manifest is <u>only</u> required if crew members will **differ between** the international and domestic segments of the flight – if the crew manifest is the same for all segments, no Domestic Continuance manifest is required. If one or more domestic continuance manifests are submitted, the flight itinerary must show the foreign port of departure and all U.S. airports flown to for the submitted manifest. The itinerary for each crew member being reported must show those airports where the crew member will embark and debark from the flight.

This type of manifest is used when an operator is submitting additional and/or replacement crew members for the flight less than 1 hour prior to the flight's departure. (Do not report crew member deletions from the flight via APIS transmissions.) This differs from a "Domestic Continuance, Cargo Flight, Regularly Scheduled Crew" manifest by having a Flight Type of "FC" on the BGM.

Also, all-cargo flight manifests must report any "non-crew" crew on board, using an NAD segment Party Function Qualifier Code ("Status") of "CR4" (refer to Table 20 – "Status Identification Codes").

Example

The difference from example D.3.7 is the BGM segment.

BGM+**250+FC**' (Flight Type of 'FC' for domestic continuance, cargo, crew change)